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Technical Specification

Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM);
Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);
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CAMEL Application Part (CAP) specification
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### **Foreword**

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The present document identifies the 3G system specifications for Release 1999.

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

# 1 Scope

The present document specifies the CAMEL Application Part (CAP) supporting the third phase of the network feature Customized Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic. CAP is based on a sub-set of the ETSI Core INAP CS-2 as specified by EN 301 140-1 [39]. Descriptions and definitions provided by EN 301 140-1 [39] are directly referenced by this standard in case no additions or clarifications are needed for the use in the CAP.

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] ETSI ETR 186-2: "Intelligent Network (IN); Interaction between IN Application Protocol (INAP) and Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) signalling protocols; Part 2: Switching signalling requirements for IN Capability Set 2 (CS2) service support in a Narrowband ISDN (N-ISDN) environment".
- [2] ETSI ETS 300 008-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Signalling System No.7; Message Transfer Part (MTP) to support international interconnection; Part 1: Protocol specification [ITU-T Recommendations Q.701 (1993), Q.702 (1988), Q.703 to Q.706 (1993), modified]".
- [3] ETSI ETS 300 009-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Signalling System No.7; Signalling Connection Control Part (SCCP) (connectionless and connection-oriented class 2) to support international interconnection; Part 1: Protocol specification [ITU-T Recommendations Q.711 to Q.714 and Q.716 (1993), modified]".
- [4] ETSI ETS 300 121: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Application of the ISDN User Part (ISUP) of CCITT Signalling System No.7 for international ISDN interconnections (ISUP version 1)".
- [5] ETSI EN 300 196-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services; Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Part 1: Protocol specification".
- [6] ETSI ETS 300 287-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Signalling System No.7; Transaction Capabilities (TC) version 2; Part 1: Protocol specification [ITU-T Recommendations Q.771 to Q.775 (1993), modified]".
- [7] ETSI ETS 300 348: "Intelligent Network (IN); Physical plane for intelligent network Capability Set 1 (CS1) [ITU-T Recommendation Q.1215 (1993)]".
- [8] ETSI EN 300 356-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Signalling System No.7; ISDN User Part (ISUP) version 3 for the international interface; Part 1: Basic services [ITU-T Recommendations Q.761 to Q.764 (1997), modified]".
- [9] ETSI ETS 300 374-1:"Intelligent Network (IN); Intelligent Network Capability Set 1 (CS1); Core Intelligent Network Application Protocol (INAP); Part 1: Protocol specification".

[10]	ETSI EN 300 403-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Signalling network layer for circuit-mode basic call control; Part 1: Protocol specification [ITU-T Recommendation Q.931 (1993), modified]".
[11]	ETSI EN 301 070-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Signalling System No.7; ISDN User Part (ISUP) version 3 interactions with the Intelligent Network Application Part (INAP); Part 1: Protocol specification [ITU-T Recommendation Q.1600 (1997), modified]".
[12]	3GPP TS 24.008: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification (3GPP TS 24.008)".
[13]	3GPP TS 29.002: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification (3GPP TS 29.002)".
[14]	ISO 639 (1988): "Code for the representation of names of languages".
[15]	ISO 9545 (1989): "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Application Layer structure".
[16]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.71: "ISDN circuit mode switched bearer services".
[17]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.700: "Introduction to CCITT Signalling System No.7".
[18]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.710: "Signalling System No.7 - Simplified MPT version of small systems".
[19]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.762: "General function of messages and signals of the ISDN user part of signalling system no.7".
[20]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.763: "Formats and codes of the ISDN user part of Signalling System No.7".
[21]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.767: "Application of the ISDN user part of CCITT Signalling System No.7 for international ISDN interconnections".
[22]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.850: "Usage of cause and location in the digital subscriber signalling system no.1 and the signalling system no.7 ISDN user part".
[23]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.932: "Digital subscriber Signalling System No.1 (DSS 1) - Generic procedures for the control of ISDN supplementary services".
[24]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.1224: "Distributed functional plane for intelligent network CS2".
[25]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.1225: "Physical plane for intelligent network CS2".
[26]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.1228: "Interface ITU-T Recommendation for intelligent network CS2".
[27]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.1290: "Glossary of terms used in the definition of intelligent networks".
[28]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.1400: "Architecture framework for the development of signalling and organization, administration and maintenance protocols using OSI principles".
[29]	CCITT Recommendation X.208: "Specification of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)".
[30]	CCITT Recommendation X.209: "Specification of basic encoding rules for Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)".
[31]	CCITT Recommendation X.219: "Remote operations: Model, notation and service definition".
[32]	CCITT Recommendation X.229: "Remote operations: Protocol specification".
[33]	ITU-T Recommendation X.680 ASN.1: "Information technology - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation".
[34]	ITU-T Recommendation X.690: "ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER)".

[35]	ITU-T Recommendation X.831: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Generic upper layers security: Security Exchange Service Element (SESE) service definition".
[36]	ITU-T Recommendation X.832: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Generic upper layers security: Security Exchange Service Element (SESE) protocol specification".
[37]	$ITU\text{-}T\ Recommendation\ X.880\  \ ISO/IEC\ 9072\text{-}1:\ "Information\ technology\ -\ Remote\ Operations:\ Concepts,\ model\ and\ notation".$
[38]	ETSI ES 201 296: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Signalling System No.7; ISDN User Part (ISUP); Signalling aspects of charging".
[39]	ETSI EN 301 140-5: "Intelligent Network (IN); Intelligent Network Application Protocol (INAP); Capability Set 2 (CS2); Part 1: Protocol Specification".
[40]	ANSI T1.112-1996: "American National Standards for Telecommunications- Signalling System Number 7 (SS7) - Signalling Connection Control Part (SCCP)".
[41]	CCITT Recommendation Q.713: "Specifications of Signalling System No.7; SCCP formats and codes".
[42]	3GPP TS 23.078: " Customised Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic (CAMEL) Phase 3 - Stage 2".
[43]	3GPP TS 29.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); GPRS Tunnelling Protocol (GTP) across the Gn and Gp Interface".
[44]	3GPP TS 23.032: "Universal Geographical Area Description (GAD)".
[45]	3GPP TS 24.011: "Point-toPoint (PP) Short Message Service (SMS); support on mobile radio interface".
[46]	3GPP TS 23.040: "Technical realization of the Short Message Service (SMS); Point-to-Point (PP)".
[47]	3GPP TS 22.024: "Description of Charge Advice Information (CAI)".
[48]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.773: "Specifications of Signalling System No.7; Transaction capabilities formats and encoding".
[49]	3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
[50]	ITU-T Recommendation Q.714: "Specifications of Signalling System No.7; Signalling Connection Control Part procedures".
[51]	3GPP TS 09.12: "Application of ISDN User Part (ISUP) version 2 for the ISDN-Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) signalling interface; Part 1: Protocol specification".
[52]	3GPP TS 22.115: "Service Aspects Charging and Billing".
[53]	ANSI T1.113-1995: "American National Standards for Telecommunications- Signalling System Number 7 (SS7) - ISDN User Part".

# 2.1 Specifications used for IMPORTs for CAP

The following table lists the modules from which CAP V3 imports. For each module, the table indicates in which formal specification this module can be found.

**Table 2-1: Module IMPORT specifications** 

Module Name	Specification	Ref
CS1-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-	ETS 300 374-1	[9]
network(1) modules(3) cs1-datatypes(2) version1(0)}		
CS2-datatypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-	EN 301 140-1	[39]
network(1) modules(3) in-cs2-datatypes (0) version1(0)}		
MAP-CommonDataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0)	3GPP TS	[13]
mobileDomain(0) gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-CommonDataTypes(18)	29.002	
version6(6)}		
MAP-MS-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)	3GPP TS	[13]
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-MS-DataTypes(11) version6(6)}	29.002	
MAP-CH-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)	3GPP TS	[13]
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-CH-DataTypes(13) version6(6)}	29.002	
MAP-ExtensionDataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0)	3GPP TS	[13]
mobileDomain(0) gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-ExtensionDataTypes(21)	29.002	
version6(6)}		
TCAPMessages (ccitt recommendation q 773 modules(2) messages(1)	ITU-T Q.773	[48]
version3(3)}		
Remote-Operations-Information-Objects {joint-iso-ccitt remote-operations(4)	ITU-T X.880	[37]
informationObjects(5) version1(0)}		
TC-Notation-Extensions (ccitt recommendation q 775 modules(2) notation-	ETS 300 287-1	[6]
extension (4) version1(1)}		

# 3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AC Application Context	
ACI Access Control Information	
AE Application Entity	
AEI Application Entity Invocation	
APDU Application Protocol Data Unit	
ASE Application Service Element	
ASN.1 Abstract Syntax Notation One	
BCSM Basic Call State Model	
BCUSM Basic Call Unrelated State Model	
BPIM Basic Primitive Interface Model	
C-ALG Data confidentiality algorithm	
CBC Connectionless Bearer Control	
CCF Call Control Function	
CS1 Capability Set 1	
CS2 Capability Set 2	
CSI CAMEL Subscription Information	
DP Detection Point	
DSS1 Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. 0	One
EDP Event Detection Point	
EDP-N Event Detection Point - Notification	
EDP-R Event Detection Point - Request	
FE Functional Entity	
FEAM Functional Entity Access Manager	
ffs for further study	
FSM Finite State Model	

GprsSSF GPRS SSF gsmSCF GSM SCF gsmSSF GSM SSF gsmSRF GSM SRF GT Global Title

GULS Generic Upper Layers Security I-ALG data Integrity ALGorithm

ID IDentifier

IEInformation ElementINIntelligent NetworkCAPCAMEL Application PartIPIntelligent Peripheral

ISDN Integrated Services Digital Network

ISUP ISDN User Part

K-ALG Key management ALGorithm

LE Local Exchange

MAC Message Authentication Code

MACF Multiple Association Control Function
MSC Mobile services Switching Centre

MTP Message Transfer Part NA North American

O-ALG One-way function ALGorithm

O-BCSM Originating BCSM

PCO Point of Control and Observation

PDU Protocol Data Unit
PE Physical Entity
PIA Point In Association
PIC Point In Call

PLMN Public Land Mobile Network

PSTN Public Switched Telecommunication Network

QOP Quality of Protection RCO Resource Control Object ROS Remote Operations Service

ROSE ROS Element

RRB Request Report BCSM Event
SACF Single Association Control Function

SAO Single Association Object

SCCP Signalling Connection Control Part

gsmSCFService Control FunctionSCPService Control PointSDLSystem Description LanguageSESESecurity Exchange Service Element

SL Service Logic

SLP Service Logic Program

SLPI Service Logic Program Instance SMSC Short Message Service Centre SMF Service Management Function

SPKM Simple Public Key GSS-API Mechanism

gsmSRF Specialized Resource Function **SRME** gsmSRF Management Entity gsmSRF Call State Model **SRSM** SS7 Signalling System no. 7 gsmSSF Service Switching Function **SSME** gsmSSF Management Entity Sub-System Number SSN Service Switching Point SSP Service To User Information **STUI** 

T-BCSM Terminating BCSM tbd to be determined TC Transaction Capabilities

TCAP Transaction Capabilities Application Part

TDP Trigger Detection Point

TDP-R Trigger Detection Point - Request

# 4 Interface specification for telecommunication services

#### 4.1 General

#### 4.1.1 Definition methodology

The definition of the protocol can be split into three sections:

- the definition of the Single Association Control Function (SACF)/Multiple Association Control Function (MACF) rules for the protocol;
- the definition of the operations transferred between entities;
- the definition of the actions taken at each entity.

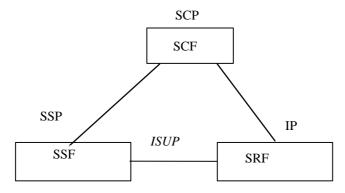
The SACF/MACF rules are defined in prose. The operation definitions are in Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1), see CCITT Recommendations X.208 [29], ITU-T Recommendation X.680 [33], and the actions are defined in terms of state transition diagrams. Further guidance on the actions to be performed on receipt of an operation can be gained from the description of the relevant information flow in ITU-T Recommendation Q.1224 [24].

The CAMEL Application Part (CAP) is a ROS Element (ROSE) user protocol (see CCITT Recommendation X.219 [31] and CCITT Recommendation X.229 [32]). The ROSE protocol is contained within the component sublayer of Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) (see ETS 300 287-1) and Digital Subscriber Signalling System No One (DSS1) (ITU-T Recommendation Q.932). At present the ROSE Application Protocol Data Units (APDUs) are conveyed in transaction sublayer messages in Signalling System no. 7 (SS7) and in the EN 300 403-1 REGISTER, FACILITY and call control messages in DSS1. Other supporting protocols may be added at a later date.

The CAP (as a ROSE user) and the ROSE protocol have been specified using ASN.1 (see ITU-T Recommendation X.680). The encoding of the resulting Protocol Data Units (PDUs) should use the Basic Encoding Rules (see ITU-T Recommendation X.690).

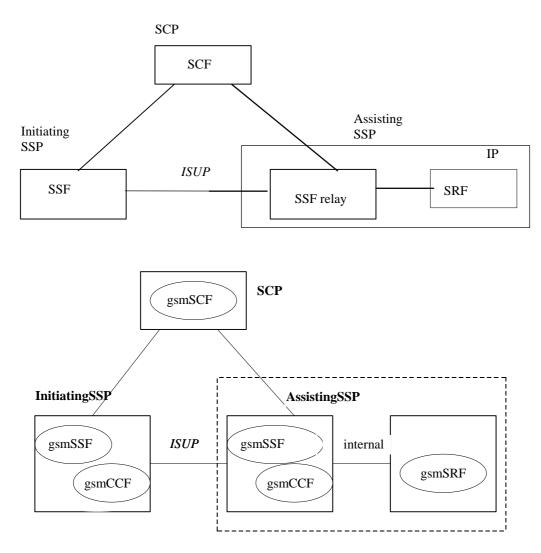
# 4.1.2 Example physical scenarios

The reader is referred to Intelligent Network Capability Set 1 (CS1) Core INAP [9] for details of the example physical scenarios.



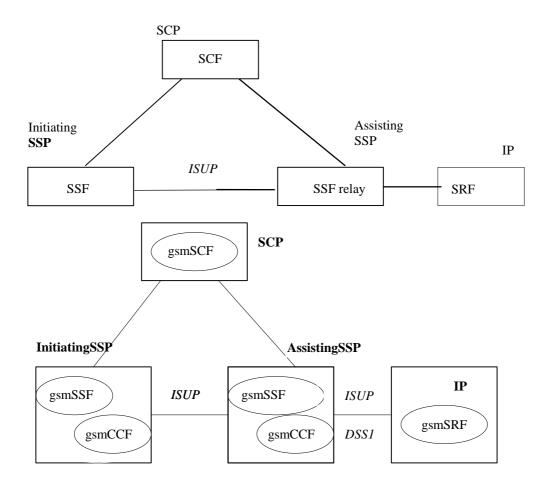
Scenario 1, Direct Path To IP (Ref. CS1 cases b) & d)).

Figure 4-1: Scenarios



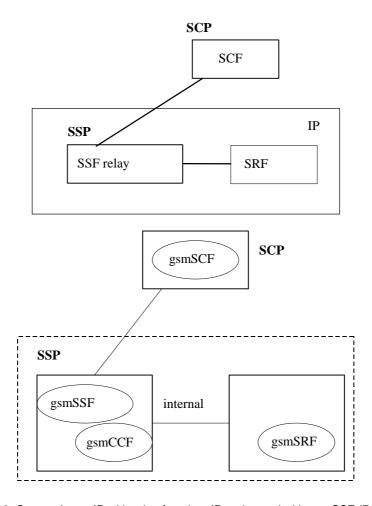
Scenario 2a, Connection to IP via an Assisting SSF with relay function; IP co-located with Assisting gsmSSF (Ref. CS1 case c)).

Figure 4-1 (continued): Scenarios



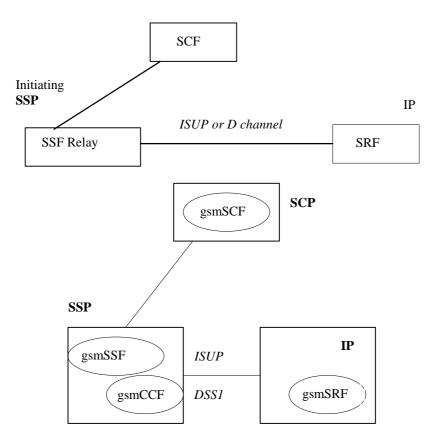
Scenario 2b: Connection to IP via an Assisting SSF with relay function; IP not co-located with Assisting gsmSSF (Ref CS1 case c)).

Figure 4-1 (continued): Scenarios



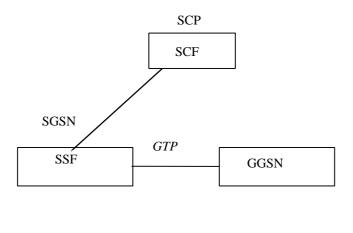
Scenario 3, Connection to IP with relay function; IP co-located with gsmSSF (Ref CS1 case a)).

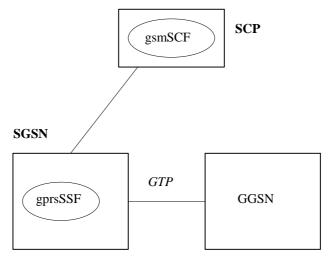
Figure 4-1 (continued): Scenarios



Scenario 4. Connection to IP with relay function; IP not co-located with gsmSSF (Ref CS1 case a)).

Figure 4-1 (continued): Scenarios





Scenario 5, GPRS interworking. No connection to IP.

Figure 4-1 (concluded): Scenarios

The following table summarises the scenarios and corresponding interface connections that shall be supported by the CAP protocol. The following terms used in the table are defined as follows:

Basic: Fully defined in CAP and may be used between any two network operators supporting CAP

Bilateral: Additional clarifications of CAP capabilities between network operators and/or equipment vendors are

necessary in order for CAP to be used between any two network operators supporting CAP.

Direct: This refers to the case where CAP operations are exchanged between the gsmSRF and the gsmSCF via a transaction-level relationship established directly between the gsmSRF and the gsmSCF.

Relay: This refers to the case where CAP operations are exchanged between the gsmSRF and the gsmSCF via two transaction-layer relationships. These relationships are:

- gsmSCF to/from gsmSSF;

- gsmSSF to/from gsmSRF.

The gsmSSF sends operations it receives from the gsmSCF to the gsmSRF, and operations it receives from the gsmSRF to the gsmSCF. This is done without unpacking (and thus processing) of the relayed operations.

The gsmSSF function referred to in the table is always located in an MSC or GMSC.

The gprsSSF function is always located in a SGSN node.

Table 4-1

Scenario	Interface Support						
	GsmSSF to/from gsmSCF	GsmSSF to/from gsmSRF	gsmSSF to/from assisting SSF	gsmSRF to/from gsmSCP	assisting SSF to/from gsmSCF		
Scenario 1	90001	gomera	accioung co.	90001	90.11001		
gsmSRF in IP connected to gsmSSF in MSC/GMSC via ISUP and accessed by gsmSCF through direct Signalling System No.7 Connection	See Note 1	See Note 2	-	See Notes 3 and 6. For gsmSRF in VPLMN see Note 4; For gsmSRF in HPLMN see note 5	-		
Scenario 2a							
assisting gsmSSF in MSC/GMSC connected to gsmSSF in MSC/GMSC via ISUP. Assisting gsmSSF is accessed by gsmSCF through direct Signalling System No.7 Connection.  gsmSRF is co-located with assisting gsmSSF and accessed (by gsmSCF) by relay via assisting gsmSSF over an internal nodal interface	See Note 1 For gsmSRF in VPLMN see Notes 4 and 6; For gsmSRF in HPLMN see note 5 and 6	-	See Note 2	-	See Note 3		
Scenario 2b							
assisting gsmSSF in MSC/GMSC connected to gsmSSF in MSC/GMSC via ISUP. Assisting gsmSSF is accessed by gsmSCF through direct Signalling System No.7 Connection	See Note 1		See Note 2	-	See Note 3		
gsmSRF is in IP connected to assisting gsmSSF and accessed (by gsmSCF) by relay through ISUP or DSS1 via assisting SSF	See Notes 4 and 6	See Notes 4 and 6					
Scenario 3							
gsmSRF is co-located with a gsmSSF in an MSC/GMSC and accessed by relay via gsmSSF over an internal nodal interface	For gsmSRF in VPLMN see Notes 4; For gsmSRF in HPLMN see notes 5 and 6	-	-	-	-		
Scenario 4							
gsmSRF in IP connected to gsmSSF and accessed by gsmSCF by relay through ISUP or DSS1 via gsmSSF	See Notes 4 and 6	See Notes 4 and 6	-	-	-		

NOTE 1: Basic for establishment of interface when CorrelationID and SCFiD are transferred in the AssistingSSPIPRoutingAddress. Bilateral when CorrelationID and SCFiD are transferred by other means than in the AssistingSSPIPRoutingAddress.

NOTE 2: Basic for establishment of interface when CorrelationID and SCFiD are transferred in the Called Party Number. Bilateral when CorrelationID and SCFiD are transferred by other means than in the Called Party Number.

NOTE 3: Basic when the full Called Party Number received in VPLMN or HPLMN is transferred on its own in the AssistRequestInstructions operation CorrelationID parameter to a gsmSCF in HPLMN.

Bilateral when CorrelationID is extracted from Called Party Number in HPLMN/VPLMN and transferred on its own in AssistRequestInstructions CorrelationID field to a gsmSCF in HPLMN.

- NOTE 4: Bilateral for the playing of announcements via elementaryMessageIDs and variableMessages, playing of tones and the collection of DTMF digits.
- NOTE 5: Basic for the playing of announcements via elementaryMessageIDs and variableMessages, playing of tones and the collection of DTMF digits.
- NOTE 6: Bilateral for the playing of announcements via text to speech translation, translation of DTMF digits via speech to caller and the translation of voice to digits.

#### 4.1.3 CAP protocol architecture

Many of the terms used in this subclause are based on the OSI application layer structure as defined in ISO 9545.

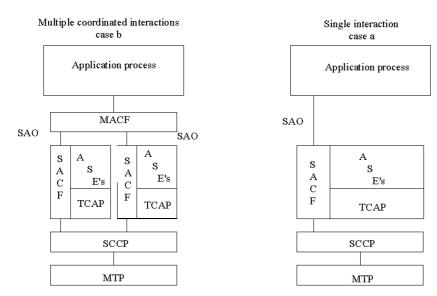
The CAP protocol architecture is illustrated in figure 4-2.

A PE has either single interactions (case a) or multiple co-ordinated interactions (case b) with other PE.

In case a, SACF provides a co-ordination function in using ASE's, which includes the ordering of operations supported by ASE(s), (based on the order of received primitives). The Single Association Object (SAO) represents the SACF plus a set of ASE's to be used over a single interaction between a pair of PE's.

In case b, MACF provides a co-ordinating function among several SAO's, each of which interacts with an SAO in a remote PE.

Each ASE supports one or more operations. Description of each operation is tied with the action of corresponding FE modelling (see ITU-T Recommendation Q.1224 and clause 11 of the present document). Each operation is specified using the OPERATION macro described in figure 4-3.



NOTE: CAP is the collection of all specifications in ASEs.

Figure 4-2: CAP protocol architecture

#### INAP User ASE's xyz OPERATION ARGUMENT {Parameter1, Parameter2,...} RESULT {Parameter1, Parameter2,...} LINKED {operation3, operation4,...} ERRORS {error1, error2....} Operations to peer Results error1 ERROR **Frrors** PARAMETER {Parameter6, Parameter7,...} TCAP ASE INVOKE **RETURN RESULT** COMPONENT SUB-LAYER to peer **RETURN ERROR** REJECT **BEGIN** TRANSACTION SUB-LAYER CONTINUE to peer **END** ABORT UNIDIRECTIONAL

Figure 4-3: Operation description

#### 4.1.4 Compatibility mechanisms used for CAP

#### 4.1.4.1 Introduction

This subclause specifies the compatibility mechanisms that shall be used for CAP.

CONNECTIONLESS SCCP

Two major categories of compatibility are handled by these mechanisms:

- compatibility with the ITU-T Recommendation Q.1228 [26] version of CS2 INAP and the specification EN 301 140 -1 version of CS2 INAP [39];
- compatibility with future versions of CAP.

The second category has three subcategories of compatibility dealt within this subclause:

- Minor changes to CAP in future standardized versions:
  A minor change can be defined as a change of a functionality which is not essential for the requested IN service.
  Where it is a modification of an existing function, it is acceptable that the addressed function is executed in either the older or the modified variant. If the change is purely additional, it is acceptable that it is not executed at all and that the peer Application Entity (AE) need not know about the effects of the change. For minor changes, a new AC is not required.
- Major changes to CAP in future standardized versions:
   A major change can be defined as a change of a functionality which is essential for the requested IN service.
   Where it is a modification of an existing function, both application entities shall have a shared knowledge about the addressed functional variant. If the change is purely additional, the requested IN service will not be provided if one of the application entities does not support the additional functionality. For major changes, a new AC is required.

Network-specific changes to CAP:
 These additions may be of either the major or minor type for a service. No new AC is expected to be defined for this type of change. At the time of definition, the additions would not be expected to be included in identical form in future versions of the 3GPP TS.

#### 4.1.4.2 Definition of CAP compatibility mechanisms

# 4.1.4.2.1 Compatibility mechanism for interworking of CAP with ETSI CS2 Core INAP and ITU-T Q.1228 INAP

On receipt of an operation according to ITU-T Recommendation Q.1228 [26] or an operation according to EN 301 140-1 [39], which is not part of the CAP or is part of the CAP but which contains parameters which are not part of the CAP:

- the gsmSSF, gsmSCF, assistingSSF and gsmSRF shall apply the normal error handling for unknown operations or parameters, i.e. the normal error handling procedures as specified in clause 10 shall be followed.

Tagging of CAP additions to ITU-T Recommendation Q.1228 [26] and EN 301 140-1 [39] are specified from 50 to 59.

#### 4.1.4.2.2 Procedures for major additions to CAP

In order to support the introduction of major functional changes, the protocol allows a synchronization between the two applications with regard to which functionality is to be performed. This synchronization takes place before the new function is invoked in either application entity, in order to avoid complicated fall-back procedures.

#### 4.1.4.2.3 Procedures for minor additions to CAP

The extension mechanism marker shall be used for future standardized minor additions to CAP. This mechanism implements extensions by including an "extensions marker" in the type definition. The extensions are expressed by optional fields that are placed after the marker. When an entity receives unrecognized parameters that occur after the marker, they are ignored (see ITU-T Recommendation X.680 [33]).

#### 4.1.4.2.4 Procedures for inclusion of network specific additions to CAP

This mechanism is based on the ability to explicitly declare fields of any type via the Macro facility in ASN.1 at the outermost level of a type definition. It works by defining an "ExtensionField" that is placed at the end of the type definition. This extension field is defined as a set of extensions, where an extension can contain any type. Each extension is associated with an identification that unambiguously identifies the extension. Refer to ITU-T Recommendation Q.1400 [28] for a definition of this mechanism.

## 4.1.5 Definition And Usage Of LegID

#### 4.1.5.1 Definition Of LegID

In CAP V.3, two types of LegID may be exchanged between the gsmSCF and the gsmSSF. These are:

- Sending Side LegID; and
- Receiving Side LegID.

Sending Side LegID is always used in operations sent from the gsmSCF to the gsmSSF, and Receiving Side LegID is always used in operations sent from the gsmSSF to the gsmSCF.

#### 4.1.5.2 Allocation Of LegID

For all operations containing a LegID:

- LegID = 1 shall always refer to the Calling Party, more specifically that party in the call present when InitialDP is sent to the gsmSCF;

- LegID = 2 shall always refer to the Called Party, more specifically that party in the call created as a result of the Connect, Continue or ContinueWithArgument operations.

#### 4.2 SACF/MACF rules

#### 4.2.1 Reflection of TC AC

TC AC negotiation rules require that the proposed AC, if acceptable, is reflected in the first backwards message.

NOTE: If the gsmSSF, gprsSSF or smsSSF provides an AC which is not acceptable to the gsmSCF, then an alternate AC shall not be returned. If the AC presented to the gsmSCF is not acceptable then this is most probably due to an error in subscriber data provisioning or an error at the gsmSSF, gprsSSF or smsSSF.

#### 4.2.2 Sequential/parallel execution of operations

In some cases it may be necessary to distinguish whether operations should be performed sequentially or in parallel (synchronized). Operations which may be synchronized are:

- charging operations; may be synchronized with any other operation.

The method of indicating that operations are to be synchronized is to include them in the same message. Where one of the operations identified above is not to be executed until some other operation has progressed to some extent or finished, the sending PE (usually SCP) shall control this by sending the operations in two separate messages.

This method does not imply that all operations sent in the same message have to be executed simultaneously, but simply that where it could make sense to do so (in the situations identified above) the operations should be synchronized.

In case of inconsistency between the above-mentioned generic rules and the FE-specific rules, as specified in clause 9, the FE-specific rules take precedence over the generic rules.

# 5 Common CAP Types

# 5.1 Data types

```
-- The Definition of Common Data Types follows
CAP-datatypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1)
modules(3) cap-datatypes(52) version3(2)
  This module contains the type definitions for the CAP v.3 data types.
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    Duration,
    Integer4
    Interval,
    LegID,
    ServiceKey
FROM CS1-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) inDomain(1) in-network(1)
modules(0) cs1-datatypes(2) version1(0)}
    BothwayThroughConnectionInd,
    CriticalityType,
    MiscCallInfo
FROM CS2-datatypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) inDomain(1) in-network(1) cs2(20) modules(0) in-cs2-datatypes(0) version1(0)}
    ISDN-AddressString,
    Ext-BasicServiceCode,
    NAEA-CIC
FROM MAP-CommonDataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-CommonDataTypes(18) version6(6)}
    Ext-QoS-Subscribed,
    GeographicalInformation,
```

```
GSN-Address,
     LocationInformation,
     LSAIdentity,
     OoS-Subscribed.
     SubscriberState
FROM MAP-MS-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-MS-DataTypes(11) version6(6)}
     CallReferenceNumber,
     SuppressionOfAnnouncement
FROM MAP-CH-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-CH-DataTypes(13) version6(6)}
     tc-Messages,
     classes
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
     TCInvokeIdSet
FROM TCAPMessages tc-Messages
     EXTENSION.
     PARAMETERS-BOUND,
     SupportedExtensions
FROM CAP-classes classes
     ExtensionContainer
FROM MAP-ExtensionDataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-ExtensionDataTypes(21) version6(6)}
AccessPointName {PARAMETERS-BOUND: bound}::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
bound.&minAccessPointNameLength .. bound.&maxAccessPointNameLength))
-- Indicates the AccessPointName, refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [12] for the encoding.
-- It shall be coded as in the value part defined in 3GPP TS 24.008,
-- i.e. the 3GPP TS 24.008 IEI and 3GPP TS 24.008 octet length indicator
-- shall not be included.
AChBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (bound.&minAChBillingChargingLength .. bound.&maxAChBillingChargingLength)) (CONSTRAINED BY {-- shall be the result of the BER-encoded value of the type -- CAMEL-AChBillingChargingCharacteristics {bound}})

-- The AChBillingChargingCharacteristics parameter specifies the charging related information
-- to be provided by the gsmSSF and the conditions on which this information has to be reported
-- back to the gsmSCF with the ApplyChargingReport operation. The value of the
-- AChBillingChargingCharacteristics of type OCTET STRING carries a value of the ASN.1 data type:
-- CAMEL-AChBillingChargingCharacteristics. The normal encoding rules are used to encode this
-- value.
-- The violation of the UserDefinedConstraint shall be handled as an ASN.1 syntax error.
AdditionalCallingPartyNumber {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} -- Indicates the Additional Calling Party Number.
                                                                              ::= Digits {bound}
                                                                          ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(3))
-- Indicates a specific pattern that is used to alert a subscriber
-- (e.g. distinctive ringing, tones, etc.).
-- The encoding of the last octet of this parameter is as defined in 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].
-- Only the trailing OCTET is used, the remaining OCTETS shall be sent as NULL (zero) -- The receiving side shall ignore the leading two OCTETS.
AOCBeforeAnswer
                                                ::= SEOUENCE {
                                                     [0] CAI-GSM0224,
     a0CInitial
     a0CSubsequent
                                                     [1] AOCSubsequent
                                                                                                          OPTIONAL
AOCGPRS
                                                ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                     [0] CAI-GSM0224,
[1] AOCSubsequent
     aOCInitial
     aOCSubsequent
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL
AOCSubsequent
                                                ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                     [0] CAI-GSM0224 ,
[1] INTEGER (1..86400)
     cAI-GSM0224
     tariffSwitchInterval
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL
-- tariffSwitchInterval is measured in 1 second units
AppendFreeFormatData
                               ::= ENUMERATED {
     overwrite (0),
     append
                          (1)
ApplicationTimer
                                                                           ::=INTEGER (0..2047)
   Used by the gsmSCF to set a timer in the gsmSSF. The timer is in seconds.
AssistingSSPIPRoutingAddress {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                               ::= Digits {bound}
-- Indicates the destination address of the gsmSRF for the assist procedure.
```

```
BackwardServiceInteractionInd
      -- if absent from Connect or ContinueWithArgument,
      -- then CAMEL service does not affect conference treatement
      callCompletionTreatmentIndicator [2] OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) OPTIONAL,
      -- acceptCallCompletionServiceRequest 'xxxx xx01'B,
-- rejectCallCompletionServiceRequest 'xxxx xx10'B
      -- rejectCallCompletionServiceRequest 'xxxx xx10'B
-- if absent from Connect or ContinueWithArgument,
-- then CAMEL service does not affect call completion treatment
BasicGapCriteria {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
  calledAddressValue    [0] Digits {bound},
  gapOnService    [2] GapOnService,
                                                                                                   ::= CHOICE {
                                                [29] SEQUENCE {
   [0] Digits {bound},
   [1] ServiceKey,
      calledAddressAndService
            calledAddressValue
            serviceKey
      -- Both calledAddressValue and callingAddressValue can be
-- incomplete numbers, in the sense that a limited amount of digits can be given.
-- For the handling of numbers starting with the same digit string refer to the detailed
-- procedure of the CallGap operation
BCSMEvent ::= SEQUENCE {
                                     [0] EventTypeBCSM,
      eventTypeBCSM
      monitorMode
                                     [1] MonitorMode,
[2] LegID
      legID
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
      dpSpecificCriteria [30] DpSpecificCriteria
                                                                                                          OPTIONAL
-- Indicates the BCSM Event information for monitoring.
BearerCapability {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= CHOICE {
   bearerCap
       [0] OCTET STRING (SIZE(2..bound.&maxBearerCapabilityLength))
-- Indicates the type of bearer capability connection to the user. For bearerCap, the ISUP User -- Service Information, ETS 300 356-1 [8]
-- encoding shall be used.
CAT-GSM0224
                                                        ::= SECUENCE {
                                                              [0] INTEGER (0..8191)
[1] INTEGER (0..8191)
      e1
                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
      e2
      e3
                                                              [2] INTEGER (0..8191)
                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                                              [3] INTEGER (0..8191)
      e4
                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                                               [4] INTEGER (0..8191)
      e5
                                                              [5] INTEGER (0..8191)
[6] INTEGER (0..8191)
      еб
                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL.
      e7
                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL
-- Indicates Charge Advice Information to the Mobile Station. For information regarding
-- parameter usage, refer to 3GPP TS 22.040 [26].
CalledPartyBCDNumber {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                              ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
bound.&minCalledPartyBCDNumberLength .. bound.&maxCalledPartyBCDNumberLength))
-- Indicates the Called Party Number, including service selection information.
-- Refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [12]
-- for encoding. This data type carries only the "type of number", "numbering plan
-- identification" and "number digit" fields defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [12];
-- it does not carry the "called party
-- BCD number IEI" or "length of called party BCD number contents".
CalledPartyNumber {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                          ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
bound.&minCalledPartyNumberLength .. bound.&maxCalledPartyNumberLength))
-- Indicates the Called Party Number. Refer to ETS 300 356-1 [8] for encoding.
-- A CalledPartyNumber may contain national-specific values of the Nature of Address -- indicator. The filling-in of the national-specific Nature Of Address indicator -- values shall be done according to the national ISUP of the gsmSSF country, e.g.
-- ANSI T1.113-1995 [53].
-- In terms of ETS 300\ 356-1\ [8], the Destination Address Field is not present if the -- destination address length is set to zero. This is the case e.g. when the ANSI ISUP
-- Nature Of Address indicator indicates no number present, operator requested (1110100)
-- or no number present, cut-through call to carrier (1110101).
-- See also see 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].
CallingPartyNumber {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
    bound.&minCallingPartyNumberLength .. bound.&maxCallingPartyNumberLength))
-- Indicates the Calling Party Number. Refer to ETS 300 356-1 [8] for encoding.
CallResult {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
      bound.&minCallResultLength .. bound.&maxCallResultLength))
```

```
(CONSTRAINED BY \{--\text{ shall be the result of the BER-encoded value of type -CAMEL-CallResult <math>\{bound\}\})
-- The violation of the UserDefinedConstraint shall be handled as an ASN.1 syntax error.
-- This parameter provides the gsmSCF with the charging related information previously requested -- using the ApplyCharging operation. This shall include the partyToCharge parameter as -- received in the related ApplyCharging operation to correlate the result to the request
CAMEL-AChBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= CHOICE {
                                                        [0] SEQUENCE {
     timeDurationCharging
                                                              [0] INTEGER (1..864000),
[1] BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE,
               maxCallPeriodDuration
               releaseIfdurationExceeded
               tariffSwitchInterval
                                                              [2] INTEGER (1..86400)
                                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
               tone
                                                              [3] BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE,
               extensions
                                                              [4] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
               . . .
          }
     tariffSwitchInterval is measured in 1 second units.
     maxCallPeriodDuration is measured in100 millisecond units
CAMEL-CallResult {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
    timeDurationChargingResult
                                                             ::= CHOICE {
                                                        [0] SEQUENCE {
          partyToCharge
                                                              [0] ReceivingSideID,
          timeInformation
                                                              [1] TimeInformation,
          callActive
                                                              [2] BOOLEAN
                                                                                                 DEFAULT TRUE.
          callReleasedAtTcpExpiry
                                                              [3] NULL
                                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
          extensions
                                                              [4] Extensions {bound}
                                                                                                OPTIONAL.
     }
CAMEL-FCIBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= CHOICE{
     fCIBCCCAMELsequencel [0] SEQUENCE {
freeFormatData [0] OCTET STRING (SIZE(
bound.&minFCIBillingChargingDataLength .. bound.&maxFCIBillingChargingDataLength)),
partyToCharge [1] SendingSideID DEFAULT sendingSideID : leg1,
appendFreeFormatData [2] AppendFreeFormatData DEFAULT overwrite
CAMEL-FCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE{ fCIBCCCAMELsequence1 [0] SEQUENCE { freeFormatData [0] OCTET STRING (SIZE(
              bound.&minFCIBillingChargingDataLength .. bound.&maxFCIBillingChargingDataLength)),
          pDPID
                                         [1] PDPID OPTIONAL,
          {\tt appendFreeFormatData}
                                         [2] AppendFreeFormatData DEFAULT overwrite,
     }
CAMEL-FCISMSBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= CHOICE{
     fCIBCCCAMELsequence1 [0] SEQUENCE {
                                            [0] OCTET STRING (SIZE(
          freeFormatData
              bound.&minFCIBillingChargingDataLength .. bound.&maxFCIBillingChargingDataLength)), pendFreeFormatData [1] AppendFreeFormatData DEFAULT overwrite
          appendFreeFormatData
CAMEL-SCIBillingChargingCharacteristics ::= CHOICE {
     aOCBeforeAnswer
                                                         [0] AOCBeforeAnswer,
                                                         [1] AOCSubsequent
     aOCAfterAnswer
CAMEL-SCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics ::= SEQUENCE {
     aOCGPRS
                                                        [0] AOCGPRS,
     pDPID
                                                         [1] PDPID
                                                                            OPTIONAL.
Carrier {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
     bound.&minCarrierLength .. bound.&maxCarrierLength))
-- This parameter is only used for North America (na)
-- It contains the carrier selection field (first octet) followed by Carrier ID
-- information (North America (na)).
-- The Carrier selection is one octet and is encoded as:
-- 00000000
                    No indication
                    Selected carrier identification code (CIC) pre subscribed and not input by calling party
-- 00000001
-- 00000010
                    Selected carrier identification code (CIC) pre subscribed and input by
                    calling party
                    Selected carrier identification code (CIC) pre subscribed, no
-- 00000011
                    indication of whether input by calling party (undetermined) Selected carrier identification code (CIC) not pre subscribed and input by calling party
-- 00000100
-- 00000101
     to
                    Spare
```

```
-- 11111110
-- 11111111
                        Reserved
-- Refer to ANSI ISUP T1.113 [53] for encoding of na carrier ID information (3 octets).
Cause {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                     ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
bound.&minCauseLength .. bound.&maxCauseLength))
-- Indicates the cause for interface related information.
-- Refer to ETS 300 356-1 [8] Cause parameter for encoding.
-- For the use of cause and location values refer to ITU-T Recommendation Q.850 [22]
-- Shall always include the cause value and shall also include the diagnostics field,
-- if available.
CGEncountered
                                                                     ::= ENUMERATED {
      noCGencountered
                                            (0),
      manualCGencountered
      scp0verload
-- Indicates the type of automatic call gapping encountered, if any.
ChargeNumber {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= LocationNumber {bound}
-- Information sent in either direction indicating the chargeable number for the call and -- consisting of the odd/even indicator, nature of address indicator, numbering plan indicator,
-- and address signals.
-- Uses the LocationNumber format which is based on the Q.763 Location Number format
-- For example, the ChargeNumber may be a third party number to which a call is billed for
-- the 3rd party billing service. In this case, the calling party may request operator assistance
-- to charge the call to, for example, their home number.
-- For NA, this parameter uniquely identifies the chargeable number for a call sent into a North
-- American long distance carrier. It transports the ChargeNumber Parameter Field
-- as defined in ANSI ISUP T1.113 [53]. This provides
-- 1 octet for the nature of address indicator field, plus
-- 1 octet for a numbering plan field, plus
     - up to 5 octets for the address signal (up to 10 digits)
-- The Charge Number in ANSI T1.113 [53] normally contains a 10 digit national number within -- the North American Numbering Plan (NANP); longer (e.g. international) charge numbers are not -- supported in T1.113 [53].
                                                        ::= CHOICE {
[0] INTEGER (1..4294967295),
[1] INTEGER (1..86400)
ChargingCharacteristics
      maxTransferredVolume
      maxElapsedTime
-- maxTransferredVolume is measured in number of bytes
     maxElapsedTime is measured in seconds
                                                         ::= CHOICE {
[0] TransferredVolume,
ChargingResult
      transferredVolume
      elapsedTime
                                                        [1] ElapsedTime
                                                        ::= CHOICE {
[0] TransferredVolumeRollOver,
ChargingRollOver
      transferredVolumeRollOver
                                                        [1] ElapsedTimeRollOver
      elapsedTimeRollOver
-- transferredVolumeRollOver shall be reported if ApplyChargingReportGPRS reports volume and -- a roll-over has occurred in one or more volume counters. Otherwise, it shall be absent. -- elapsedTimeRollOver shall be reported if ApplyChargingReportGPRS reports duration and -- a roll-over has occurred in one or more duration counters. Otherwise, it shall be absent.
      ::= SEQUENCE {
maximumNbOfDigits [0] INTEGER (1..30) DEFAULT 1,
endOfReplyDigit [1] INTEGER (1..30),
endOfReplyDigit [2] Comparison
CollectedDigits
                                           [1] INTEGER (1..30) DEFAULT 1,

[2] OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..2)) OPTIONAL,

[3] OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..2)) OPTIONAL,

[4] OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..2)) OPTIONAL,
      cancelDigit
      startDigit
                                                                                              OPTIONAL,
                                            [5] INTEGER (1..127)
[6] INTEGER (1..127)
      firstDigitTimeOut
                                                                                              OPTIONAL,
      interDigitTimeOut
                                                                                              OPTIONAL,
                                                                                              DEFAULT stdErrorAndInfo,
DEFAULT TRUE,
DEFAULT FALSE,
      errorTreatment
                                            [7] ErrorTreatment
      interruptableAnnInd
                                           [8] BOOLEAN
[9] BOOLEAN
      voiceInformation
      voiceBack
                                            [10] BOOLEAN
                                                                                              DEFAULT FALSE
-- The use of voiceBack and the support of voice recognition via voiceInformation
-- is network operator specific.
-- The endOfReplyDigit, cancelDigit, and startDigit parameters have been
-- designated as OCTET STRING, and are to be encoded as BCD, one digit per octet
-- only, contained in the four least significant bits of each OCTET. The following encoding shall
-- be applied for the non-decimal characters:
-- 1011 (*), 1100 (#).
-- The usage is service dependent.
-- firstDigitTimeOut and interDigitTimeOut are measured in seconds.
                                                                     ::= CHOICE {
CollectedInfo
      collectedDigits
                                [0] CollectedDigits
ConnectedNumberTreatmentInd
                                                                     ::= ENUMERATED {
```

```
noINImpact
                                                    (0),
     presentationRestricted
                                                    (1),
     presentCalledINNumber
                                                    (2),
     presentCallINNumberRestricted
-- This parameter is used to suppress or to display the connected number.
ControlType
                                                              ::= ENUMERATED {
                                                   (0),
     sCPOverloaded
     manuallyInitiated
                                                   (1)
CompoundCriteria {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
     basicGapCriteria
                                            [0] BasicGapCriteria {bound},
     scfID
                                             [1] ScfID {bound}
                                                                                                OPTIONAL
CorrelationID {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                             ::= Digits {bound}
 -- used by gsmSCF for correlation with a previous operation.
     eAndTime ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(7))

DateAndTime is BCD encoded. The year digit indicating millenium occupies bits 0-3 of the first octet, and the year digit indicating century occupies bits 4-7 of the first octet.

The year digit is a contracting to the first octet.
     The year digit indicating decade occupies bits 0-3 of the second octet,
     whilst the digit indicating the year within the decade occupies bits 4-7 of
     the second octet.
     The most significant month digit occupies bits 0-3 of the third octet,
    and the least significant month digit occupies bits 4-7 of the third octet. The most significant day digit occupies bits 0-3 of the fourth octet, and the least significant day digit occupies bits 4-7 of the fourth octet. The most significant hours digit occupies bits 0-3 of the fifth octet,
     and the least significant digit occupies bits 4-7 of the fifth octet. The most significant minutes digit occupies bits 0-3 of the sixth octet, and the least significant digit occupies bits 4-7 of the sixth octet.
     The most significant seconds digit occupies bits 0-3 of the seventh octet, and the least seconds significant digit occupies bits 4-7 of the seventh octet.
___
    For the encoding of digits in an octet, refer to the timeAndtimezone parameter.
DestinationRoutingAddress {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE SIZE(1) OF
                                                                          CalledPartyNumber {bound}
-- Indicates the Called Party Number.
Digits {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                          ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
     bound.&minDigitsLength .. bound.&maxDigitsLength))
   Indicates the address signalling digits.
-- Refer to ETS 300 356-1 [8] Generic Number & Generic Digits parameters for encoding.
-- The coding of the subfields 'NumberQualifier' in Generic Number and 'TypeOfDigits' in
-- Generic Digits are irrelevant to the CAP;
-- the ASN.1 tags are sufficient to identify the parameter.
-- The ISUP format does not allow to exclude these subfields,
-- therefore the value is network operator specific.
-- The following parameters should use Generic Number:
-- AdditionalCallingPartyNumber for InitialDP
       {\tt Assisting SSPIP Routing Address \ for \ Establish Temporary Connection}
__
       CorrelationID for AssistRequestInstructions
       CalledAddressValue for all occurrences, CallingAddressValue for all occurrences.
-- The following parameters should use Generic Digits:
      CorrelationID in EstablishTemporaryConnection
      number in VariablePart
      digitsResponse in ReceivedInformationArg
-- In the digitsResponse the digits may also include the '*', '#', a, b , c and d digits -- by using the IA5 character encoding scheme. If the BCD even or BCD odd encoding
-- scheme is used, the following encoding shall be applied for the non-decimal characters: -- 1011 (*), 1100 (#).
-- Note that when CorrelationID is transported in Generic Digits, then the digits shall -- always be BCD encoded.
                                       ::= CHOICE {
DpSpecificCriteria
                                  ::= CHOICE (
[1] ApplicationTimer
     applicationTimer

    The gsmSCF may set a timer in the gsmSSF for the No Answer event.
    If the user does not answer the call within the allotted time,
    the gsmSSF reports the event to the gsmSCF

ElapsedTime
                                                   ::= CHOICE {
     timeGPRSIfNoTariffSwitch [0] INTEGER (0..86400), timeGPRSIfTariffSwitch [1] SEQUENCE {
           timeGPRSSinceLastTariffSwitch [0] INTEGER (0..86400), timeGPRSTariffSwitchInterval [1] INTEGER (0..86400) OPTIONAL
      timeGPRSIfNoTariffSwitch is measured in seconds
     timeGPRSSinceLastTariffSwitch and timeGPRSTariffSwitchInterval are measured in seconds
ElapsedTimeRollOver
                                             ::= CHOICE {
```

```
rO-TimeGPRSIfNoTariffSwitch [0] INTEGER (0..255), rO-TimeGPRSIfTariffSwitch [1] SEQUENCE {
        rO-TimeGPRSSinceLastTariffSwitch [0] INTEGER (0..255) OPTIONAL rO-TimeGPRSTariffSwitchInterval [1] INTEGER (0..255) OPTIONAL
                                                                           OPTIONAL.
   rO-TimeGPRSIfNoTariffSwitch, rO-TimeGPRSSinceLastTariffSwitch and
-- rO-TimeGPRSTariffSwitchInterval
-- present counters indicating the number of parameter range rollovers.
EndUserAddress {PARAMETERS-BOUND: bound}
                                                         ::= SEOUENCE {
                                                 [0] OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)),
[1] OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)),
[2] OCTET STRING (SIZE(
    pDPTypeOrganization
    pDPTypeNumber
    pDPAddress
        bound.&minPDPAddressLength .. bound.&maxPDPAddressLength))
-- Indicates the EndUserAddress, refer to 3GPP TS 29.060 for the encoding.
-- The pDPTypeOrganization shall use the least significant 4 bits of the octet encoded.
-- The sender of this parameter shall set the most significant 4 bits of the octet to 1.\,
-- The receiver of this parameter shall ignore the most significant 4 bits of this octet.
                                                         ::= ENUMERATED {
ErrorTreatment
    stdErrorAndInfo
    help
    repeatPrompt
                               (2)
-- stdErrorAndInfomeans returning the "ImproperCallerResponse" error in the event of an error
-- condition during collection of user info.
EventSpecificInformationBCSM {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= CHOICE {
    routeSelectFailureSpecificInfo [2] SEQUENCE {
             failureCause
                                            [0] Cause {bound}
                                                                          OPTIONAL,
    oCalledPartyBusySpecificInfo [3] SEQUENCE {
   busyCause [0] Cause {bound}
             ; . .
} ,
    oNoAnswerSpecificInfo
                                       [4] SEOUENCE {
            -- no specific info defined --
    oAnswerSpecificInfo
                                       [5] SEQUENCE {
             destinationAddress
                                            [50] CalledPartyNumber {bound} OPTIONAL,
             or-Call
                                            [51] NULL
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
             forwardedCall
                                            [52] NULL
                                                                           OPTIONAL
    oDisconnectSpecificInfo [7] SEQUENCE {
    releaseCause [0] Cause {bound}
                                                                           OPTIONAL.
             . . .
    tBusySpecificInfo
                                       [8] SEQUENCE {
                                       [0] Cause {bound}
            busyCause
callForwarded
                                                                          OPTIONAL.
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
             routeNotPermitted
                                            [51] NULL
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
             ; . . .
} ,
                                      [9] SEQUENCE {
    tNoAnswerSpecificInfo
            callForwarded
                                            [50] NULL
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
    tAnswerSpecificInfo
                                      [10] SEQUENCE {
                                        [50] CalledPartyNumber {bound} OPTIONAL,
            destinationAddress
             forwardedCall
                                            [51] NULL
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                            [52] NULL
                                                                           OPTIONAL
    tDisconnectSpecificInfo
                                      [12] SEQUENCE
                                            [0] Cause {bound}
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
-- Indicates the call related information specific to the event.
                                 ::= CHOICE {
EventSpecificInformationSMS
                                 [0] SEQUENCE {
    o-smsFailureSpecificInfo
       failureCause
                                            [0] SMSCause
                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
    o-smsSubmittedSpecificInfo
-- no specific info defined-
                                       [1] SEQUENCE {
{\tt EventTypeBCSM}
                                                        ::= ENUMERATED {
                                       (2),
    collectedInfo
    analyzedInformation
                                       (3),
```

```
(4),
     routeSelectFailure
                                              (5),
     oCalledPartyBusy
                                              (6),
(7),
     oNoAnswer
     oAnswer
     oDisconnect
                                              (9).
     oAbandon
                                              (10),
     termAttemptAuthorized
                                               (12),
     tBusy
                                              (13),
                                              (14),
     tNoAnswer
                                              (15),
     tAnswer
                                              (17),
     tDisconnect
     tAbandon
                                              (18)
-- Indicates the BCSM detection point event.
-- Values collectedInfo, analyzedInformation and termAttemptAuthorized can only be used for TDPs
                                              ::= ENUMERATED {
EventTypeSMS
     sms-CollectedInfo
                                                   (2),
     o-smsFailure
     o\text{-}smsSubmitted
                                                    (3)
-- Value sms-CollectedInfo can only be used for TDPs.
Extensions {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE SIZE (1..bound.&numOfExtensions) OF
ExtensionField
 ExtensionField
                         ::= SEOUENCE {
                             EXTENSION.&id
                                                                        ({SupportedExtensions }),
     type
                               -- shall identify the value of an EXTENSION type
     criticality
                               CriticalityType
                                                                       DEFAULT ignore
                              [1] EXTENSION. & Extension Type
                                                                       ({SupportedExtensions }{@type}),
     value
-- This parameter indicates an extension of an argument data type.
-- Its content is network operator specific
FCIBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
     bound.&minFCIBillingChargingLength .. bound.&maxFCIBillingChargingLength))
     (CONSTRAINED BY {-- shall be the result of the BER-encoded value of type - CAMEL-FCIBillingChargingCharacteristics {bound}})
    This parameter indicates the billing and/or charging characteristics.
-- The violation of the UserDefinedConstraint shall be handled as an ASN.1 syntax error.
FCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(bound.&minFCIBillingChargingLength)) (CONSTRAINED BY {-- shall be the result of the BER-encoded value of type -
CAMEL-FCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics {bound}})

-- This parameter indicates the GPRS billing and/or charging characteristics.

-- The violation of the UserDefinedConstraint shall be handled as an ASN.1 syntax error.
FCISMSBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(bound.&minFCIBillingChargingLength .. bound.&maxFCIBillingChargingLength)) (CONSTRAINED BY {-- shall be the result of the BER-encoded value of type - CAMEL-FCISMSBillingChargingCharacteristics {bound}})
  - This parameter indicates the SMS billing and/or charging characteristics.
-- The violation of the UserDefinedConstraint shall be handled as an ASN.1 syntax error.
ForwardServiceInteractionInd
                                                                    ::= SEQUENCE {
     conferenceTreatmentIndicator [1] OCTET STRING (SIZE(1))
-- acceptConferenceRequest 'xxxx xx01'B
-- rejectConferenceRequest 'xxxx xx10'B
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
     -- if absent from Connect or ContinueWithArgument,
-- then CAMEL service does not affect conference treatment
callDiversionTreatmentIndicator [2] OCTET STRING (SIZE(1))
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
     -- callDiversionAllowed 'xxxx xx01'B
-- callDiversionNotAllowed 'xxxx xx10'B
     -- if absent from Connect or ContinueWithArgument,
     -- then CAMEL service does not affect call diversion treatment
     callingPartyRestrictionIndicator [4] OCTET STRING (SIZE(1))
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
                                       'xxxx xx01'B
     -- noINImpact
     -- presentationRestricted
     -- if absent from Connect or ContinueWithArgument,
     -- then CAMEL service does not affect calling party restriction treatment
GapIndicators
                                                                       ::= SEOUENCE {
     duration
                                         [0] Duration,
     gapInterval
                                         [1] Interval,
-- Indicates the gapping characteristics.
-- No gapping when gapInterval equals 0.
```

```
GapOnService
                                                                   ::= SEQUENCE {
                                     [0] ServiceKey,
    serviceKey
GapTreatment {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                     ::= CHOICE {
    informationToSend      [0] InformationToSend {bound},
releaseCause      [1] Cause {bound}
-- The default value for Cause is the same as in ISUP.
GenericNumber {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                               ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
     bound.&minGenericNumberLength .. bound.&maxGenericNumberLength))
-- Indicates a generic number. Refer to ETS 300 356-1 [8] Generic number for encoding.
GenericNumbers {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
GenericNumber {bound}
                                                               ::= SET SIZE(1..bound.&numOfGenericNumbers) OF
                                                      ::= CHOICE {
GPRS-QoS
     short-QoS-format
                                                      [0] QoS-Subscribed
                                                      [1] Ext-QoS-Subscribed
     long-QoS-format
-- Short-QoS-format shall be sent for QoS in pre GSM release 99 format.
-- Long-QoS-format shall be sent for QoS in GSM release 99 (and beyond) format.
-- Which of the two QoS formats shall be sent is determined by which QoS
-- format is available in the SGSN at the time of sending.
-- Refer to 3GPP TS 29.002 [13] for encoding details of QoS-Subscribed and
-- Ext-OoS-Subscribed.
GPRSCause {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                   ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE
              (bound.&minGPRSCauseLength .. bound.&maxGPRSCauseLength))
-- Shall only include the cause value.
-- 00000000 Unspecified
-- All other values shall be interpreted as "Unspecified".
-- This parameter indicates the cause for CAP interface related information.
-- The GPRSCause mapping to/from GTP cause values specified in the 3GPP TS 29.060 and
-- to/from 3GPP TS 24.008 GMM cause and SM cause values are outside scope of this document.
GPRSChargingID ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (4))
-- The Charging ID is a unique four octet value generated by the GGSN when
-- a PDP Context is activated. A Charging ID is generated for each activated context.
GPRSChargingID
GPRSEvent
                                            ::= SEOUENCE {
     gPRSEventType
                                                 [0] GPRSEventType,
                                                 [1] MonitorMode
     monitorMode
     Indicates the GPRS event information for monitoring.
GPRSEventSpecificInformation {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                                      ::= CHOICE {
     \verb|attachChangeOfPositionSpecificInformation||\\
                                               [0] SEQUENCE {
                                                     [0] LocationInformationGPRS OPTIONAL,
              locationInformationGPRS
              },
     \verb"pdp-ContextchangeOfPositionSpecificInformation"
                                   [1] SEQUENCE {
                                                      [0] AccessPointName {bound} OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
              accessPointName
                                                     [1] GPRSChargingID OPTIONAL,
[2] LocationInformationGPRS OPTIONAL,
              chargingID
              locationInformationGPRS
              endUserAddress
qualityOfService
                                                    [3] EndUserAddress {bound} OPTIO
[4] QualityOfService OPTIONAL,
                                                                                            OPTIONAL.
              timeAndTimeZone
                                                     [5] TimeAndTimezone {bound} OPTIONAL,
              gGSNAddress
                                                     [6] GSN-Address
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
     detachSpecificInformation [2] SEQUENCE {
                                                      [0] InitiatingEntity
                                                                                      OPTIONAL.
              initiatingEntity
               . . . ,
              routeingAreaUpdate
                                                     [1] NULL
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
              },
     disconnectSpecificInformation [3] SEQUENCE { initiatingEntity [0] Initiating
              initiatingEntity
                                                     [0] InitiatingEntity
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
              routeingAreaUpdate
                                                      [1] NULL
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
     {\tt pDPC} ontext{\tt EstablishmentSpecificInformation}
                                                 [4] SEQUENCE {
              accessPointName
                                                      [0] AccessPointName {bound} OPTIONAL,
                                                      [1] EndUserAddress {bound} OPTIONAL,
              endUserAddress
```

```
[2] QualityOfService OPTIONAL,
[3] LocationInformationGPRS OPTIONAL,
              qualityOfService
              locationInformationGPRS
              timeAndTimeZone
                                                      [4] TimeAndTimezone {bound}
                                                                                             OPTIONAL.
                                                      [5] PDPInitiationType
              pDPInitiationType
               secondaryPDP-context
                                                      [6] NULL
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
     pDPContextEstablishmentAcknowledgementSpecificInformation
                                                 [5] SEQUENCE {
              accessPointName
                                                      [0] AccessPointName {bound} OPTIONAL,
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
              chargingID
                                                      [1] GPRSChargingID
              endUserAddress
                                                      [2] EndUserAddress {bound}
                                                                                             OPTIONAL.
                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
              qualityOfService
                                                      [3] QualityOfService
               locationInformationGPRS
                                                      [4] LocationInformationGPRS OPTIONAL,
              timeAndTimeZone
                                                      [5] TimeAndTimezone {bound}
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
              gGSNAddress
                                                      [6] GSN-Address
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
GPRSEventType
                                                      ::= ENUMERATED {
     attach
                                                      (1),
     attachChangeOfPosition
                                                      (2),
     detached
                                                      (3),
     pdp-ContextEstablishment
                                                      (11),
     pdp-ContextEstablishmentAcknowledgement
                                                      (12),
     disconnect
                                                      (13),
     pdp-ContextChangeOfPosition
                                                      (14)
GPRSMSClass
                                                      ::= SEOUENCE {
     mSNetworkCapability
                                                 [0] MSNetworkCapability
     mSRadioAccessCapability
                                                 [1] MSRadioAccessCapability
-- GPRS MS class mark describes the terminal capabilities.
-- Refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [12] for an explanation of these elements.
InbandInfo {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                ::= SEQUENCE {
                                  [0] MessageID {bound},
[1] INTEGER (1..127)
    messagelD
     numberOfRepetitions
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
     duration
                                  [2] INTEGER (0..32767)
                                  [3] INTEGER (0..32767)
     interval
                                                                                             OPTIONAL.
-- Interval is the time in seconds between each repeated announcement. Duration is the total
-- amount of time in seconds, including repetitions and intervals.
-- The end of announcement is either the end of duration or numberOfRepetitions,
-- whatever comes first.
-- duration with value 0 indicates infinite duration
InformationToSend {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                               ::= CHOICE {
                                  [0] InbandInfo {bound},
[1] Tone
     inbandInfo
                                            ::= ENUMERATED {
InitiatingEntity
                                            (0),
     mobileStation
                                            (1),
     sgsn
     hlr
     ggsn
                  ::= TCInvokeIdSet
InvokeID
IPRoutingAddress {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                    ::= CalledPartyNumber {bound}
 - Indicates the routing address for the IP.
bilateral part. The standard part indicates capabilities defined as optional in CAP V.2 that shall be recognised (but not necessarily supported) by a CAP V.2 gsmSCF. The bilateral part contains further information that is not specified in this standard, but which is set
    according to bilateral agreements between network operators and/or equipment vendors. The last octet of the standard part is indicated by bit 7 being set to 0, otherwise Bit 7 of a standard part octet is set to 1 indicating that the standard part continues in the following octet. Coding is as follows:
     Octet 1
                                  Standard Part for CAP V.3
     Bit Value
                                  Meaning
___
     0
          0
                                  IPRoutingAddress not supported
__
                                  IPRoutingAddress supported
    1
          n
                                  VoiceBack not supported
VoiceBack supported
          1
                                  VoiceInformation not supported, via speech recognition VoiceInformation supported, via speech recognition
     2
          0
     3
          0
                                  VoiceInformation not supported, via voice recognition
```

```
VoiceInformation supported, via voice recognition
--
     4
         0
                                 Generation of voice announcements from Text not supported
___
                                 Generation of voice announcements from Text supported
         1
                                 Reserved
                                 Reserved
--
                                 End of standard part
         1
                                 This value is reserved in CAP V.3
                                 Bilateral Part: Network operator / equipment vendor specific
    Octets 2 to 4
LegType
                                                              ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(1))
                                                              ::= '01'H
::= '02'H
leg1 LegType
leg2 LegType
LocationInformationGPRS
                                 ::= SECHENCE
     cellGlobalIdOrServiceAreaIdOrLAI
                                               [0] OCTET STRING (SIZE(5..7))
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
     routeingAreaIdentity
                                                [1] RAIdentity
                                                                                     OPTIONAL.
     geographicalInformation
                                               [2] GeographicalInformation
                                                                                      OPTIONAL.
     sgsn-Number
                                               [3] ISDN-AddressString
                                                                                     OPTIONAL.
     selectedLSAIdentity
                                                [4] LSAIdentity
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
     extensionContainer
                                               [5] ExtensionContainer
     sai-Present
                                               [6] NULL
                                                                                     OPTIONAL
-- CellGlobalIdOrServiceAreaIdOrLAI and LSAIdentity are coded in accordance with
-- 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].
-- sai-Present indicates that the cellGlobalIdOrServiceAreaIdOrLAI parameter contains
-- a Service Area Identity.
LocationNumber {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (
    bound.&minLocationNumberLength .. bound.&maxLocationNumberLength))
-- Indicates the Location Number for the calling party.
                                                              ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (
-- Refer to ETS 300 356-1 [8] for encoding.
MessageID {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                              ::= CHOICE {
                                [0] Integer4,
[1] SEQUENCE {
   [0] IA5String (SIZE(
     elementaryMessageID
     text
         messageContent
              bound.&minMessageContentLength .. bound.&maxMessageContentLength)),
                                      [1] OCTET STRING (SIZE(
         attributes
              bound.&minAttributesLength .. bound.&maxAttributesLength)) OPTIONAL
                                 [29] SEQUENCE SIZE (1.. bound.&numOfMessageIDs) OF Integer4,
     elementaryMessageIDs
                                 [30] SEQUENCE {
     variableMessage
                                      [0] Integer4,
[1] SEQUENCE SIZE (1..5) OF VariablePart {bound}
         elementaryMessageID
          variableParts
-- Use of the text parameter is network operator/equipment vendor specific.
                                                              ::= ENUMERATED {
MonitorMode
     interrupted
                                      (0),
     notifyAndContinue
                                      (1),
                                      (2)
     transparent
-- Indicates the event is relayed and/or processed by the SSP.
-- Transparent means that the gsmSSF or gprsSF does not notify the gsmSCF of the event.
-- For the use of this parameter refer to the procedure descriptions in clause 11.
                                                         ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..8))
-- MS Network Capability describes the GPRS terminal capabilites related to the network, i.e. S
-- point to point service over packet data channels. For encoding refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [12].
-- It shall contain the value part defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 only. I.e. the 3GPP TS 24.008 IEI
-- and 3GPP TS 24.008 octet length indicator shall not be included.
MSRadioAccessCapability
                                               ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..50))
 -- MS Radio Access Capability describes the terminal capabilites relevant for the radio network,
-- which may affect the way the network handles the mobile.
-- For encoding refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [12].
-- It shall contain the value part defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 only. I.e. the 3GPP TS 24.008 IEI
-- and 3GPP TS 24.008 octet length indicator shall not be included.
                                           ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
NAOliInfo
   NA Oli information takes the same value as defined in ANSI ISUP T1.113 [53]
               '3D'H - Decimal value 61 - Cellular Service (Type 1)
'3E'H - Decimal value 62 - Cellular Service (Type 2)
'3F'H - Decimal value 63 - Cellular Service (roaming)
   e.g.
OriginalCalledPartyID {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
     bound.&minOriginalCalledPartyIDLength .. bound.&maxOriginalCalledPartyIDLength))
-- Indicates the original called number. Refer to ETS 300 356-1 [8] Original Called Number
-- for encoding.
OCSIApplicable
                                                         ::= NULL
- Indicates that the Originating CAMEL Subscription Information, if present, shall be -- applied on the outgoing call leg created with a Connect operation. For the use of this
```

```
-- parameter see 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].
PDPID
                                                     ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
-- PDP Identifier is a counter used to identify a specific PDP Context within a control -- relationship between gprsSSF and gsmSCF.
PDPInitiationType
                                                     ::= ENUMERATED {
    mSInitiated
                                                     (0),
    networkInitiated
                                                     (1)
                                                     ::= SEQUENCE {
QualityOfService
                                                                    OPTIONAL,
    requested-QoS
                                                     [0] GPRS-QoS
                                                                       OPTIONAL,
    subscribed-QoS
                                                     [1] GPRS-OoS
    negotiated-QoS
                                                     [2] GPRS-OoS OPTIONAL
-- The procedure descriptions in chapter 11 indicate which one(s) of the
-- QoS variables shall be transported.
RAIdentity
                                                    ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (6))
-- Routing Area Identity coded according to 3GPP TS 29.060 [43].
-- It shall contain the value part defined in 3GPP TS 29.060 only. I.e. the 3GPP TS 29.060
-- type identifier octet shall not be included.
ReceivingSideID
                                           ::= CHOICE {receivingSideID [1] LegType}
-- used to identify LegID in operations sent from gsmSSF to gsmSCF
RedirectingPartyID {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                              ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (
    bound.&minRedirectingPartyIDLength .. bound.&maxRedirectingPartyIDLength))
 -- Indicates redirecting number.
-- Refer to ETS 300 356-1 [8] Redirecting number for encoding.
RequestedInformationList {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                  ::= SEOUENCE SIZE (1.. numOfInfoItems) OF
RequestedInformation {bound}
RequestedInformationTypeList ::= SEQUENCE SIZE (1.. numOfInfoItems) OF RequestedInformationType
RequestedInformation {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
    requestedInformationType [0] RequestedInformationType, requestedInformationValue [1] RequestedInformationValue {bound},
RequestedInformationType
                                                              ::= ENUMERATED {
    callAttemptElapsedTime
                                      (0),
                                      (1),
(2),
    callStopTime
    callConnectedElapsedTime
    releaseCause
RequestedInformationValue {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= CHOICE {
    callAttemptElapsedTimeValue [0] INTEGER (0..255),
    callStopTimeValue
                                           [1] DateAndTime,
    callStoprimevalue [2] Integer4, releaseCauseValue [30] Cause {bound}
-- The callAttemptElapsedTimeValue is specified in seconds. The unit for the -- callConnectedElapsedTimeValue is 100~{\rm milliseconds}
RPCause ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
-- RP cause according to 3GPP TS 24.011 [45].
-- GsmSCF shall send this cause in the ReleaseSMS operation.
-- The received cause is sent to the originating MS by the VMSC/SGSN.
ScfID {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                              ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
    bound.&minScfIDLength .. bound.&maxScfIDLength))
-- defined by network operator.
-- Indicates the gsmSCF identity.
SCIBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (
    bound.&minSCIBillingChargingLength .. bound.&maxSCIBillingChargingLength))
     (CONSTRAINED BY {-- shall be the result of the BER-encoded value of type --
    CAMEL-SCIBillingChargingCharacteristics})
-- Indicates AOC information to be sent to a Mobile Station
-- The violation of the UserDefinedConstraint shall be handled as an ASN.1 syntax error.
SCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (
    bound.&minSCIBillingChargingLength`.. bound.&maxSCIBillingChargingLength))
    (CONSTRAINED BY {-- shall be the result of the BER-encoded value of type CAMEL-SCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics})
-- Indicates AOC information to be sent to a Mobile Station
-- The violation of the UserDefinedConstraint shall be handled as an ASN.1 syntax error.
                                           ::= CHOICE {sendingSideID [0] LegType}
 - used to identify LegID in operations sent from gsmSCF to gsmSSF
ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo
                                                                   ::= SEOUENCE {
```

```
forwardServiceInteractionInd [0] ForwardServiceInteractionInd
-- applicable to operations InitialDP, Connect and ContinueWithArgument.
backwardServiceInteractionInd [1] BackwardServiceInteractionInd
-- applicable to operations Connect and ContinueWithArgument.
                                                                                                                                                                 OPTIONAL.
                                                                                                                                                                 OPTIONAL.
                                                                                [2] BothwayThroughConnectionInd
        bothwayThroughConnectionInd
                                                                                                                                                                 OPTIONAL.
         -- applicable to ConnectToResource and EstablishTemporaryConnection
        connectedNumberTreatmentInd
                                                                                [4] ConnectedNumberTreatmentInd
                                                                                                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
        -- applicable to Connect and ContinueWithArgument
        nonCUGCall
                                                                                [13] NULL
                                                                                                                                                                  OPTIONAL,
        -- applicable to Connect and ContinueWithArgument
-- indicates that no parameters for CUG shall be used for the call (i.e. the call shall
        -- be a non-CUG call).
        -- If not present, it indicates one of three things:
        -- a) continue with modified CUG information (when one or more of either CUG Interlock Code
       -- and Outgoing Access Indicator are present), or
-- b) continue with original CUG information (when neither CUG Interlock Code or Outgoing
-- Access Indicator are present), i.e. no IN impact.
-- c) continue with the original non-CUG call.
holdTreatmentIndicator [50] OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) OPTIONAL,
       -- applicable to InitialDP, Connect and Continued and Cont
        -- applicable to InitialDP, Connect and ContinueWithArgument
                                                                                                                                                              OPTIONAL,
        -- applicable to InitialDP, Connect and ContinueWithArgument
        -- acceptCw 'xxxx xx01'B
-- rejectCw 'xxxx xx10'B
        -- if absent from Connect or ContinueWithArgument,
        -- then CAMEL service does not affect call waiting treatment ectTreatmentIndicator [52] OCTET STRING (SIZE(1))
                                                                                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
        -- applicable to InitialDP, Connect and ContinueWithArgument
        -- acceptEctRequest 'xxxx xx01'B
-- rejectEctRequest 'xxxx xx10'B
        -- if absent from Connect or ContinueWithArgument,
        -- then CAMEL service does not affect explicit call transfer treatment
SGSNCapabilities
                                                                                       ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
        Indicates the SGSN capabilities. The coding of the parameter is as follows:
        Bit Value
                                      Meaning
                                                        AoC not supported by SGSN
AoC supported by SGSN
--
                0
       0
               1
                                                        This bit is reserved in CAP V.3
This bit is reserved in CAP V.3
       2
       3
                                                         This bit is reserved in CAP V.3
___
        4
                                                         This bit is reserved in CAP V.3
                                                         This bit is reserved in CAP V.3
                                                         This bit is reserved in CAP V.3
        6
                                                         This bit is reserved in CAP V.3
                     ::= ENUMERATED {
        systemFailure
                                                                 (0),
        unexpectedDataValue
                                                                (1),
                                                                (2),
        facilityNotSupported
        sM-DeliveryFailure
                                                                 (3),
        releaseFromRadioInterface
-- MÓ SMS error values which are reported to gsmSCF.
-- Most of these values are received from the SMSC as a response to
-- MO-ForwardSM operation.
                                                                         ::= SEQUENCE {
SMSEvent
                                                                                 [0] EventTypeSMS,
        eventTypeSMS
        monitorMode
                                                                                 [1] MonitorMode
                                                                        ::= CHOICE {
TimeInformation
        timeIfNoTariffSwitch
                                                                                [0] TimeIfNoTariffSwitch,
        timeIfTariffSwitch
                                                                                 [1] TimeIfTariffSwitch
  - Indicates call duration information
     meIfNoTariffSwitch ::= INTEGER(0..864000)
TimeIfNoTariffSwitch is measured in 100 millisecond intervals
TimeIfNoTariffSwitch
TimeIfTariffSwitch
                                                                         ::= SEQUENCE {
        timeSinceTariffSwitch
                                                                                 [0] INTEGER(0..864000),
        tariffSwitchInterval
                                                                                 [1] INTEGER(1..864000)
                                                                                                                                                                          OPTIONAL
-- timeSinceTariffSwitch and tariffSwitchInterval are measured in 100 millisecond intervals
TimerID
                                                                         ::= ENUMERATED {
       tssf
-- Indicates the timer to be reset.
TimerValue
                                                                        ::= Integer4
```

-- Indicates the timer value (in seconds).

```
TimeAndTimezone {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(
          bound.&minTimeAndTimezoneLength .. bound.&maxTimeAndTimezoneLength))
-- Indicates the time and timezone, relative to GMT. This parameter BCD encoded.
    The year digit indicating millenium occupies bits 0-3 of the first octet, and the year digit indicating century occupies bits 4-7 of the first octet.
    The year digit indicating decade occupies bits 0-3 of the second octet, whilst the digit indicating the year within the decade occupies bits 4-7 of the second octet.
    The most significant month digit occupies bits 0-3 of the third octet, and the least significant month digit occupies bits 4-7 of the third octet.
    The most significant day digit occupies bits 0-3 of the fourth octet, and the least significant day digit occupies bits 4-7 of the fourth octet.
    The most significant hours digit occupies bits 0-3 of the fifth octet, and the least
    significant hours digit occupies bits 4-7 of the fifth octet.

The most significant minutes digit occupies bits 0-3 of the sixth octet, and the least significant minutes digit occupies bits 4-7 of the sixth octet.

The most significant seconds digit occupies bits 0-3 of the seventh octet, and the least
    significant seconds digit occupies bits 4-7 of the seventh octet.
___
    The timezone information occupies the eigth octet. For the encoding of Timezone refer to Reference [29], 3GPP TS 23.040 [46].
___
--
    The BCD digits are packed and encoded as follows:
    Bit 7 6 5 4
2nd digit
3rd digit
                              3 2 1 0
__
                            1st digit
--
                           4th digit
                                                    Octet 2
--
          nth digit | n-1th digit Octet m
---
---
---
---
           0000
                       digit 0
           0001
                        digit 1
           0010
                        digit 2
           0011
                        digit 3
          0100
                       digit 4
          0101
                       digit 5
                     digit 6
digit 7
digit 8
digit 9
          0110
          0111
          1000
           1001
           1010
                       spare
--
           1011
                       spare
          1100
                       spare
           1101
                        spare
--
           1110
                       spare
           1101
                        spare
-- where the leftmost bit of the digit is either bit 7 or bit 3 of the octet.
                                                     ::= SEQUENCE {
Tone
     toneID
                             [0] Integer4,
                           [1] Integer4
     duration
                                                          OPTIONAL,
-- The duration specifies the length of the tone in seconds, value 0 indicates infinite duration.
                                          ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
TPDataCodingScheme
-- TP Data Coding Scheme according to 3GPP TS 23.040 [46]
TPProtocolIdentifier
                                          ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
-- indicates the protocol used above SM-Transfer Layer as specified in 3GPP TS 23.040 [46].
TPShortMessageSubmissionInfo
                                           ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
 -- contains the 1st octect of the SMS-SUBMIT TPDU or the SMS-COMMAND TPDU as specified in 3GPP TS
23.040 [46].
TPValidityPeriod
                                            ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..7))
 - indicates the length of the validity period or the absolute time of the validity
-- period termination as specified in 3GPP TS 23.040 [46].
-- the length of ValidityPeriod is either 1 octet or 7 octets
                                            ::= CHOICE {
TransferredVolume
     volumeIfNoTariffSwitch [0] INTEGER (0..4294967295),
     volumeTariffSwitchInterval
                                                [1] INTEGER (0..4294967295) OPTIONAL
     volumeIfNoTariffSwitch, volumeSinceLastTariffSwitch and volumeTariffSwitchInterval
   are measured in bytes.
                                           ::= CHOICE {
[0] INTEGER (0.. 255),
TransferredVolumeRollOver
    rO-VolumeIfNoTariffSwitch
    }
```

```
-- rO-VolumeIfNoTariffSwitch, rO-VolumeSinceLastTariffSwitch and rO-VolumeTariffSwitchInterval present counters indicating the number of parameter range rollovers.
UnavailableNetworkResource ::= ENUMERATED {
        unavailableResources
        componentFailure
                                                                        (1),
        basicCallProcessingException
                                                                        (3),
        resourceStatusFailure
        endUserFailure
                                                                        (4)
-- Indicates the network resource that failed.
VariablePart {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                                                                       ::= CHOICE {
        integer
                                                [0] Integer4,
                                                [1] Digits {bound}, -- Generic digits
[2] OCTET STRING (SIZE(2)), -- HH: MM, BCD coded
[3] OCTET STRING (SIZE(4)), -- YYYYMMDD, BCD coded
        number
        time
        date
                                                [4] OCTET STRING (SIZE(4))
        price
        Índicates the variable part of the message. Time is BCD encoded.
       The most significant hours digit occupies bits 0-3 of the first octet, and the least significant digit occupies bits 4-7 of the first octet. The most significant minutes digit occupies bits 0-3 of the second octet, and the least significant digit occupies bits 4-7
      of the second octet.
       Date is BCD encoded. The year digit indicating millenium occupies bits 0-3 of the first octet,
       and the year digit indicating century occupies bits 4-7 of the first octet. The year digit indicating decade occupies bits 0-3 of the second octet, whilst the digit indicating the year within the decade occupies bits 4-7 of the second octet.

The most significant month digit occupies bits 0-3 of the third octet, and the least significant month digit occupies bits 4-7 of the third octet. The most significant day digit
___
        occupies bits 0-3 of the fourth octet, and the least significant day digit occupies bits 4-7
      Of the fourth octet.

Price is BCD encoded. The digit indicating hundreds of thousands occupies bits 0-3 of the first octet, and the digit indicating tens of thousands occupies bits 4-7 of the first octet. The digit indicating thousands occupies bits 0-3 of the second octet, whilst the digit indicating hundreds occupies bits 4-7 of the second octet. The digit indicating tens occupies bits 0-3 of the third octet, and the digit indicating 0 to 9 occupies bits 4-7 of the third octet. The tenths digit occupies bits 0-3 of the fourth octet, and the hundredths digit occupies bits 4-7 of the fourth octet.
__
-- For the encoding of digits in an octet, refer to the timeAndtimezone parameter
-- The Definition of range of constants follows
numOfInfoItems INTEGER ::= 4
END
```

# 5.2 Error types

```
CAP-errortypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1)
modules(3) cap-errortypes(51) version3(2)}

-- This module contains the type definitions for the CAP Error Types.

-- Where a parameter of type CHOICE is tagged with a specific tag value, the tag is automatically

-- replaced with an EXPLICIT tag of the same value.
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::= BEGIN
TMPORTS
     ros-InformationObjects,
     datatypes,
     errorcodes
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
     InvokeID.
     UnavailableNetworkResource
FROM CAP-datatypes datatypes
     errcode-canceled,
     errcode-cancelFailed,
     errcode-eTCFailed,
     errcode-improperCallerResponse,
     errcode-missingCustomerRecord,
     errcode-missingParameter,
     errcode-parameterOutOfRange,
     errcode-requestedInfoError,
     errcode-systemFailure,
     errcode-taskRefused,
     errcode-unavailableResource
     errcode-unexpectedComponentSequence,
```

```
errcode-unexpectedDataValue,
    errcode-unexpectedParameter,
    errcode-unknownLegID,
    errcode-unknownPDPID
FROM CAP-errorcodes errorcodes
-- TYPE DEFINITION FOR CAP ERROR TYPES FOLLOWS
canceled ERROR
           errcode-canceled
    CODE
-- The operation has been canceled.
cancelFailed ERROR
    PARAMETER SEQUENCE {
        problem
                                 [0] ENUMERATED {
            unknownOperation
            tooLate
            operationNotCancellable (2)
        operation
                                 [1] InvokeID,
            errcode-cancelFailed
    CODE
-- The operation failed to be canceled.
eTCFailed ERROR
            errcode-eTCFailed
    CODE
-- The establish temporary connection failed.
\verb|improperCallerResponse ERROR ::= \{ \\
    CODE
          errcode-improperCallerResponse
-- The caller response was not as expected.
missingCustomerRecord ERROR ::= {
          errcode-missingCustomerRecord
-- The Service Logic Program could not be found in the gsmSCF.
missingParameter ERROR
   CODE errcode-missingParameter
-- An expected optional parameter was not received.
parameterOutOfRange ERROR
                            ::= {
          errcode-parameterOutOfRange
   CODE
-- The parameter was not as expected (e.g. missing or out of range).
requestedInfoError ERROR
                             ::= {
                ENUMERATED {
    PARAMETER
            unknownRequestedInfo
            requestedInfoNotAvailable
    CODE
            errcode-requestedInfoError
-- The requested information cannot be found.
systemFailure ERROR
    PARAMETER UnavailableNetworkResource
    CODE errcode-systemFailure
-- The operation could not be completed due to a system failure at the serving physical entity.
taskRefused ERROR
    PARAMETER ENUMERATED {
            generic
            unobtainable
            congestion
                                          (2)
    CODE
            érrcode-taskRefused
-- An entity normally capable of the task requested cannot or chooses not to perform the task at -- this time. This includes error situations like congestion and unobtainable address as used in
-- e.g. the connect operation.)
unavailableResource ERROR
          errcode-unavailableResource
    CODE
-- A requested resource is not available at the serving entity.
unexpectedComponentSequence ERROR ::= {
    CODE
          errcode-unexpectedComponentSequence
```

```
-- An incorrect sequence of Components was received (e.g."DisconnectForwardConnection" -- followed by "PlayAnnouncement").
unexpectedDataValue ERROR ::= {
    CODE
            errcode-unexpectedDataValue
  The data value was not as expected (e.g. routing number expected but billing number received)
unexpectedParameter ERROR ::= {
          errcode-unexpectedParameter
    CODE
-- A parameter received was not expected.
unknownLegID ERROR
                         ::= {
   CODE errcode-unknownLegID
-- Leg not known to the gsmSSF.
unknownPDPID ERROR
          errcode-unknownPDPID
    CODE
-- PDPID not known by the receiving entity.
END
```

# 5.3 Operation codes

```
CAP-operationcodes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1)
modules(3) cap-operationcodes(53) version3(2)}
DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    ros-InformationObjects
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
-- the operations are grouped by the identified operation packages.
-- gsmSCF activation Package
    opcode-initialDP
                                                       Code ::= local: 0
   gsmSCF/gsmSRF activation of assist Package
                                                       Code ::= local: 16
    opcode-assistRequestInstructions
-- Assist connection establishment Package opcode-establishTemporaryConnection
-- Generic disconnect resource Package
                                                       Code ::= local: 17
    opcode-disconnectForwardConnection
                                                       Code ::= local: 18
-- Non-assisted connection establishment Package
    opcode-connectToResource
                                                        Code ::= local: 19
-- Connect Package (elementary gsmSSF function)
                                                       Code ::= local: 20
    opcode-connect
-- Call handling Package (elementary gsmSSF function)
    opcode-releaseCall
                                                       Code ::= local: 22
-- BCSM Event handling Package
    opcode-requestReportBCSMEvent
                                                       Code ::= local: 23
    {\tt opcode-eventReportBCSM}
                                                       Code ::= local: 24
-- gsmSSF call processing Package opcode-continue
                                                       Code ::= local: 31
    opcode-continueWithArgument
                                                       Code ::= local: 56
 - Timer Package
    opcode-resetTimer
                                                       Code ::= local: 33
-- Billing Package
    opcode-furnishChargingInformation
                                                       Code ::= local: 34
-- Charging Package
    opcode-applyCharging opcode-applyChargingReport
                                                       Code ::= local: 35
                                                       Code ::= local: 36
-- Traffic management Package
    opcode-callGap
                                                       Code ::= local: 41
-- Call report Package opcode-callInformationReport
                                                       Code ::= local: 44
                                                       Code ::= local: 45
    opcode-callInformationRequest
-- Signalling control Package opcode-sendChargingInformation
                                                       Code ::= local: 46
-- Specialized resource control Package
                                                       Code ::= local: 47
Code ::= local: 48
    opcode-playAnnouncement
    opcode-promptAndCollectUserInformation
    opcode-specializedResourceReport
                                                       Code ::= local: 49
-- Cancel Package
    opcode-cancel
                                                       Code ::= local: 53
```

```
-- Activity Test Package
                                                          Code ::= local: 55
    opcode-activityTest
-- Sms Activation Package
    opcode-initialDPSMS
                                                          Code ::= local: 60
-- Sms Billing Package
    opcode-furnishChargingInformationSMS
                                                          Code ::= local: 61
-- Sms Connect Package
opcode-connectSMS
-- Sms Event Handling Package
  opcode-requestReportSMSEvent
                                                          Code ::= local: 62
                                                          Code ::= local: 63
    opcode-eventReportSMS
                                                          Code ::= local: 64
-- Sms Processing Package
    opcode-continueSMS
                                                          Code ::= local: 65
-- Sms Release Package
    opcode-releaseSMS
                                                          Code ::= local: 66
-- Sms Timer Package
    opcode-resetTimerSMS
                                                          Code ::= local: 67
-- Gprs Activity Test Package opcode-activityTestGPRS
                                                          Code ::= local: 70
-- Gprs Charging Package
opcode-applyChargingGPRS
opcode-applyChargingReportGPRS
-- Gprs Cancel Package
                                                          Code ::= local: 71
                                                          Code ::= local: 72
                                                          Code ::= local: 73
    opcode-cancelGPRS
-- Gprs Connect Package
    opcode-connectGPRS
                                                          Code ::= local: 74
-- Gprs Processing Package
opcode-continueGPRS
-- Gprs Exception Information Package
                                                          Code ::= local: 75
    opcode-entityReleasedGPRS
                                                          Code ::= local: 76
-- Gprs Billing Package opcode-furnishChargingInformationGPRS
                                                          Code ::= local: 77
-- Gprs Scf Activation Package
opcode-initialDPGPRS
-- Gprs Release Package
                                                          Code ::= local: 78
    opcode-releaseGPRS
                                                          Code ::= local: 79
-- Gprs Event Handling Package
    opcode-eventReportGPRS
                                                          Code ::= local: 80
    {\tt opcode-requestReportGPRSEvent}
                                                          Code ::= local: 81
-- Gprs Timer Package
    opcode-resetTimerGPRS
                                                          Code ::= local: 82
-- Gprs Charge Advice Package
    opcode-sendChargingInformationGPRS
                                                          Code ::= local: 83
```

### 5.4 Error codes

END

END

```
CAP-errorcodes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1)
modules(3) cap-errorcodes(57) version3(2)}
DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
TMPORTS
    ros-InformationObjects
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
errcode-canceled
                                            Code ::= local: 0
errcode-cancelFailed
                                             Code ::= local: 1
errcode-eTCFailed
                                            Code ::= local:
errcode-improperCallerResponse
                                            Code ::= local: 4
errcode-missingCustomerRecord
                                            Code ::= local: 6
errcode-missingParameter
                                            Code ::= local:
                                            Code ::= local: 8
errcode-parameterOutOfRange
errcode-requestedInfoError
                                            Code ::= local: 10
errcode-systemFailure
                                            Code ::= local: 11
errcode-taskRefused
                                            Code ::= local: 12
errcode-unavailableResource
                                            Code ::= local: 13
errcode-unexpectedComponentSequence
                                            Code ::= local: 14
errcode-unexpectedDataValue
                                            Code ::= local: 15
errcode-unexpectedParameter
                                            Code ::= local: 16
errcode-unknownLegID
                                            Code ::= local: 17
errcode-unknownPDPID
                                            Code ::= local: 50
```

### 5.5 Classes

```
DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
TMPORTS
    ROS-OBJECT-CLASS,
    Code
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
    id-rosObject-gsmSRF,
id-rosObject-gsmSSF,
    ros-InformationObjects,
    gsmSSF-gsmSCF-Protocol,
    gsmSCF-gsmSRF-Protocol
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
    capSsfToScfGeneric.
    capAssistHandoffssfToScf
FROM CAP-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs gsmSSF-gsmSCF-Protocol
    gsmSRF-gsmSCF-contract
FROM CAP-gsmSCF-gsmSRF-pkgs-contracts-acs gsmSCF-gsmSRF-Protocol
    CriticalityType
FROM CS2-datatypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) inDomain(1) in-network(1) cs2(20) modules(0) in-cs2-datatypes(0) version1(0)}
gsmSSF ROS-OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
                {capSsfToScfGeneric|
    INITIATES
                 capAssistHandoffssfToScf}
    RESPONDS
                 {capSsfToScfGeneric}
                 id-rosObject-gsmSSF
gsmSRF ROS-OBJECT-CLASS ::= {
    INITIATES {gsmSRF-gsmSCF-contract}}
    ID id-rosObject-gsmSRF
EXTENSION ::= CLASS {
    &ExtensionType,
                    CriticalityType DEFAULT ignore,
    &criticality
    &id Code
WITH SYNTAX {
    EXTENSION-SYNTAX
                         &ExtensionType
    CRITTCALITY
                         &criticality
    TDENTIFIED BY
                         ЬiЗ
-- Example of addition of an extension named 'Some Network Specific Indicator' of type
-- BOOLEAN, with criticality 'abort' and to be identified as extension number 1
-- Example of definition using the above information object class:
-- SomeNetworkSpecificIndicator EXTENSION ::= {
    EXTENSION-SYNTAX
                         BOOLEAN
    CRITICALITY
                         abort
    IDENTIFIED BY
                         local: 1
-- Example of transfer syntax, using the ExtensionField datatype as specified in subclause 5.
-- Assuming the value of the extension is set to TRUE, the extensions parameter -- becomes a Sequence of type INTEGER ::= 1, criticality ENUMERATED ::= 1 and value [1]
-- EXPLICIT BOOLEAN ::= TRUE.
-- Use of Q.1400 [28] defined Extension is for further study.
-- In addition the extension mechanism marker is used to identify the future minor additions
-- to CAP.
firstExtension EXTENSION ::= {
    EXTENSION-SYNTAX NULL
    CRITICALITY
                          ignore
    IDENTIFIED BY
                         local: 1
-- firstExtension is just an example.
SupportedExtensions EXTENSION ::= {firstExtension, ...
   full set of network operator extensions --
```

```
-- SupportedExtension is the full set of the network operator extensions.
PARAMETERS-BOUND ::= CLASS
    &minAccessPointNameLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxAccessPointNameLength
    \& \verb|minAChBillingChargingLength|\\
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxAChBillingChargingLength
                                                    INTEGER.
    &minAttributesLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxAttributesLength
                                                    INTEGER,
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxBearerCapabilityLength
    &minCalledPartyBCDNumberLength
                                                    INTEGER.
    &maxCalledPartyBCDNumberLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minCalledPartyNumberLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    \& {\tt maxCalledPartyNumberLength}
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minCallingPartyNumberLength
                                                    INTEGER .
    &maxCallingPartyNumberLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minCallResultLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxCallResultLength
    &minCarrierLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxCarrierLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minCauseLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxCauseLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minDigitsLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxDigitsLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minFCIBillingChargingDataLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxFCIBillingChargingDataLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minFCIBillingChargingLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxFCIBillingChargingLength
&minGenericNumberLength
                                                    INTEGER,
                                                    INTEGER.
    &maxGenericNumberLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minGPRSCauseLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxGPRSCauseLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minIPSSPCapabilitiesLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxIPSSPCapabilitiesLength
                                                    INTEGER.
    &minLocationNumberLength
                                                    INTEGER.
    &maxLocationNumberLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minMessageContentLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxMessageContentLength
    &minOriginalCalledPartyIDLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    \& {\tt maxOriginalCalledPartyIDLength}
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minPDPAddressLength
                                                    INTEGER.
    &maxPDPAddressLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minRedirectingPartyIDLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxRedirectingPartyIDLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minScfIDLength
                                                    INTEGER.
    &maxScfIDLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &minSCIBillingChargingLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxSCIBillingChargingLength
                                                    INTEGER .
    &minTimeAndTimezoneLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &maxTimeAndTimezoneLength
                                                    INTEGER,
    &numOfBCSMEvents
                                                    INTEGER,
    &numOfSMSEvents
    &numOfGPRSEvents
                                                    INTEGER,
    &numOfExtensions
                                                    INTEGER.
    &numOfGenericNumbers
                                                    INTEGER .
    &numOfMessageIDs
                                                    INTEGER
}
WITH SYNTAX
    MINIMUM-FOR-ACCESS-POINT-NAME
                                                    &minAccessPointNameLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-ACCESS-POINT-NAME
                                                    &maxAccessPointNameLength
                                                    &minAChBillingChargingLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-ACH-BILLING-CHARGING
                                                    &maxAChBillingChargingLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-ACH-BILLING-CHARGING
    MINIMUM-FOR-ATTRIBUTES
                                                    &minAttributesLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-ATTRIBUTES
                                                    &maxAttributesLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-BEARER-CAPABILITY
                                                    &maxBearerCapabilityLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-CALLED-PARTY-BCD-NUMBER MAXIMUM-FOR-CALLED-PARTY-BCD-NUMBER
                                                    &minCalledPartyBCDNumberLength
                                                    &maxCalledPartyBCDNumberLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-CALLED-PARTY-NUMBER
                                                    &minCalledPartyNumberLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-CALLED-PARTY-NUMBER
                                                    &maxCalledPartyNumberLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-CALLING-PARTY-NUMBER
                                                    &minCallingPartyNumberLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-CALLING-PARTY-NUMBER
                                                    &maxCallingPartyNumberLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-CALL-RESULT MAXIMUM-FOR-CALL-RESULT
                                                    &minCallResultLength
                                                    &maxCallResultLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-CARRIER
                                                    &minCarrierLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-CARRIER
                                                    &maxCarrierLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-CAUSE
                                                    &minCauseLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-CAUSE
                                                    &maxCauseLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-DIGITS
                                                    &minDigitsLength
                                                    &maxDigitsLength
&minFCIBillingChargingDataLength
&maxFCIBillingChargingDataLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-DIGITS
    MINIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING-DATA
    MAXIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING-DATA
                                                    &minFCIBillingChargingLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING
    MAXIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING
                                                    &maxFCIBillingChargingLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-GENERIC-NUMBER
                                                    &minGenericNumberLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-GENERIC-NUMBER
                                                    &maxGenericNumberLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-GPRS-CAUSE-LENGTH
                                                    &minGPRSCauseLength
```

```
&maxGPRSCauseLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-GPRS-CAUSE-LENGTH
                                                      &minIPSSPCapabilitiesLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-IP-SSP-CAPABILITIES
                                                      &maxIPSSPCapabilitiesLength
&minLocationNumberLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-IP-SSP-CAPABILITIES
    MINIMUM-FOR-LOCATION-NUMBER
    MAXIMUM-FOR-LOCATION-NUMBER
                                                       &maxLocationNumberLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-MESSAGE-CONTENT
                                                      &minMessageContentLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-MESSAGE-CONTENT
                                                      &maxMessageContentLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-ORIGINAL-CALLED-PARTY-ID MAXIMUM-FOR-ORIGINAL-CALLED-PARTY-ID
                                                      &minOriginalCalledPartyIDLength
                                                      &maxOriginalCalledPartyIDLength
&minPDPAddressLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-PDP-ADDRESS-LENGTH
MAXIMUM-FOR-PDP-ADDRESS-LENGTH
                                                      &maxPDPAddressLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-REDIRECTING-ID
                                                       &minRedirectingPartyIDLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-REDIRECTING-ID
                                                       &maxRedirectingPartyIDLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-GSMSCF-ID
                                                      &minScfIDLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-GSMSCF-ID
                                                      &maxScfIDLength
&minSCIBillingChargingLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-SCI-BILLING-CHARGING
    MAXIMUM-FOR-SCI-BILLING-CHARGING
                                                       &maxSCIBillingChargingLength
    MINIMUM-FOR-TIME-AND-TIMEZONE
                                                      &minTimeAndTimezoneLength
    MAXIMUM-FOR-TIME-AND-TIMEZONE
                                                       &maxTimeAndTimezoneLength
    NUM-OF-BCSM-EVENT
                                                      &numOfBCSMEvents
    NUM-OF-SMS-EVENTS
                                                      &numOfSMSEvents
    NUM-OF-GPRS-EVENTS
                                                       &numOfGPRSEvents
    NUM-OF-EXTENSIONS
                                                      &numOfExtensions
    NUM-OF-GENERIC-NUMBERS
                                                       &numOfGenericNumbers
    NUM-OF-MESSAGE-IDS
                                                      &numOfMessageIDs
capspecificBoundSet Parameters-Bound ::=
    MINIMUM-FOR-ACCESS-POINT-NAME
    MAXIMUM-FOR-ACCESS-POINT-NAME
                                                      100
    MINIMUM-FOR-ACH-BILLING-CHARGING
                                                      177
    MAXIMUM-FOR-ACH-BILLING-CHARGING
    MINIMUM-FOR-ATTRIBUTES
    MAXIMUM-FOR-ATTRIBUTES
                                                      10
    MAXIMUM-FOR-BEARER-CAPABILITY
                                                       11
    MINIMUM-FOR-CALLED-PARTY-BCD-NUMBER
    MAXIMUM-FOR-CALLED-PARTY-BCD-NUMBER
                                                       41
    MINIMUM-FOR-CALLED-PARTY-NUMBER
    MAXIMUM-FOR-CALLED-PARTY-NUMBER
MINIMUM-FOR-CALLING-PARTY-NUMBER
MAXIMUM-FOR-CALLING-PARTY-NUMBER
                                                      18
                                                       2
                                                      10
    MINIMUM-FOR-CALL-RESULT
                                                       12
    MAXIMUM-FOR-CALL-RESULT
                                                       186
    MINIMUM-FOR-CARRIER
    MAXIMUM-FOR-CARRIER
                                                       4
    MINIMUM-FOR-CAUSE MAXIMUM-FOR-CAUSE
                                                       32
    MINIMUM-FOR-DIGITS
    MAXIMUM-FOR-DIGITS
                                                      16
    MINIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING-DATA
    MAXIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING-DATA
                                                      160
    MINIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING
    MAXIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING
                                                      225
    MINIMUM-FOR-GENERIC-NUMBER
    MAXIMUM-FOR-GENERIC-NUMBER
                                                      11
    MINIMUM-FOR-GPRS-CAUSE-LENGTH
    MAXIMUM-FOR-GPRS-CAUSE-LENGTH
                                                      1
    MINIMUM-FOR-IP-SSP-CAPABILITIES
                                                      1
    MAXIMUM-FOR-IP-SSP-CAPABILITIES
                                                       4
    MINIMUM-FOR-LOCATION-NUMBER
                                                      2
    MAXIMUM-FOR-LOCATION-NUMBER
                                                      10
    MINIMUM-FOR-MESSAGE-CONTENT
    MAXIMUM-FOR-MESSAGE-CONTENT
                                                       127
    MINIMUM-FOR-ORIGINAL-CALLED-PARTY-ID
    MAXIMUM-FOR-ORIGINAL-CALLED-PARTY-ID
                                                      10
    MINIMUM-FOR-PDP-ADDRESS-LENGTH
    MAXIMUM-FOR-PDP-ADDRESS-LENGTH
MAXIMUM-FOR-PDP-ADDRESS-LENGTH
MINIMUM-FOR-REDIRECTING-ID
                                                       63
                                                       10
    MAXIMUM-FOR-REDIRECTING-ID
    MINIMUM-FOR-GSMSCF-ID
    MAXIMUM-FOR-GSMSCF-ID
                                                      10
    MINIMUM-FOR-SCI-BILLING-CHARGING MAXIMUM-FOR-SCI-BILLING-CHARGING
                                                      124
    MINIMUM-FOR-TIME-AND-TIMEZONE
                                                      8
    MAXIMUM-FOR-TIME-AND-TIMEZONE
                                                      8
    NUM-OF-BCSM-EVENT
                                                      10
    NUM-OF-SMS-EVENTS
                                                      10
    NUM-OF-GPRS-EVENTS
                                                      10
    NUM-OF-EXTENSIONS
                                                       10
    NUM-OF-GENERIC-NUMBERS
    NUM-OF-MESSAGE-IDS
                                                       16
ÉND
```

## 5.6 Object IDentifiers (IDs)

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} ${\tt CAP-object-identifiers} & \{{\tt ccitt(0)} & {\tt identified-organization(4)} & {\tt etsi(0)} & {\tt mobileDomain(0)} \\ {\tt umts-network(1)} & {\tt modules(3)} & {\tt cap-object-identifiers(100)} & {\tt version3(2)} \\ \end{tabular} 
DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
-- This module assigns object identifiers for Modules, Packages, Contracts and AC's
-- used by CAP
  - For Modules from TC, ROS,
                                                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
       {ccitt recommendation q 773 modules(2) messages(1) version3(3)}
tc-NotationExtensions OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {ccitt recommendation q 775 modules(2) notation-extension (4) version1(1)}
ros-InformationObjects
       InformationObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {joint-iso-ccitt remote-operations(4) informationObjects(5) version1(0)}
-- For CAP Modules
        datatypes
        cap-datatypes(52) version3(2)}
                                                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
        {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3)
        cap-errortypes(51) version3(2)}
                                                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
operationcodes
        {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-operationcodes(53) version3(2)}
        rcodes
{ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3)
        cap-errorcodes(57) version3(2)}
                                                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
classes
        {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3)
        cap-classes(54) version3(2)}
        SF-gsmSCF-Operations OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3)
gsmSSF-gsmSCF-Operations
        cap-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-ops-args(101) version3(2)}
        SF-gsmSCF-Protocol OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3)
        cap-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs(102) version3(2)}
qsmSCF-qsmSRF-Operations
                                                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
        Graduation of operations of the state o
gsmSCF-gsmSRF-Protocol     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
     {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3)
     cap-gsmSCF-gsmSRF-pkgs-contracts-acs(104) version3(2)}
                                                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
        {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3)
        cap-SMS-ops-args(105) version3(2)}
        SF-gsmSCF-Protocol OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3)
smsSSF-gsmSCF-Protocol
        cap-smsSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs(106) version3(2)}
                                                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
gprsSSF-gsmSCF-Operations
        {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-GPRS-ops-args(107) version3(2)}
gprsSSF-gsmSCF-Protocol
                                                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
        {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3)
        cap-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs(108) version3(2)}
                                                              OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
        {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
        umts-network(1) cap3(20)}
                                                               OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
id-CAP0E
        {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
        umts-network(1) cap30E(21)}
                                                                                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-CAP OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-CAPOE OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-CAP OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-CAPOE OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-CAP
id-ac
                                                                                                                                                             ac(3)
id-acE
                                                                                                                                                             ac(3)
id-as
                                                                                                                                                             as(5)
id-asE
                                                                                                                                                             as(5)
id-rosObject
                                                                                                                                                             rosObject(25)}
```

```
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-CAP OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-CAP0E
id-contract
                                                                                                                                                                                   contract(26)}
                                                                                                                                                                                  contract(26)}
id-contractE
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-CAP
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-CAPOE
id-package
                                                                                                                                                                                   package(27)
                                                                                                                                                                                   package(27)
id-packageE
-- for ac, as, rosObject, contract and package, the values are identical to Q.1218
-- ROS Objects
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-rosObject 4}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-rosObject 5}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-rosObject 6}
\verb"id-rosObject-gsmSCF"
id-rosObject-gsmSSF
id-rosObject-gsmSRF
 -- gsmSSF/gsmSCF AC
id-ac-CAP-gsmSSF-scfGenericAC
id-ac-CAP-gsmSSF-scfAssistHandoffAC
                                                                                                 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-acE 4}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-acE 6}
     gsmSRF/gsmSCF AC
id-ac-gsmSRF-gsmSCF
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-ac 14}
-- gprsSSF/gsmSCF AC id-ac-CAP-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-AC
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-acE 50}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-acE 51}
id-ac-CAP-gsmSCF-gprsSSF-AC
  -- gprsSSF/gsmSCF or gsmSSF/gsmSCF AC
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-acE 61}
id-ac-cap3-sms-AC
 -- gsmSSF/gsmSCF Contracts
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-contractE 3}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-contractE 5}
id-CAPSsfToScfGeneric
\verb|id-CAPAss| is tHand offs sfToScf|
     gsmSRF/gsmSCF Contracts
id-contract-gsmSRF-gsmSCF
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-contract 13}
  -- gprsSSF/gsmSCF Contracts
id-cap3GprsSsfTogsmScf
id-cap3GsmScfToGprsSsf
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-contract 14}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-contract 15}
 -- gprsSSF/gsmSCF or gsmSSF/gsmSCF Contracts
id-cap3SmsSsfTogsmScf
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-contract 16}
      gsmSSF/gsmSCF Operation Packages
id-package-scfActivation
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 11}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 15}
id-package-gsmSRF-scfActivationOfAssist
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 16}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 17}
 id-package-assistConnectionEstablishment
id-package-genericDisconnectResource
id-package-nonAssistedConnectionEstablishment
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 18}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 19}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-packageE 20}
id-package-connect
id-package-callHandling
 id-package-bcsmEventHandling
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
                                                                                                                                                     id-package 21
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
 id-package-ssfCallProcessing
                                                                                                                                                     {id-packageE 24}
id-package-timer
id-package-billing
id-package-charging
id-package-trafficManagement
                                                                                                                                                     {id-package 26}
{id-package 27}
{id-package 28}
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
                                                                                                                                                     id-package 29
                                                                                                                                                    {id-package 32}
{id-package 33}
 id-package-callReport
 id-package-signallingControl
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 34}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-packageE 36}
id-package-activityTest
id-package-cancel
-- gsmSRF/gsmSCF Operation Packages id-package-specializedResourceControl
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 42}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 43}
id-package-gsmSRF-scfCancel
-- gprsSSF/gsmSCF Operation Packages id-package-gprsContinue OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 49} id-package-gprsExceptionInformation OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 50} id-package-gprsConnect OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 51} id-package-gprsRelease OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 52} id-package-gprsEventHandling OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 53} id-package-gprsTimer OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 54} id-package-gprsBilling OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 55} id-package-gprsCharging OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 56} id-package-gprsActivityTest OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 57} id-package-gprsCancel OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 59} id-package-gprsChargeAdvice OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 59} id-package 59} id-package-gprsChargeAdvice OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 59} id-package 59} id-package-gprsChargeAdvic
 -- gprsSSF/gsmSCF Operation Packages
-- gprsSSF/gsmSCF or gsmSSF/gsmSCF Operation Packages id-package-smsActivation OBJECT ID id-package-smsConnect OBJECT ID
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 61}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 62}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 63}
                                                                                                                                                     id-package 63
id-package-smsContinue
                                                                                                                                                    {id-package 64
{id-package 65
 id-package-smsRelease
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
id-package-smsEventHandling
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
                                                                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 66}
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-package 67}
id-package-smsBilling
id-package-smsTimer
-- gsmSSF/gsmSCF Abstract Syntaxes
```

```
id-as-gsmSSF-scfGenericAS
id-as-assistHandoff-gsmSSF-scfAS

-- gsmSRF/gsmSCF Abstract Syntaxes
id-as-basic-gsmSRF-gsmSCF
-- gprsSSF/gsmSCF Abstract Syntaxes
id-as-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-AS
id-as-gsmSCF-AS
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-as 14}

-- gprsSSF/gsmSCF Abstract Syntaxes
id-as-gprsSSF-AS
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-as 50}
oBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-as 51}

-- gprsSSF/gsmSCF or gsmSSF/gsmSCF Abstract Syntaxes
id-as-sms-AS
OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {id-as 61}
```

#### 5.7 User Abort Data

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} ${\tt CAP-U-ABORT-Data}$ & {\tt ccitt(0)}$ identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-u-abort-data(110) version3(2)} \\ \end{tabular} 
DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
 \  \  id-CAP-U-ABORT-Reason\ OBJECT\ IDENTIFIER\ ::= \{ccitt(0)\ identified-organization(4)\ etsi(0)\ etsi(0)\
mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) as(1) cap-u-abort-reason(2) version3(2)}
CAP-U-ABORT-Reason-Abstract-Syntax ABSTRACT-SYNTAX ::= {CAP-U-ABORT-REASON IDENTIFIED BY
id-CAP-U-ABORT-Reason}
CAP-U-ABORT-REASON ::= ENUMERATED {
         no-reason-given(1),
         application-timer-expired(2),
         not-allowed-procedures(3),
         abnormal-processing(4),
         congestion(5),
         invalid-reference(6)
         missing-reference (7)
         overlapping-dialogue (8)
                                                                        shall be set when application timer (e.g. Tssf) is expired.
 -- application-timer-expired
                                                                        shall be set when received signal is not allowed in CAP
-- not-allowed-procedures
                                                                        procedures.
__
                                                                        For example, when class4 operation is received from SCF and
___
                                                                        the operation is not allowed in SSF FSM.
                                                                        (SSF FSM cannot continue state transition). (e.g. ReleaseCall operation received in Waiting for End of Temporary Connection
___
__
                                                                        state.)
-- abnormal-processing
                                                                        shall be set when abnormal procedures occur at entity action.
                                                                        shall be set when requested resource is unavailable due to congestion at TC user (CAP) level.
-- congestion
-- invalid-reference
                                                                        shall be set if the received destinationReference is unknown or
                                                                        for a known destination Reference the received origination \ensuremath{\mathsf{Reference}}
__
                                                                        does not match with the stored originationReference. This abort reason is used for CAP defined GPRS-ReferenceNumber.
                                                                        shall be set when the destinationReference or the
 -- missing-reference
                                                                        originationReference is absent in the received message but
___
                                                                        required to be present according to the procedures in 12.1.7.
                                                                        This abort reason is used for CAP defined GPRS-ReferenceNumber.
                                                                        shall be used by the gprsSSF to indicate to the gsmSCF that a specific instance already has a TC dialogue open. This error
-- overlapping-dialogue
                                                                        cause is typically obtained when both the gsmSCF and gprsSSF
                                                                        open a new dialogue at the same time.
 -- no-reason-given
                                                                        shall be set when any other reasons above do not apply
END -- of CAP-U-ABORT-Data
```

# 6 Circuit Switched Call Control

# 6.1 gsmSSF/CCF - gsmSCF Interface

#### 6.1.1 Operations and arguments

```
CAP-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-ops-args {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-ops-args(101) version3(2)}
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::= BEGIN
-- This module contains the operations and operation arguments used for the
-- gsmSSF - gsmSCF interface, for the control of circuit switched calls.
 - The table in section 2.1 lists the specifications that contain the modules
-- that are used by CAP.
TMPORTS
    errortypes,
    datatypes,
    operation codes,
    classes,
    tc-Messages
    ros-InformationObjects
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
    CallingPartysCategory
    HighLayerCompatibility,
    RedirectionInformation,
    ServiceKey
 FROM \ CS1-DataTypes \ \left\{ccitt(0) \ identified-organization(4) \ etsi(0) \ inDomain(1) \ in-network(1) \right. \\ 
modules(0) cs1-datatypes(2) version1(0)}
    MiscCallInfo
FROM CS2-datatypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) inDomain(1) in-network(1) cs2(20) modules(0) in-cs2-datatypes (0) version1(0)}
    Ext-BasicServiceCode,
    IMSI,
ISDN-AddressString
FROM MAP-CommonDataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-CommonDataTypes(18) version6(6)}
    {\tt CUG-Index}
    CUG-Interlock,
    CUG-Info,
    LocationInformation.
    SubscriberState
 FROM \ MAP-MS-DataTypes \ \{ ccitt(0) \ identified-organization(4) \ etsi(0) \ mobileDomain(0) \} 
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-MS-DataTypes(11) version6(6)}
    CallReferenceNumber,
    SuppressionOfAnnouncement
FROM MAP-CH-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-CH-DataTypes(13) version6(6)}
    PARAMETERS-BOUND
FROM CAP-classes classes
    opcode-activityTest,
    opcode-applyCharging,
    opcode-applyChargingReport
    opcode-assistRequestInstructions,
    opcode-callGap,
    opcode-callInformationReport,
opcode-callInformationRequest,
    opcode-cancel,
    opcode-connect
    opcode-connectToResource,
    opcode-continue,
    opcode-continueWithArgument,
    opcode-disconnectForwardConnection,
    opcode-establishTemporaryConnection,
    opcode-eventReportBCSM,
    opcode-furnishChargingInformation,
    opcode-initialDP
    opcode-releaseCall,
```

```
opcode-requestReportBCSMEvent,
     opcode-resetTimer,
opcode-sendChargingInformation FROM CAP-operationcodes operationcodes
     AChBillingChargingCharacteristics {},
     AdditionalCallingPartyNumber {},
     AlertingPattern,
     AssistingSSPIPRoutingAddress {},
     BCSMEvent,
BearerCapability {},
CalledPartyNumber {},
     CalledPartyBCDNumber {},
     CallingPartyNumber {},
     CallResult {},
     Carrier,
Cause {},
CGEncountered,
     ChargeNumber {},
     ControlType,
     CorrelationID {},
     DestinationRoutingAddress {},
EventSpecificInformationBCSM {},
     EventTypeBCSM, Extensions {},
     FCIBillingChargingCharacteristics {},
     GapCriteria {},
     GapIndicators,
     GapTreatment,
GenericNumbers {},
     InvokeID,
     IPRoutingAddress {},
IPSSPCapabilities {},
     leg1,
     LocationNumber {},
     MonitorMode,
NAOliInfo,
     OCSIApplicable,
     OriginalCalledPartyID {},
     ReceivingSideID,
     RedirectingPartyID {},
RequestedInformationList {},
RequestedInformationTypeList,
     ScfID {},
ScIBillingChargingCharacteristics {},
     SendingSideID,
     ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo,
     TimeAndTimezone {},
     TimerID,
     TimerValue
FROM CAP-datatypes datatypes
     cancelFailed,
     eTCFailed,
     missingCustomerRecord,
     missingParameter,
     parameterOutOfRange, requestedInfoError,
     systemFailure,
      taskRefused,
     {\tt unexpectedComponentSequence,}
     unexpectedDataValue,
     unexpectedParameter,
     unknownLegID
FROM CAP-errortypes errortypes
activityTest OPERATION ::= {
     RETURN RESULT TRUE
                 opcode-activityTest
     CODE
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: T<sub>at</sub>
-- This operation is used to check for the continued existence of a relationship -- between the gsmSCF and gsmSSF, assistSSF or gsmSRF. If the relationship is -- still in existence, then the gsmSSF will respond. If no reply is received, -- then the gsmSCF will assume that the gsmSSF, assistSSF or grmSRF has failed -- in some way.
applyCharging {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
     ARGUMENT
                            ApplyChargingArg {bound}
     RETURN RESULT
                            FALSE
                            {missingParameter |
unexpectedComponentSequence |
     ERRORS
                            unexpectedParameter
                            unexpectedDataValue
                            parameterOutOfRange
                             systemFailure |
```

```
taskRefused
                        unknownLegID}
     CODE
                        opcode-applyCharging
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: T_{ac}
-- This operation is used for interacting from the gsmSCF with the gsmSSF charging mechanisms.
-- The ApplyChargingReport operation provides the feedback from the gsmSSF to the gsmSCF.
ApplyChargingArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
   aChBillingChargingCharacteristics [0] AChBillingChargingCharacteristics {bound},
   partyToCharge [2] SendingSideID DEFAULT sendingSideID : leg1,
     extensions
                                                [3] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
-- The partyToCharge parameter indicates the party in the call to which the ApplyCharging operation
-- shall be applied.
applyChargingReport {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
     ARGUMENT
                        ApplyChargingReportArg {bound}
     RETURN RESULT
                        FALSE
                        {missingParameter |
     ERRORS
                        unexpectedComponentSequence |
                        unexpectedParameter
                        unexpectedDataValue
                        parameterOutOfRange
                        systemFailure
                        taskRefused}
                        opcode-applyChargingReport
     CODE
-- Direction: gsmSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer: Tacr
-- This operation is used by the gsmSSF to report to the gsmSCF the occurrence of a
-- specific charging event as requested by the gsmSCF using the ApplyCharging operation.
ApplyChargingReportArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= CallResult {bound}
assistRequestInstructions {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
     ARGUMENT
                        AssistRequestInstructionsArg {bound}
     RETURN RESULT
                        FALSE
                        {missingCustomerRecord |
     ERRORS
                        missingParameter |
                        systemFailure |
                        taskRefused
                        unexpectedComponentSequence |
                        unexpectedDataValue |
                        unexpectedParameter}
                        opcode-assistRequestInstructions
     CODE
-- Direction: gsmSSF -> gsmSCF or gsmSRF -> gsmSCF, Timer: T<sub>ari</sub>
-- This operation is used when there is an assist procedure and may be
-- sent by the gsmSSF or gsmSRF to the gsmSCF. This operation is sent by the -- assisting gsmSSF to gsmSCF, when the initiating gsmSSF has set up a connection to -- the gsmSRF or to the assisting gsmSSF as a result of receiving an
-- EstablishTemporaryConnection from
-- the gsmSCF
-- Refer to clause 11 for a description of the procedures associated with this operation.
AssistRequestInstructionsArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
    correlationID [0] CorrelationID {bound},
    iPSSPCapabilities [2] IPSSPCapabilities {bound},
     extensions
                             [3] Extensions {bound}
                                                                                       OPTIONAL,
-- OPTIONAL denotes network operator specific use. The value of the correlationID may be the
-- Called Party Number supplied by the initiating gsmSSF.
callGap {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
     ARGUMENT
                       CallGapArg {bound}
     RETURN RESULT
     ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
     CODE
                       opcode-callGap
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: T_{CQ}
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to reduce the rate at which specific service
-- requests are sent to the gsmSCF.
CallGapArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}::= SEQUENCE {
   gapCriteria [0] GapCriteria {bound},
     gapIndicators
                        [1] GapIndicators,
                        [2] ControlType
                                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
     controlType
     gapTreatment
                        [3] GapTreatment {bound}
                                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
     extensions
                       [4] Extensions {bound}
                                                                   OPTIONAL,
-- OPTIONAL denotes network operator optional. If gapTreatment is not present, the gsmSSF will
-- use a default treatment depending on network operator implementation.
```

```
callInformationReport {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
    ARGUMENT
                      CallInformationReportArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT FALSE
ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
    CODE
                      opcode-callInformationReport
-- Direction: gsmSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer: T<sub>cirp</sub>
-- This operation is used to send specific call information for a single call party to the gsmSCF as -- requested by the gsmSCF in a previous CallInformationRequest.
CallInformationReportArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
    requestedInformationList
                                    [0] RequestedInformationList {bound}, [2] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
    extensions
                                     [3] ReceivingSideID OPTIONAL,
    legID
callInformationRequest {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
                       CallInformationRequestArg {bound}
    ARGUMENT
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
    ERRORS
                       {missingParameter
                       parameterOutOfRange
                       requestedInfoError |
                       systemFailure |
                       taskRefused |
                       unexpectedComponentSequence |
                       unexpectedDataValue
                       unexpectedParameter
                       unknownLegID}
    CODE
                       opcode-callInformationRequest
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: Tcirq
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to record specific information about a single -- call party and report it to the gsmSCF (with a CallInformationReport operation).
CallInformationRequestArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}::= SEQUENCE
                                         [0] RequestedInformationTypeList,
[2] Extensions {bound}
    requestedInformationTypeList
    extensions
                                                                                  OPTIONAL.
    legID
                                         [3] SendingSideID
                                                                                  OPTIONAL.
-- OPTIONAL denotes network operator optional.
cancel OPERATION ::= {
                       CancelArg
    ARGUMENT
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
                       {cancelFailed |
    ERRORS
                       missingParameter |
                       taskRefused}
    CODE
                       opcode-cancel
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, or gsmSCF -> gsmSRF, Timer: T_{can}
-- This operation cancels the correlated previous operation or all previous requests. The following
-- operations can be canceled: PlayAnnouncement, PromptAndCollectUserInformation.
CancelArg ::= CHOICE {
   invokeID
                           [0] InvokeID,
[1] NULL
    allRequests
-- The InvokeID has the same value as that which was used for the operation to be cancelled.
connect {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
    ARGUMENT
                       ConnectArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
                       {missingParameter |
    ERRORS
                       parameterOutOfRange |
                       systemFailure |
                       taskRefused |
                       unexpectedComponentSequence |
                       unexpectedDataValue
                       unexpectedParameter}
    CODE
                       opcode-connect
-- Direction: gsmSCF-> gsmSSF, Timer: T_{con}
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to perform the call processing actions -- to route or forward a call to a specified destination.
ConnectArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
    destinationRoutingAddress
                                         [0] DestinationRoutingAddress {bound},
    alertingPattern
                                         [1] AlertingPattern
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                         [6] OriginalCalledPartyID {bound}
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
    originalCalledPartyID
                                         [10] Extensions {bound}
[11] Carrier {bound}
                                                                                            OPTIONAL.
    extensions
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
    carrier
                                         [28] CallingPartysCategory
    callingPartysCategory
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                         [29] RedirectingPartyID {bound}
    redirectingPartyID
                                         [30] RedirectionInformation
    redirectionInformation
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
    genericNumbers
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                         [14] GenericNumbers {bound}
    serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo [15] ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo
                                                                                            OPTIONAL.
```

```
[19] ChargeNumber {bound}
[31] CUG-Interlock
       chargeNumber
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
       cug-Interlock
                                                                      [32] NULL
       cuq-OutqoingAccess
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL.
       suppressionOfAnnouncement
                                                                      [55] SuppressionOfAnnouncement
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                                                      [56] OCSIApplicable
       oCSIApplicable
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL.
       naOliInfo
                                                                      [57] NAOliInfo
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
-- na-Info is included at the discretion of the gsmSCF operator.
\verb|connectToResource| \{ \verb|PARAMETERS-BOUND| : bound \} | OPERATION| ::= \{ | (A - A - A) | (A - A
                                      ConnectToResourceArg {bound}
       ARGUMENT
       RETURN RESULT
                                      FALSE
       ERRORS
                                       {missingParameter |
                                       systemFailure |
                                      taskRefused
                                      unexpectedComponentSequence |
                                       unexpectedDataValue
                                       unexpectedParameter}
       CODE
                                      opcode-connectToResource
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: Tctr
-- This operation is used to connect a call from the gsmSSF to the
-- Refer to clause 11 for a description of the procedures associated with this operation.
ConnectToResourceArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
   resourceAddress CHOICE {
                                                                      [0] IPRoutingAddress {bound},
              ipRoutingAddress
               none
                                                                      [3] NULL
                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
        extensions
                                                                      [4] Extensions {bound}
       serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo [7] ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo
                                                                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL.
continue OPERATION ::=
       RETURN RESULT FALSE
       ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
       CODE
                                      opcode-continue
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: T<sub>cue</sub>
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to proceed with call processing at the
-- DP at which it previously suspended call processing to await gsmSCF instructions -- (i.e. proceed to the next point in call in the BCSM). The gsmSSF continues call
-- processing without substituting new data from gsmSCF.
\begin{array}{ll} {\tt continueWithArgument} \ \{\texttt{PARAMETERS-BOUND} : \texttt{bound}\} \ \texttt{OPERATION} : := \{ \\ {\tt ARGUMENT} \ \ \texttt{ContinueWithArgumentArg} \ \{\texttt{bound}\} \end{array}
       RETURN RESULT
                                      FALSE
       ERRORS
                                       {missingParameter |
                                      parameterOutOfRange
                                      unexpectedComponentSequence
                                      unexpectedDataValue |
                                      unexpectedParameter}
       CODE
                                      opcode-continueWithArgument
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: T_{CWa}
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to proceed with call processing at the
-- DP at which it previously suspended call processing to await gsmSCF instructions -- (i.e. proceed to the next point in call in the BCSM). The gsmSSF continues call -- processing with the modified call setup information as received from the gsmSCF.
ContinueWithArgumentArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                                      [1] AlertingPattern
[6] Extensions {bound}
       alertingPattern
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
       extensions
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
       {\tt serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo}
                                                                      [7] ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                                                      [12] CallingPartysCategory
[16] GenericNumbers {bound}
       callingPartysCategory
                                                                                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
       genericNumbers
                                                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
       cug-Interlock
                                                                      [17] CUG-Interlock
                                                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                                                      [18] NULL
       cug-OutgoingAccess
                                                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                                                      [50] ChargeNumber {bound}
       chargeNumber
                                                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                                                      [52] Carrier {bound}
       carrier
                                                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
       suppressionOfAnnouncement
                                                                      [55] SuppressionOfAnnouncement
       na0liInfo
                                                                      [56] NAOliInfo
                                                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
disconnectForwardConnection OPERATION ::= {
       RETURN RESULT FALSE
       ERRORS
                                       {systemFailure |
                                       taskRefused
                                      unexpectedComponentSequence}
                                      opcode-disconnectForwardConnection
       CODE
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: Tdfc
-- This operation is used to disconnect a forward temporary connection or a connection to a
```

```
-- resource. Refer to clause 11 for a description of the procedures associated with this operation.
RETURN RESULT
                                       FALSE
                                       {eTCFailed |
                                       missingParameter |
                                       systemFailure |
                                       taskRefused
                                       unexpectedComponentSequence |
                                       unexpectedDataValue |
                                       unexpectedParameter}
                                       opcode-establishTemporaryConnection
        CODE
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: T<sub>etc</sub>
-- This operation is used to create a connection to a resource for a limited period
-- of time (e.g. to play an announcement, to collect user information); it implies
-- the use of the assist procedure. Refer to clause 11 for a description of the
-- procedures associated with this operation.
EstablishTemporaryConnectionArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                                      [0] AssistingSSPIPRoutingAddress {bound},
        {\tt assisting SSPIP Routing Address}
                                                                      [1] CorrelationID {bound} OPTIO
[3] ScfID {bound}
[4] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
        correlationID
        scfID
                                                                                                                                                                          OPTIONAL.
        extensions
                                                                      [5] Carrier {bound}
        carrier
                                                                                                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
        serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo
                                                                     [6] ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo
                                                                                                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
        naOliInfo
                                                                      [50] NAOliInfo
                                                                                                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
        chargeNumber
                                                                      [51] ChargeNumber {bound}
                                                                                                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
eventReportBCSM {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
                                   EventReportBCSMArg {bound}
        RETURN RESULT
                                      FALSE
        ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                                      opcode-eventReportBCSM
        CODE
-- Direction: gsmSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer: T<sub>erb</sub>
 -- This operation is used to notify the gsmSCF of a call-related event (e.g. BCSM
 -- events such as busy or no answer) previously requested by the gsmSCF in a
-- RequestReportBCSMEvent operation.
 \mbox{ EventReportBCSMArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} } ::= \mbox{ SEQUENCE } \{ \mbox{ } \m
        eventTypeBCSM
                                                                      [0] EventTypeBCSM,
                                                                      [2] EventSpecificInformationBCSM {bound}
        eventSpecificInformationBCSM
                                                                                                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
        leaID
                                                                      [3] ReceivingSideID
        miscCallInfo
                                                                      [4] MiscCallInfo
                                                                                                                                  DEFAULT {messageType request},
                                                                      [5] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
        extensions
furnishChargingInformation {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
                                       FurnishChargingInformationArg {bound}
        RETURN RESULT
                                       FALSE
        ERRORS
                                       {missingParameter |
                                       taskRefused |
                                       unexpectedComponentSequence
                                       unexpectedDataValue |
                                       unexpectedParameter}
        CODE
                                       opcode-furnishChargingInformation
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: Tfci
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to generate, register a call record -- or to include some information in the default call record.
-- The registered call record is intended for off line charging of the call.
FurnishChargingInformationArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::=
FCIBillingChargingCharacteristics{bound}
initialDP {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
                                      InitialDPArg {bound}
        ARGUMENT
        RETURN RESULT
                                       FALSE
        ERRORS
                                       {missingCustomerRecord |
                                       missingParameter |
                                       parameterOutOfRange |
                                       systemFailure |
                                       taskRefused |
                                       unexpectedComponentSequence |
                                       unexpectedDataValue |
                                       unexpectedParameter}
        CODE
                                       opcode-initialDP
-- Direction: gsmSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer: Tidp
-- This operation is used after a TDP to indicate request for service.
InitialDPArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
```

```
[0] ServiceKey ,
[2] CalledPartyNumber {bound}
[3] CallingPartyNumber {bound}
[5] CallingPartysCategory
       serviceKey
       calledPartyNumber
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       callingPartyNumber callingPartysCategory
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL.
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       cGEncountered
                                                                             [7] CGEncountered
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
        iPSSPCapabilities
                                                                             [8] IPSSPCapabilities {bound}
                                                                            [10] LocationNumber {bound}
[12] OriginalCalledPartyID {bound}
[15] Extensions {bound}
[23] HighLayerCompatibility OPTIONAL,
[25] AdditionalCallingPartyNumber {bound}
       locationNumber
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       originalCalledPartyID
                                                                                                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       extensions
       highLayerCompatibility additionalCallingPartyNumber
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                             [27] BearerCapability {bound}
       bearerCapability
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       eventTypeBCSM
                                                                             [28] EventTypeBCSM
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       redirectingPartyID
                                                                             [29] RedirectingPartyID {bound}
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                             [30] RedirectionInformation [17] Cause {bound}
                                                                                                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
       redirectionInformation
       cause
       serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo
                                                                             [32] ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                             [37] Carrier {bound}
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       carrier
                                                                             [45] CUG-Index
       cug-Index
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       cug-Interlock
                                                                             [46] CUG-Interlock
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
        cug-OutgoingAccess
                                                                             [47] NULL
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                             [50] IMSI
       iMST
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                            [51] SubscriberState
       subscriberState
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       locationInformation
                                                                             [52] LocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       ext-basicServiceCode
                                                                            [53] Ext-BasicServiceCode
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       callReferenceNumber
                                                                            [54] CallReferenceNumber
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
       mscAddress
                                                                            [55] ISDN-AddressString
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                           [56] CalledPartyBCDNumber {bound}
[57] TimeAndTimezone {bound}
[58] NULL
       calledPartyBCDNumber
                                                                                                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
       timeAndTimezone
                                                                                                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
       gsm-ForwardingPending
        initialDPArgExtension
                                                                            [59] InitialDPArgExtension
                                                                                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                  ::= SEQUENCE {
InitialDPArgExtension
                                                                            [0] ISDN-AddressString
       gmscAddress
                                                                                                                                                                        OPTIONAL.
}
-- If iPSSPCapabilities is not present then this denotes that a colocated gsmSRF is not
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present, then the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present, then the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present, then the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present, then the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present, then the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present, then the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present, then the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present, then the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present, then the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF. If present supported by the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF capable
-- supported by the gsmSSF supports a colocated gsmSRF supports are supported by the gsmSSF s
-- of playing announcements via elementaryMessageIDs and variableMessages, the playing of -- tones and the collection of DTMF digits. Other supported capabilities are explicitly -- detailed in the IPSSPCapabilities parameter itself.
-- Carrier is included at the discretion of the gsmSSF operator.
releaseCall {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
       ARGUMENT
                                   ReleaseCallArg {bound}
       RETURN RESULT
                                     FALSE
       ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                                     opcode-releaseCall
       CODE
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: T_{rc}
-- This operation is used to tear down an existing call at any phase of the call for all parties
-- involved in the call.
{\tt ReleaseCallArg~\{PARAMETERS-BOUND~:~bound\}~::=~Cause~\{bound\}}
   - A default value of decimal 31 (normal unspecified) shall be given.
requestReportBCSMEvent {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
       ARGUMENT
                                     RequestReportBCSMEventArg {bound}
       RETURN RESULT
       ERRORS
                                      {missingParameter |
                                      parameterOutOfRange |
                                      systemFailure |
                                      taskRefused |
                                      unexpectedComponentSequence |
                                      unexpectedDataValue
                                      unexpectedParameter
                                      unknownLegID}
       CODE
                                      opcode-requestReportBCSMEvent
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: Trrb
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to monitor for a call-related event
-- (e.g. BCSM events such as busy or no answer), then send a notification back to the gsmSCF when
-- the event is detected.
-- NOTE:
               Every EDP must be explicitly armed by the gsmSCF via a RequestReportBCSMEvent operation. No implicit arming of EDPs at the gsmSSF after reception of any operation (different from RequestReportBCSMEvent) from the gsmSCF is allowed.
RequestReportBCSMEventArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
   bcsmEvents [0] SEQUENCE SIZE(1..bound.&numOfBCSMEvents) OF BCSMEvent,
       extensions [2] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
-- Indicates the BCSM related events for notification.
resetTimer {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
```

```
ResetTimerArg {bound}
    ARGUMENT
    RETURN RESULT
                      FALSE
                      {missingParameter
    ERRORS
                      parameterOutOfRange
                      taskRefused |
                      unexpectedComponentSequence |
                      unexpectedDataValue
                      unexpectedParameter}
    CODE
                      opcode-resetTimer
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: Trt
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to refresh an application timer in the gsmSSF.
ResetTimerArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
   timerID      [0] TimerID DEFAULT tssf,
   timervalue      [1] TimerValue,
                      [2] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
    extensions
RETURN RESULT
                      FALSE
    ERRORS
                      {missingParameter |
                      unexpectedComponentSequence |
                      unexpectedParameter
                      parameterOutOfRange
                      systemFailure |
                      taskRefused
                      unexpectedDataValue |
                      unknownLegID}
    CODE
                      opcode-sendChargingInformation
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF, Timer: T<sub>SCI</sub>
-- This operation is used to instruct the gsmSSF on the charging information to send by the gsmSSF.
-- The charging information can either be sent back by means of signalling or internal -- if the gsmSSF is located in the local exchange. In the local exchange
-- this information may be used to update the charge meter or to create a standard call record.
SendChargingInformationArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}::= SEQUENCE {
                                            [0] SCIBillingChargingCharacteristics {bound},
[1] SendingSideID,
    sCIBillingChargingCharacteristics
    partyToCharge
    extensions
                                            [2] Extensions {bound}
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
END
```

The following value ranges apply for operation specific timers in CAP:

short: 1 s - 10 s medium: 1 s - 60 s long: 1 s - 30 minutes Table 6-1 lists all operation timers and the value range for each timer. The definitive value for each operation timer may be network specific and has to be defined by the network operator.

**Operation Name** Value range ActivityTest short  $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{at}}$ **ApplyCharging** short  $T_{ac}$ ApplyChargingReport Tacr short AssistRequestInstructions short Tari CallInformationReport Tcirp short CallInformationRequest short Tcira Cancel short T<sub>can</sub> CallGap short  $T_{cg}$ Connect short  $T_{con}$ ConnectToResource short  $T_{ctr}$ Continue short  $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{cue}}$ ContinueWithArgument  $T_{cwa}$ short DisconnectForwardConnection  $T_{dfc}$ short **EstablishTemporaryConnection** medium Tetc **EventReportBCSM** short  $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{erb}}$ FurnishChargingInformation  $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{fci}}$ short InitialDP T<sub>idp</sub> short ReleaseCall short  $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{rc}}$ RequestReportBCSMEvent  $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{rrb}}$ short ResetTimer  $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{rt}}$ short SendChargingInformation T<sub>sci</sub> short

Table 6-1: Timer value ranges

# 6.1.2 gsmSSF/gsmSCF packages, contracts and ACs

#### 6.1.2.1 gsmSSF/gsmSCF ASN.1 module

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} ${\tt CAP-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs} & \{{\tt ccitt}(0) \ identified-organization}(4) \ {\tt etsi}(0) \ mobile{\tt Domain}(0) \ umts-network}(1) \ modules(3) \ cap-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs}(102) \ version3(2) \} \\ \end{tabular} 
DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
-- This module specifies the Operation Packages, Contracts, Application Contexts
-- and Abstract Syntaxes used for the gsmSSF - gsmSCF interface, for the control of
-- circuit switched calls.
\stackrel{--}{} The table in section 2.1 lists the specifications that contain the modules \stackrel{--}{} that are used by CAP.
IMPORTS
     PARAMETERS-BOUND
     cAPSpecificBoundSet
FROM CAP-classes classes
     CONTRACT,
     OPERATION-PACKAGE,
     OPERATION
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
     TCMessage {}
FROM TCAPMessages tc-Messages
     APPLICATION-CONTEXT,
     dialogue-abstract-syntax
FROM TC-Notation-Extensions tc-NotationExtensions
     activityTest,
     applyCharging {},
     applyChargingReport {},
```

```
assistRequestInstructions {},
     callGap {},
     callInformationReport {},
callInformationRequest {},
     cancel ,
     connect {},
     connectToResource {},
     continue,
     continueWithArgument {},
disconnectForwardConnection,
     establishTemporaryConnection {},
     eventReportBCSM {}
     furnishChargingInformation {},
     initialDP {},
releaseCall {},
requestReportBCSMEvent {},
resetTimer {},
sendChargingInformation {}
FROM CAP-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-ops-args gsmSSF-gsmSCF-Operations
     playAnnouncement {},
promptAndCollectUserInformation {},
     specializedResourceReport
FROM CAP-gsmSCF-gsmSRF-ops-args gsmSCF-gsmSRF-Operations
     specializedResourceControlPackage {}
FROM CAP-gsmSCF-gsmSRF-pkgs-contracts-acs gsmSCF-gsmSRF-Protocol
     id-ac-CAP-gsmSSF-scfGenericAC,
id-ac-CAP-gsmSSF-scfAssistHandoffAC,
id-CAPSsfToScfGeneric,
     id-CAPAssistHandoffssfToScf,
     id-as-gsmSSF-scfGenericAS,
     id-as-assistHandoff-gsmSSF-scfAS,
     id-package-scfActivation,
id-package-gsmSRF-scfActivationOfAssist,
id-package-assistConnectionEstablishment,
     id-package-genericDisconnectResource
     id-package-nonAssistedConnectionEstablishment,
     id-package-connect,
     id-package-callHandling,
id-package-bcsmEventHandling,
id-package-ssfCallProcessing,
     id-package-timer,
     id-package-billing,
     id-package-charging,
     id-package-trafficManagement,
     id-package-callReport,
id-package-signallingControl,
     id-package-activityTest,
     id-package-cancel,
     classes,
     ros-InformationObjects,
     tc-Messages,
     tc-NotationExtensions,
     {\tt gsmSSF-gsmSCF-Operations},
     gsmSCF-gsmSRF-Operations,
     gsmSCF-gsmSRF-Protocol
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
-- Application Contexts
capssf-scfGenericAC APPLICATION-CONTEXT ::= {
     CONTRACT
                                         capSsfToScfGeneric
     DIALOGUE MODE
                                         structured
                                        {dialogue-abstract-syntax | gsmSSF-scfGenericAbstractSyntax}
     ABSTRACT SYNTAXES
                                        id-ac-CAP-gsmSSF-scfGenericAC}
     APPLICATION CONTEXT NAME
capssf-scfAssistHandoffAC APPLICATION-CONTEXT ::=
                                        capAssistHandoffssfToScf
     CONTRACT
     DIALOGUE MODE
                                         structured
                                        dialogue-abstract-syntax |
assistHandoff-gsmSSF-scfAbstractSyntax}
     ABSTRACT SYNTAXES
                                        id-ac-CAP-gsmSSF-scfAssistHandoffAC}
     APPLICATION CONTEXT NAME
-- Contracts
capSsfToScfGeneric CONTRACT ::= {
-- dialogue initiated by gsmSSF with InitialDP Operation
   INITIATOR CONSUMER OF
               \{ {\tt scfActivationPackage} \ \{ {\tt cAPSpecificBoundSet} \} \}
     RESPONDER CONSUMER OF
               {activityTestPackage|
```

```
assistConnectionEstablishmentPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                      bcsmEventHandlingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | billingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | callHandlingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                      callReportPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
                      cancelPackage
                      chargingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
connectPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                      genericDisconnectResourcePackage |
nonAssistedConnectionEstablishmentPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                      signallingControlPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
                      specializedResourceControlPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | ssfCallProcessingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                      timerPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
                       trafficManagementPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}}
       TD
                      id-CAPSsfToScfGeneric
capAssistHandoffssfToScf CONTRACT ::= {
      dialogue initiated by gsmSSF with AssistRequestInstructions
       INITIATOR CONSUMER OF
                       {gsmSRF-scfActivationOfAssistPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}}
       RESPONDER CONSUMER OF
                      {activityTestPackage|
callHandlingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                      cancelPackage
                      genericDisconnectResourcePackage
                      nonAssistedConnectionEstablishmentPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                      specializedResourceControlPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
timerPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}}
id-CAPAssistHandoffssfToScf
       TD
-- Operation Packages
scfActivationPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {initialDP {bound}}}
                      id-package-scfActivation}
gsmSRF-scfActivationOfAssistPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
CONSUMER INVOKES {assistRequestInstructions {bound}}

ID id-package-gsmSRF-scfActivationOfAssist}

assistConnectionEstablishmentPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {establishTemporaryConnection {bound}}

ID id-package-assistConnectionEstablishment}
genericDisconnectResourcePackage OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
       CONSUMER INVOKES {disconnectForwardConnection}
ID id-package-genericDisconnectResource}

nonAssistedConnectionEstablishmentPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {connectToResource {bound}}

    ID id-package-nonAssistedConnectionEstablishment}

connectPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
       CONSUMER INVOKES {connect {bound}}
                     id-package-connect}
callHandlingPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {releaseCall {bound}}
    ID id-package-callHandling}

bcsmEventHandlingPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {requestReportBCSMEvent {bound}}
    SUPPLIER INVOKES {eventReportBCSM {bound}}

    ID id package begreverHandling}
                     id-package-bcsmEventHandling}
SSFCallProcessingPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {continueWithArgument {bound} | continue} }
    ID id-package-ssfCallProcessing}
timerPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {resetTimer {bound}} }
ID id-package-timer {bound}}

ID id-package-timer}

billingPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {furnishChargingInformation {bound}}
                     R INVOKES {furnishChargingInformation {bound}}
id-package-billing}
kage {Parameters }
chargingPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
   CONSUMER INVOKES {applyCharging {bound}}}
   SUPPLIER INVOKES {applyChargingReport {bound}}
                     id-package-charging}
trafficManagementPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {callGap {bound}}
    ID id-package-trafficManagement}
    callReportPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
                                            {callInformationRequest {bound}} {callInformationReport {bound}}
       CONSUMER INVOKÈS
        SUPPLIER INVOKES
ID id-package-callReport}
signallingControlPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {sendChargingInformation {bound}}
    ID id-package-signallingControl}
activityTestPackage OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
       CONSUMER INVOKES {activityTest}
                     id-package-activityTest}
               cancelPackage OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
       CONSUMER INVOKES
                                            {cancel }
```

id-package-cancel}

TD

```
-- Abstract Syntaxes
gsmSSF-scfGenericAbstractSyntax ABSTRACT-SYNTAX ::= {
GenericSSF-gsmSCF-PDUs

IDENTIFIED BY id-as-gsmSSF-scfGenericAS}

GenericSSF-gsmSCF-PDUs ::= TCMessage {{SsfToScfGenericInvokable},

{SsfToScfGenericReturnable}}
SsfToScfGenericInvokable OPERATION ::=
                                 activityTest |
                                 applyCharging {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
applyChargingReport {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
callInformationReport {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
callInformationRequest {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 cancel
                                                        {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
                                  connect
                                 continueWithArgument {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 connectToResource {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
disconnectForwardConnection |
                                 establishTemporaryConnection {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | eventReportBCSM {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | furnishChargingInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 initialDP {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
releaseCall {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
requestReportBCSMEvent {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 resetTimer {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
sendChargingInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
playAnnouncement {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
promptAndCollectUserInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                  specializedResourceReport
SsfToScfGenericReturnable OPERATION ::= {
                                 activityTest |
applyCharging {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
                                 applyChargingReport {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | callGap {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 callInformationRequest {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 connect {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
connectToResource {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 continue
                                 continueWithArgument {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 disconnectForwardConnection |
                                  establishTemporaryConnection {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
                                 furnishChargingInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet} initialDP {cAPSpecificBoundSet} releaseCall {cAPSpecificBoundSet} requestReportBCSMEvent {cAPSpecificBoundSet} }
                                 resetTimer {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
                                  sendChargingInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 playAnnouncement {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
promptAndCollectUserInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
\verb|assistHandoff-gsmSSF-scfAbstractSyntax| ABSTRACT-SYNTAX ::= \{ \\
           AssistHandoffsSF-gsmSCF-PDUs
            IDENTIFIED BY id-as-assistHandoff-gsmSSF-scfAS}
{\tt AssistHandoffsSF-gsmSCF-PDUs} ::= {\tt TCMessage} \ \{ \{ {\tt AssistHandoffssfToScfInvokable} \}, \\ {\tt AssistHandoffssfToScfInv
                                   {AssistHandoffssfToScfReturnable}
AssistHandoffssfToScfInvokable OPERATION ::=
                                 activityTest
                                 assistRequestInstructions {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
                                 cancel
                                  connectToResource {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                                 disconnectForwardConnection
                                 playAnnouncement {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
promptAndCollectUserInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
resetTimer {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
                                 specializedResourceReport
AssistHandoffssfToScfReturnable OPERATION ::= {
                                 activityTest
                                 {\tt assistRequestInstructions} \ \{{\tt cAPSpecificBoundSet}\} \,|\,
                                 cancel
                                 connectToResource {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
disconnectForwardConnection |
                                 playAnnouncement {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
promptAndCollectUserInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
resetTimer {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
END
```

# 6.2 gsmSCF/gsmSRF interface

### 6.2.1 gsmSCF/gsmSRF operations and arguments

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} ${\tt CAP-gsmSCF-gsmSRF-ops-args}$ & {\tt ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-gsmSCF-gsmSRF-ops-args(103) version3(2)} \\ \end{tabular} 
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::= BEGIN
-- This module contains the operations and operation arguments used for the
-- gsmSRF - gsmSCF interface, for the control of circuit switched calls.
\mbox{--} The table in section 2.1 lists the specifications that contain the modules \mbox{--} that are used by CAP.
IMPORTS
      OPERATION
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
      opcode-playAnnouncement,
      opcode-promptAndCollectUserInformation,
      opcode-specializedResourceReport
FROM CAP-operationcodes operationcodes
      CollectedInfo,
     Digits {},
Extensions {},
      InformationToSend {}
FROM CAP-datatypes datatypes
      canceled.
      improperCallerResponse,
      missingParameter,
      parameterOutOfRange,
      systemFailure,
      taskRefused,
      unavailableResource,
      {\tt unexpected Component Sequence,}
      unexpectedDataValue,
      unexpectedParameter
FROM CAP-errortypes errortypes
      PARAMETERS-BOUND
FROM CAP-classes classes
      ros-InformationObjects,
      operationcodes,
      datatypes,
      errortypes
      classes
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
playAnnouncement {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
      ARGUMENT
                             PlayAnnouncementArg {bound}
      RETURN RESULT
                            FALSE
      ERRORS
                             {canceled
                             missingParameter |
                             parameterOutOfRange |
                             systemFailure |
                             taskRefused |
                             unexpectedComponentSequence |
                             unexpectedDataValue
                             unexpectedParameter
                             unavailableResource}
                             {specializedResourceReport}
      LINKED
      CODE
                             opcode-playAnnouncement
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSRF, Timer: T<sub>pa</sub>
-- This operation is to be used after Establish Temporary Connection (assist procedure -- with a second gsmSSF) or a Connect to Resource (no assist) operation. It may be used -- for inband interaction with a mobile station, or for interaction with an ISDN user. -- In the former case, the gsmSRF is usually collocated with the gsmSSF for standard
-- tones (congestion tone...) or standard announcements.
-- In the latter case, the gsmSRF is always collocated with the gsmSSF in the switch.
-- Any error is returned to the gsmSCF. The timer associated with this operation must
-- be of a sufficient duration to allow its linked operation to be correctly correlated.
PlayAnnouncementArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}::= SEQUENCE
      informationToSend [0] InformationToSend {bound}, disconnectFromIPForbidden [1] BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE, requestAnnouncementComplete [2] BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,
```

```
[3] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
    extensions
RESULT
                      ReceivedInformationArg {bound}
    ERRORS
                      {canceled
                      improperCallerResponse |
                     missingParameter
                     parameterOutOfRange |
                      systemFailure
                      taskRefused |
                      unexpectedComponentSequence |
                      unavailableResource
                      unexpectedDataValue
                      unexpectedParameter
    CODE
                      opcode-promptAndCollectUserInformation
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSRF, Timer: T_{pc}
-- This operation is used to interact with a user to collect information.
 \begin{array}{lll} {\tt PromptAndCollectUserInformationArg} & {\tt PARAMETERS-BOUND} & : & {\tt bound} \\ {\tt collectedInfo} & & {\tt [0]} & {\tt CollectedInfo}, \\ \end{array} 
                                  [1] BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE,
[2] InformationToSend {bound}
[3] Extensions {bound} O
    disconnectFromIPForbidden
                                                                          OPTIONAL,
    informationToSend
                                                                 ÓPTTONAL.
    extensions
ReceivedInformationArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}::= CHOICE {
    digitsResponse
                                  [0] Digits {bound}
specializedResourceReport OPERATION ::= {
                     SpecializedResourceReportArg
    RETURN RESULT
                     FALSE
    ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                     opcode-specializedResourceReport
    CODE
-- Direction: gsmSRF -> gsmSCF, Timer: T<sub>srr</sub>
-- This operation is used as the response to a PlayAnnouncement operation when the announcement
-- completed report indication is set.
SpecializedResourceReportArg ::= NULL
```

The following value ranges apply for operation specific timers in CAP:

short: 1 s - 10 s medium: 1 s - 60 s long: 1 s - 30 minutes

Table 6-2 lists all operation timers and the value range for each timer. The definitive value for each operation timer may be network specific and has to be defined by the network operator.

Table 6-2: Operation timers and their value range

Operation Name	Timer	Value range
PlayAnnouncement	T <sub>pa</sub>	long
PromptAndCollectUserInformation	T <sub>pc</sub>	long
SpecializedResourceReport	T <sub>srr</sub>	short

### 6.2.2 gsmSRF/gsmSCF contracts, packages and ACs

#### 6.2.2.1 gsmSRF/gsmSCF ASN.1 modules

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} ${\tt CAP-gsmSCF-gsmSRF-pkgs-contracts-acs} & \{{\tt ccitt}(0) \ identified-organization}(4) \ {\tt etsi}(0) \ mobile{\tt Domain}(0) \ umts-network(1) \ modules(3) \ cap-gsmSCF-gsmSRF-pkgs-contracts-acs}(104) \ version3(2) \} \\ \end{tabular} 
DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
-- This module specifies the Operation Packages, Contracts, Application Contexts -- and Abstract Syntaxes used for the gsmSRF - gsmSCF interface, for the control of
-- circuit switched calls.
-- The table in section 2.1 lists the specifications that contain the modules
-- that are used by CAP.
     PARAMETERS-BOUND,
     cAPSpecificBoundSet
FROM CAP-classes classes
     CONTRACT.
     OPERATION-PACKAGE,
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
TCMessage {}
FROM TCAPMessages tc-Messages
     APPLICATION-CONTEXT,
     dialogue-abstract-syntax
FROM TC-Notation-Extensions tc-NotationExtensions
     playAnnouncement {},
     promptAndCollectUserInformation {},
     specializedResourceReport
FROM CAP-gsmSCF-gsmSRF-ops-args gsmSCF-gsmSRF-Operations
     activityTest,
     cancel
     assistRequestInstructions {}
FROM CAP-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-ops-args gsmSSF-gsmSCF-Operations
     gsmSRF-scfActivationOfAssistPackage {}
FROM CAP-gsmSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs gsmSSF-gsmSCF-Protocol
     id-package-specializedResourceControl,
     id-package-activityTest,
id-ac-gsmSRF-gsmSCF,
     id-contract-gsmSRF-gsmSCF,
     id-package-gsmSRF-scfCancel,
     id-as-basic-gsmSRF-gsmSCF,
     classes,
     ros-InformationObjects,
     tc-Messages,
     tc-NotationExtensions,
     gsmSCF-gsmSRF-Operations,
     gsmSSF-gsmSCF-Operations,
gsmSSF-gsmSCF-Protocol
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
-- Application Contexts
gsmSRF-gsmSCF-ac APPLICATION-CONTEXT ::= {
                                      gsmSRF-gsmSCF-contract
     CONTRACT
     DIALOGUE MODE
                                       structured
     TERMINATION
                                       basic
     ABSTRACT SYNTAXES
                                      {dialogue-abstract-syntax
                                       gsmSRF-gsmSCF-abstract-syntax}
     APPLICATION CONTEXT NAME
                                      id-ac-gsmSRF-gsmSCF}
-- Contracts
gsmSRF-gsmSCF-contract CONTRACT ::= {
     INITIATOR CONSUMER OF
               {gsmSRF-scfActivationOfAssistPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}}}
    RESPONDER CONSUMER OF
               {specializedResourceControlPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
              activityTestPackage
              gsmSRF-scfCancelPackage}
     ID
              id-contract-gsmSRF-gsmSCF}
```

```
-- Operation Packages
specializedResourceControlPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
                          {playAnnouncement {bound}
    CONSUMER INVOKES
                          promptAndCollectUserInformation {bound}}
    SUPPLIER INVOKES
                          {specializedResourceReport}
                          id-package-specializedResourceControl}
gsmSRF-scfCancelPackage OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES
                          {cancel}
                          id-package-gsmSRF-scfCancel}
ActivityTestPackage
                          OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES
                          {activityTest}
                          id-package-activityTest}
-- Abstract Syntaxes
gsmSRF-gsmSCF-abstract-syntax ABSTRACT-SYNTAX ::= {
    BASIC-gsmSRF-gsmSCF-PDUs
    IDENTIFIED BY
                    id-as-basic-gsmSRF-gsmSCF}
BASIC-gsmSRF-gsmSCF-PDUs ::= TCMessage {{GsmSRFgsmSCFInvokable}, {GsmSRFgsmSCFReturnable}}
GsmSRFgsmSCFInvokable OPERATION ::= {
        activityTest
        assistRequestInstructions {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
        playAnnouncement {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
promptAndCollectUserInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
        specializedResourceReport
GsmSRFgsmSCFReturnable OPERATION ::= {
        activityTest
        {\tt assistRequestInstructions} \ \{{\tt cAPSpecificBoundSet}\} \,|\,
        cancel |
        playAnnouncement {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
        promptAndCollectUserInformation {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
E:ND
```

## 7 MO SMS Control

This clause defines the operations, arguments, packages and application contexts used for CSE control of MO SMS over the gsmSCF – gpmSSF and gsmSCF – gsmSSF interfaces.

# 7.1 SMS operations and arguments

```
CAP-SMS-ops-args {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1)
modules(3) cap-SMS-ops-args(105) version3(2)}
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS::= BEGIN
-- This module contains the operations and operation arguments used for the
-- gsmSSF/gprsSSF - gsmSCF interface, for the control of MO-SMS.
-- The table in section 2.1 lists the specifications that contain the modules
-- that are used by CAP.
TMPORTS
    errortypes,
    datatypes
    operationcodes,
    classes,
    ros-InformationObjects,
    tc-Messages
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
    ServiceKev
FROM CS1-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) inDomain(1) in-network(1)
modules(0) cs1-datatypes(2) version1(0)}
    MiscCallInfo
FROM CS2-datatypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) inDomain(1) in-network(1)
```

```
cs2(20) modules(0) in-cs2-datatypes (0) version1(0)}
    IMSI.
    ISDN-AddressString
FROM MAP-CommonDataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-CommonDataTypes(18) version6(6)}
    LocationInformation
 \begin{tabular}{ll} FROM $MAP-MS-DataTypes & {\tt ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) } \\ \end{tabular} 
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-MS-DataTypes(11) version6(6)}
    PARAMETERS-BOUND
FROM CAP-classes classes
    opcode-connectSMS
    opcode-continueSMS
    opcode-eventReportSMS,
    opcode-furnishChargingInformationSMS,
    opcode-initialDPSMS,
    opcode-releaseSMS,
    opcode-requestReportSMSEvent,
    opcode-resetTimerSMS
FROM CAP-operationcodes operationcodes
    CalledPartyBCDNumber {},
    EventSpecificInformationSMS,
    EventTypeSMS,
    Extensions {},
FCISMSBillingChargingCharacteristics,
    LocationInformationGPRS,
    RPCause,
    SMSEvent
    TimeAndTimezone {},
    TimerID,
    TimerValue,
    TPDataCodingScheme,
TPProtocolIdentifier,
    TPShortMessageSubmissionInfo,
    TPValidityPeriod
FROM CAP-datatypes datatypes
    missingCustomerRecord,
    missingParameter,
    parameterOutOfRange,
    systemFailure,
    taskRefused,
    {\tt unexpectedComponentSequence,}
    unexpectedDataValue,
    unexpectedParameter
FROM CAP-errortypes errortypes
    CallReferenceNumber,
FROM MAP-CH-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-network(1) modules(3) map-CH-DataTypes(13) version6(6)}
connectSMS {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
    ARGUMENT
                     ConnectSMSArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT
                     FALSE
    ERRORS
                      {missingParameter |
                     parameterOutOfRange |
                     systemFailure |
                     taskRefused |
                     unexpectedComponentSequence |
                     unexpectedDataValue
                     unexpectedParameter}
    CODE
                     opcode-connectSMS
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF or gprsSSF, Timer: T<sub>consms</sub>
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF/gprsSSF to perform the SMS processing
-- actions to route
-- or forward a short message to a specified destination.
ConnectSMSArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
                                           [0] ISDN-AddressString
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
    callingPartysNumber
                                           [1] CalledPartyBCDNumber {bound}
[2] ISDN-AddressString
    destinationSubscriberNumber
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
    sMSCAddress
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
                                           [10] Extensions {bound}
    extensions
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
continueSMS OPERATION ::= \{
    RETURN RESULT
                     FALSE
    ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
    CODE
                     opcode-continueSMS
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF/gprsSMS, Timer: T<sub>cuesms</sub>
```

```
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF/gprsSSF to proceed with -- Short Message processing at the DP at which it previously suspended
- Short Message processing to await gsmSCF instructions (i.e. proceed -- to the next Point in Association in the SMS FSM). The gsmSSF/gprsSSF
-- continues SMS processing without substituting new data from gsmSCF.
eventReportSMS {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
    ARGUMENT
                      EventReportSMSArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT
                      FALSE
    ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                      opcode-eventReportSMS
-- Direction: gsmSSF or gprsSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer: T<sub>erbsms</sub>
-- This operation is used to notify the gsmSCF of a SM related event (e.g., FSM events such
-- as submission or failure) previously requested by the gsmSCF in a RequestReportSMSEvent
-- operation.
EventReportSMSArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
                                            [0] EventTypeSMS,
[1] EventSpecificInformationSMS
    eventTypeSMS
    eventSpecificInformationSMS
                                            [2] MiscCallInfo DEFAULT {messageType request }, [10] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
    miscCallInfo
    extensions
furnishChargingInformationSMS {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
                                                                        OPERATION ::= {
                      FurnishChargingInformationSMSArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT
                      FALSE
    ERRORS
                      {missingParameter |
                      taskRefused | unexpectedComponentSequence |
                      unexpectedDataValue |
                      unexpectedParameter}
    CODE
                      opcode-furnishChargingInformationSMS
   Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF or gprsSSF, Timer: Tfcisms
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF/gprsSSF to generate, register a charging record
-- or to include some information in the default SM record. The registered charging record is
    intended for off line charging of the SM.
FurnishChargingInformationSMSArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
   FCISMSBillingChargingCharacteristics {bound}
initialDPSMS {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
    ARGUMENT
                      InitialDPSMSArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT
                      FALSE
    ERRORS
                      {missingCustomerRecord |
                      missingParameter
                      parameterOutOfRange
                      systemFailure |
                      taskRefused
                      unexpectedComponentSequence |
                      unexpectedDataValue |
                      unexpectedParameter}
    CODE
                      opcode-initialDPSMS
-- Direction: gsmSSF or gprsSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer: Tidpsms
-- This operation is used after a TDP to indicate request for service.
InitialDPSMSArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
    serviceKey
                                             [0] ServiceKey,
    destinationSubscriberNumber
                                             [1] CalledPartyBCDNumber {bound}
                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                             [2] ISDN-AddressString
    callingPartyNumber
                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
    eventTypeSMS
                                             [3] EventTypeSMS
                                                                                          OPTIONAL.
                                             [4] IMSI
                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
    {\tt locationInformationMSC}
                                             [5] LocationInformation
                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
    locationInformationGPRS
                                            [6] LocationInformationGPRS
[7] ISDN-AddressString
                                                                                         OPTIONAL.
    sMSCAddress
                                            [8] TimeAndTimezone {bound}
[9] TPShortMessageSubmissionInfo
    timeAndTimezone
                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    tPShortMessageSubmissionInfo
                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    tPProtocolIdentifier
                                            [10] TPProtocolIdentifier
[11] TPDataCodingScheme
[12] TPValidityPeriod
                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
    tPDataCodingScheme
    tPValidityPeriod
                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    extensions
                                            [13] Extensions {bound}
                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    smsReferenceNumber
                                             [14] CallReferenceNumber
                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    mscAddress
                                             [15] ISDN-AddressString
                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    sgsn-Number
                                             [16] ISDN-AddressString
                                                                                         OPTIONAL
                                    OPERATION ::= {
releaseSMS
    ARGUMENT
                      ReleaseSMSArg
    RETURN RESULT
                      FALSE
    ALWAYS RESPONDS FALSE
                      opcode-releaseSMS
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF or gprsSSF, Timer: Trelsms
```

```
-- This operation is used to prevent an attempt to submit a short message.
ReleaseSMSArg
                                          ::= RPCause
requestReportSMSEvent {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
    ARGUMENT
                       RequestReportSMSEventArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
    ERRORS
                        {missingParameter
                       parameterOutOfRange |
                       systemFailure |
                       taskRefused
                       unexpectedComponentSequence
                       unexpectedDataValue |
                       unexpectedParameter}
                       opcode-requestReportSMSEvent
    CODE
    Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF or gprsSSF, Timer: T_{rrbsms}
    This operation is used to request the gsmSSF or gprsSSF to monitor for a
    SM related event (e.g., FSM events such as submission or failure), then send a notification back to the gsmSCF when the event is detected.
{\tt RequestReportSMSEventArg} \ \{ {\tt PARAMETERS-BOUND} \ : \ {\tt bound} \} \ ::= \ {\tt SEQUENCE} \ \{ {\tt requestReportSMSEventArg} \ \{ {\tt requestReportSMSEventArg} \ \} \ .
                                               [0] SEQUENCE SIZE (1..bound.&numOfSMSEvents)
[10] Extensions {bound} OPTIONAL,
    sMSEvents
                                                                                                        OF SMSEvent,
    extensions
     . . .
    Índicates the SM related events for notification.
resetTimerSMS {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
                       ResetTimerSMSArg {bound}
    ARGUMENT
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
    ERRORS
                        {missingParameter
                       parameterOutOfRange
                        taskRefused
                       unexpectedComponentSequence |
                       unexpectedDataValue
                       unexpectedParameter}
    CODE
                       opcode-resetTimerSMS
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gsmSSF/gprsSSF, Timer: Trtsms
-- This operation is used to request the gsmSSF/gprsSSF to refresh an application
-- timer in the gsmSSF/gprsSSF.
ResetTimerSMSArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
                       [0] TimerID DEFAULT tssf,
[1] TimerValue,
    timerID
    timervalue
    extensions
                       [2] Extensions {bound}
END
```

## 7.1.1 Operation timers

The following value ranges apply for operation specific timers in CAP:

short: 1 to 20 seconds; medium: 1 to 60 seconds; long: 1 second to 30 minutes Table 7-1 lists all operation timers and the value range for each timer. The definitive value for each operation timer may be network specific and has to be defined by the network operator.

Table 7-1: Operation timers and their value range

Operation Name	Timer	Value range
ConnectSMS	T <sub>consms</sub>	short
ContinueSMS	T <sub>cuesms</sub>	short
EventReportSMS	T <sub>erbsms</sub>	short
FurnishChargingInformationSMS	Tfcisms	short
InitialDPSMS	T <sub>idpsms</sub>	short
ReleaseSMS	T <sub>relsms</sub>	short
RequestReportSMSEvent	T <sub>rrbsms</sub>	short
ResetTimerSMS	T <sub>rtsms</sub>	short

## 7.2 SMS contracts, packages and ACs

### 7.2.1 SMS ASN.1 module

```
\texttt{CAP-smsSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs} \ \left\{ \texttt{ccitt}(0) \ identified-organization(4) \ etsi(0) \ mobileDomain(0) \ etsi(0) \ 
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-smsSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs(106) version3(2)}
DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
-- This module specifies the Operation Packages, Contracts, Application Contexts
-- and Abstract Syntaxes used for the gsmSSF/gprsSSF - gsmSCF interface, for the
-- control of MO-SMS.
-- The table in section 2.1 lists the specifications that contain the modules
-- that are used by CAP.
IMPORTS
          PARAMETERS-BOUND,
          cAPSpecificBoundSet
FROM CAP-classes classes
          CONTRACT.
          OPERATION-PACKAGE,
          OPERATION
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
          TCMessage {}
FROM TCAPMessages tc-Messages
          APPLICATION-CONTEXT,
          dialogue-abstract-syntax
FROM TC-Notation-Extensions tc-NotationExtensions
          connectSMS{},
          continueSMS
          eventReportSMS{},
          furnishChargingInformationSMS{},
          initialDPSMS{},
          releaseSMS,
          requestReportSMSEvent{},
          resetTimerSMS{}
FROM CAP-SMS-ops-args sms-Operations
          id-ac-cap3-sms-AC,
          id-cap3SmsSsfTogsmScf,
          id-package-smsActivation,
          id-package-smsConnect,
          id-package-smsContinue,
          id-package-smsRelease,
          id-package-smsEventHandling,
          id-package-smsBilling,
          id-package-smsTimer,
          sms-Operations,
          tc-NotationExtensions,
          tc-Messages,
          ros-InformationObjects,
          classes,
          id-as-sms-AS
```

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)} \\ \end{tabular} 
-- Application Contexts
cap3-sms-AC APPLICATION-CONTEXT ::= {
                                            cap3SMS
     CONTRACT
     DIALOGUE MODE
                                            structured
     ABSTRACT SYNTAXES
                                            {dialogue-abstract-syntax |
                                            sms-AbstractSyntax}
     APPLICATION CONTEXT NAME
                                            id-ac-cap3-sms-AC}
-- Contracts
cap3SMS CONTRACT ::= { -- dialogue initiated by gprsSSF or gsmSSF with InitialDPSMS Operation -
     INITIATOR CONSUMER OF
                 {smsActivationPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}}
     RESPONDER CONSUMER OF
                 {smsConnectPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                smsReleasePackage
                smsEventHandlingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
smsTimerPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
smsBillingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
                smsProcessingPackage }
     ID
                id-cap3SmsSsfTogsmScf
-- Operation Packages
id-package-smsActivation}
smsConnectPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
   CONSUMER INVOKES {connectSMS {bound}}}
                id-package-smsConnect}
smsProcessingPackage OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
   CONSUMER INVOKES { continueSMS}
   ID id-package-smsContinue}
smsReleasePackage OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
     CONSUMER INVOKES {releaseSMS}
ID id-package-smsRelease}
smsEventHandlingPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES {requestReportSMSEvent {bound}}
    SUPPLIER INVOKES {eventReportSMS {bound}}
    ID id-package-smsEventHandling}
smsBillingPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
     CONSUMER INVOKES {furnishChargingInformationSMS {bound}}
ID id-package-smsBilling}
smsTimerPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
CONSUMER INVOKES {resetTimerSMS {bound}}}
                id-package-smsTimer}
     ID
-- Abstract Syntaxes
sms-AbstractSyntax ABSTRACT-SYNTAX ::= {
     Generic-sms-PDUs
     IDENTIFIED BY
                          id-as-sms-AS}
Generic-sms-PDUs ::= TCMessage {{SmsInvokable}, {SmsReturnable}}
SmsInvokable OPERATION ::= {
     connectSMS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
eventReportSMS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
furnishChargingInformationSMS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
     initialDPSMS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
requestReportSMSEvent {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
resetTimerSMS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
SmsReturnable OPERATION ::= {
     connectSMS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
     continueSMS
      furnishChargingInformationSMS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
     initialDPSMS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
     releaseSMS
     requestReportSMSEvent {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
resetTimerSMS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
END
```

# 8 GPRS Control

## 8.1 gsmSCF/gprsSSF operations and arguments

```
\texttt{CAP-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-ops-args} \  \{ \texttt{ccitt}(0) \  \, \texttt{identified-organization}(4) \  \, \texttt{etsi}(0) \  \, \texttt{mobileDomain}(0) \
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-GPRS-ops-args(107) version3(2)}
DEFINITIONS IMPLICIT TAGS ::= BEGIN
 -- This module contains the operations and operation arguments used for the
-- gprsSSF - gsmSCF interface, for the control of GPRS.
-- The table in section 2.1 lists the specifications that contain the modules
-- that are used by CAP.
IMPORTS
         errortypes,
         datatypes,
         operation codes,
         classes.
         ros-InformationObjects
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
         ServiceKev
FROM CS1-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) inDomain(1) in-network(1)
modules(0) cs1-datatypes(2) version1(0)}
         MiscCallInfo
FROM CS2-datatypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) inDomain(1) in-network(1) cs2(20) modules(0) in-cs2-datatypes (0) version1(0)}
          ISDN-AddressString
FROM MAP-CommonDataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-CommonDataTypes(18) version6(6)}
FROM MAP-MS-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0)
gsm-Network(1) modules(3) map-MS-DataTypes(11) version6(6)}
         PARAMETERS-BOUND
FROM CAP-classes classes
         opcode-activityTestGPRS,
         opcode-applyChargingGPRS
         opcode-applyChargingReportGPRS,
          opcode-cancelGPRS,
         opcode-connectGPRS
         opcode-continueGPRS
         opcode-entityReleasedGPRS,
         opcode-eventReportGPRS,
         opcode-furnishChargingInformationGPRS,
         opcode-initialDPGPRS,
          opcode-releaseGPRS,
         opcode-requestReportGPRSEvent,
         opcode-resetTimerGPRS,
         opcode-sendChargingInformationGPRS
FROM CAP-operationcodes operationcodes
          AccessPointName {},
         GPRSCause {},
ChargingCharacteristics,
         ChargingResult,
ChargingRollOver
         EndUserAddress {},
         Extensions {},
FCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics,
         GPRSChargingID
         GPRSEventSpecificInformation {},
         GPRSEvent,
         GPRSEventType,
         GPRSMSClass.
         LocationInformationGPRS,
         PDPID,
         PDPInitiationType,
         QualityOfService,
         RAIdentity,
SCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics,
         SGSNCapabilities,
```

```
TimeAndTimezone {},
    TimerID,
    TimerValue
FROM CAP-datatypes datatypes
    missingCustomerRecord,
    missingParameter,
    parameterOutOfRange,
    systemFailure,
    taskRefused,
    unexpectedComponentSequence,
    unexpectedDataValue,
    unexpectedParameter,
    unknownPDPID
FROM CAP-errortypes errortypes
activityTestGPRS OPERATION ::= {
    RETURN RESULT TRUE
CODE opcode-activityTestGPRS }
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gprsSSF, Timer: Tatg
-- This operation is used to check for the continued existence of a relationship between the gsmSCF -- and gprsSSF. If the relationship is still in existence, then the gprsSSF will respond. If no -- reply is received, then the gsmSCF will assume that the gprsSSF has failed in some way
-- and will take the appropriate action.
                                            OPERATION ::= {
applyChargingGPRS
                       ApplyChargingGPRSArg
FALSE
    ARGUMENT
    RETURN RESULT
    ERRORS
                        {missingParameter
                        unexpectedComponentSequence |
                        unexpectedParameter
                        unexpectedDataValue
                        parameterOutOfRange
                        systemFailure |
                        taskRefused
                        unknownPDPID
    CODE
                        opcode-applyChargingGPRS
-- Direction gsmSCF -> gprsSSF, Timer Tacg
-- This operation is used for interacting from the gsmSCF with the gprsSSF CSE-controlled -- GPRS session or PDP Context charging mechanism.
ApplyChargingGPRSArg
                                           ::= SEQUENCE {
                                          [0] ChargingCharacteristics,
[1] INTEGER (1..86400)
    chargingCharacteristics
     tariffSwitchInterval
                                                                                      OPTIONAL.
    pDPID
                                          [2] PDPID
                                                                                     OPTIONAL.
-- tariffSwitchInterval is measured in 1 second units.
{\tt applyChargingReportGPRS}
                                       OPERATION ::= {
                       ApplyChargingReportGPRSArg
    ARGUMENT
    RETURN RESULT
                       TRUE
    ERRORS
                        {missingParameter
                        unexpectedComponentSequence
                        unexpectedParameter
                        unexpectedDataValue
                        parameterOutOfRange
                        systemFailure |
                        taskRefused
                        unknownPDPID
                       {\tt opcode-applyChargingReportGPRS}
    CODE
    Direction gprsSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer T_{acrg}
    The ApplyChargingReportGPRS operation provides the feedback from the gprsSCF to the gsmSCF
    CSE-controlled GPRS session charging mechanism.
{\tt ApplyChargingReportGPRSArg}
                                           ::= SEOUENCE {
                                           [0] ChargingResult,
    chargingResult
    qualityOfService
                                           [1] QualityOfService
                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
    active
                                           [2] BOOLEAN
                                                                            DEFAULT TRUE,
                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
    pDPID
                                           [3] PDPID
    chargingRollOver
                                          [4] ChargingRollOver
                                                                                 OPTIONAL
cancelGPRS
                                           OPERATION ::= {
    ARGUMENT
                        CancelGPRSArg
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
    ERRORS
                        {missingParameter |
                        taskRefused
                       unknownPDPID
    CODE
                       opcode-cancelGPRS
```

```
-- Direction: gsmSCF \rightarrow gprsSSF, Timer: T_{cag}
-- This generic operation cancels all previous requests,
-- i.e. all EDPs and reports can be cancelled by the gsmSCF.
CancelGPRSArg
                                               ::= SEQUENCE
                                               [0] PDPID OPTIONAL,
    pDPID
    ;..
connectGPRS {PARAMETERS-BOUND: bound} OPERATION::= {
                       ConnectGPRSArg {bound}
    ARGUMENT
                       FALSE
    RETURN RESULT
    ERRORS
                       {missingParameter
                       parameterOutOfRange
                       unknownPDPID |
                       systemFailure |
                       taskRefused
                       unexpectedComponentSequence |
                       unexpectedDataValue |
                       unexpectedParameter}
    CODE
                       opcode-connectGPRS
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gprsSSF, Timer: T_{cong}
-- This operation is used to modify the Access Point Name used when establishing a PDP Context.
ConnectGPRSArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND: bound}::= SEQUENCE {
    accessPointName
                                          [0] AccessPointName {bound},
[1] PDPID
    pdpID
                                                                                   OPTIONAL.
    } ...
continueGPRS
                                           OPERATION ::= {
    ARGUMENT
                       ContinueGPRSArg
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
    ERRORS
                       {missingParameter |
                       unknownPDPID
                       unexpectedDataValue}
    CODE
                       opcode-continueGPRS
    Direction: gsmSCF -> gprsSSF, Timer: T<sub>cueg</sub>
-- This operation is used to request the gprsSSF to proceed with processing at the DP at
-- which it previously suspended processing to await gsmSCF instructions (i.e., proceed to
-- the next point in processing in the Attach/Detach state model or PDP Context
-- state model) substituting new data from the gsmSCF.
                                          ::= SEQUENCE {
ContinueGPRSArq
    pDPID
                                          [0] PDPID
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                       {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
entityReleasedGPRS
                       EntityReleasedGPRSArg {bound}
    ARGUMENT
    RETURN RESULT
                       TRUE
                       {missingParameter |
    ERRORS
                       taskRefused
                       unknownPDPID
    CODE
                       opcode-entityReleasedGPRS
   Direction: gprsSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer: Terg
-- This operation is used when the GPRS Session is detached or a PDP Context is diconnected and
-- the associated event is not armed for reporting.
-- The usage of this operation is independent of the functional entity that initiates the Detach
-- or PDP Context Disconnection and is independent of the cause of the Detach or PDP Context
EntityReleasedGPRSArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
    gPRSCause
                                          [0] GPRSCause {bound},
    pDPID
                                          [1] PDPID
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
eventReportGPRS {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
                       EventReportGPRSArg {bound}
    ARGUMENT
    RETURN RESULT
                       TRUE
                       {unknownPDPID}
    ERRORS
    CODE
                       opcode-eventReportGPRS
   Direction gprsSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer T<sub>ereg</sub>
   This operation is used to notify the gsmSCF of a GPRS session or PDP context related events (e.g. PDP context activation) previously requested by the gsmSCF in a
    RequestReportGPRSEventoperation.
{\tt EventReportGPRSArg~\{PARAMETERS-BOUND~:~bound\}::=~SEQUENCE~\{}
                                          [0] GPRSEventType,
[1] MiscCallInfo DEFAULT {messageType request}
    gPRSEventType
    miscGPRSInfo
                                          [2] GPRSEventSpecificInformation {bound}
    gPRSEventSpecificInformation
```

```
pDPID
                                          [3] PDPID OPTIONAL,
    }
furnishChargingInformationGPRS {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
                       FurnishChargingInformationGPRSArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
    ERRORS
                        {missingParameter |
                       taskRefused
                       unexpectedComponentSequence
                       unexpectedDataValue
                       unexpectedParameter
                       unknownPDPID}
    CODE
                       opcode-furnishChargingInformationGPRS
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gprsSSF, Timer: Tfcig
-- This operation is used to request the gprsSSF to generate, register a logical record or to
-- include some information in the default logical GPRS record.
-- The registered logical record is intended for off line charging of the GPRS session
-- or PDP Context.
\label{thm:problem} Furnish Charging Information GPRS Arg \ \{PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound\} ::= \\
    FCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics{bound}
initialDPGPRS {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
                       InitialDPGPRSArg {bound}
    ARGUMENT
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
    ERRORS
                        {missingCustomerRecord |
                       missingParameter | parameterOutOfRange |
                       systemFailure |
                       taskRefused
                        unexpectedComponentSequence |
                        unexpectedDataValue
                       unexpectedParameter}
    CODE
                       opcode-initialDPGPRS
    Direction gprsSSF -> gsmSCF, Timer T_{\mbox{idpg}} This operation is used by the gprsSSF when a trigger is detected at a DP in the GPRS state machines to request instructions from the gsmSCF
InitialDPGPRSArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}::= SEQUENCE {
                                          [0] ServiceKey,
    serviceKev
    gPRSEventType
                                          [1] GPRSEventType
                                          [2] ISDN-AddressString,
    mSISDN
     iMSI
                                          [3] IMSI,
    timeAndTimeZone
                                          [4] TimeAndTimezone {bound},
    gPRSMSClass
                                          [5] GPRSMSClass
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
    endUserAddress
                                          [6] EndUserAddress {bound}
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    qualityOfService
                                           [7] QualityOfService
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                          [8] AccessPointName{bound}
[9] RAIdentity
[10] GPRSChargingID
[11] SGSNCapabilities
    accessPointName
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    routeingAreaIdentity
    chargingID
sGSNCapabilities
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                          [12] LocationInformationGPRS
     locationInformationGPRS
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                          [13] PDPInitiationType
    pDPInitiationType
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
     extensions
                                          [14] Extensions {bound}
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    gGSNAddress
                                          [15] GSN-Address
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    secondaryPDP-context
                                          [16] NULL
                                                                                     OPTIONAL
    The RouteingAreaIdentity parameter is not used.
-- The receiving entity shall ignore RouteingAreaIdentity if received.
-- The RouteingAreaIdentity is conveyed in the LocationInformationGPRS parameter.
releaseGPRS {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
     ReleaseGPRSArg {bound}
                       ReleaseGPRSArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
    ERRORS
                        {missingParameter |
                        taskRefused
                       unknownPDPID
    CODE
                       opcode-releaseGPRS
    Direction: gsmSCF -> gprsSSF, Timer: T_{rq}
-- This operation is used to tear down an existing GPRS session or PDP Context at any phase.
requestReportGPRSEvent {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION ::= {
    ARGUMENT
                       RequestReportGPRSEventArg {bound}
    RETURN RESULT
                       FALSE
    ERRORS
                        {missingParameter
                       parameterOutOfRange
                       systemFailure |
```

```
taskRefused
                                           unexpectedComponentSequence |
                                           unexpectedDataValue
unexpectedParameter
                                           unknownPDPID}
         CODE
                                           opcode-requestReportGPRSEvent
-- Direction: gsmSCF -> gprsSSF, Timer: T<sub>rrqe</sub>
-- This operation is used to request the gprsSSF to monitor for an event (e.g., GPRS events -- such as attach or PDP Context activiation), then send a notification back to the -- gsmSCF when the event is detected.
RequestReportGPRSEventArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} ::= SEQUENCE {
         gPRSEvent
                                                                     [0] SEQUENCE SIZE (1..bound.&numOfGPRSEvents) OF GPRSEvent,
         pDPID
                                                                     [1] PDPID
                                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
 -- Indicates the GPRS related events for notification.
resetTimerGPRS
                                                                              OPERATION ::= {
         ARGUMENT
                                           ResetTimerGPRSArg
         RETURN RESULT
                                          FALSE
         ERRORS
                                           {missingParameter
                                           parameterOutOfRange
                                           taskRefused |
                                           unexpectedComponentSequence
                                           unexpectedDataValue
                                           unexpectedParameter
                                           unknownPDPID}
         CODE
                                           opcode-resetTimerGPRS
        Direction: gsmSCF -> gprsSSF, Timer: Trtg
        This operation is used to request the gprsSSF to refresh an application timer in the gprsSSF.
ResetTimerGPRSArg
                                                                     ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                                     [0] TimerID
                                                                                                                              DEFAULT tssf,
         timerID
         timervalue
                                                                     [1] TimerValue,
sendChargingInformationGPRS {PARAMETERS-BOUND: bound} OPERATION ::= {
                                           SendChargingInformationGPRSArg { bound}
         RETURN RESULT
                                           FALSE
         ERRORS
                                           {missingParameter |
                                           unexpectedComponentSequence |
                                           unexpectedParameter
                                           parameterOutOfRange
                                           systemFailure |
                                           taskRefused |
                                           unexpectedDataValue |
                                           unknownPDPID
         CODE
                                           opcode-sendChargingInformationGPRS
 -- Direction: gsmSCF -> gprsSSF, Timer: T<sub>scig</sub>
-- This operation is used to instruct the gprsSSF on the charging information which the -- gprsSSF shall send to the Mobile Station by means of GSM access signalling.
SendChargingInformationGPRSArg {PARAMETERS-BOUND: bound}::= SEQUENCE {
         sCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics [0] SCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics { bound},
END
 \begin{array}{lll} {\tt CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber} & \{{\tt ccitt}(0) & {\tt identified-organization}(4) & {\tt etsi}(0) & {\tt mobileDomain}(0) \\ {\tt umts-network}(1) & {\tt modules}(3) & {\tt cap-dialogueInformation}(111) & {\tt version3}(2) \} \\ {\tt DEFINITIONS} & ::= & {\tt BEGIN} \\ \end{array} 
EXPORTS
         id-CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber
         cAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber-Abstract-Syntax;
         Integer4
FROM CS1-DataTypes {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) inDomain(1) in-network(1)
modules(0) csl-datatypes(2) version1(0)}
 \  \  id-CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber\ OBJECT\ IDENTIFIER\ ::= \{ccitt(0)\ identified-organization(4)\ etsi(0)\ et
mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) as(1) cap-GPRS-ReferenceNumber(5) version3(2)}
cap-gprs-referenceNumber-Abstract-Syntax ABSTRACT-SyntaX ::= {CAP-gprs-referenceNumber IDENTIFIED BY
id-CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber}
```

```
CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber ::= SEQUENCE {
    destinationReference [0] Integer4 OPTIONAL,
    originationReference [1] Integer4 OPTIONAL
    }
    This IE is used to identify the relationship between SGSN and the SCP.

END -- of CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber
```

## 8.1.1 Operation timers

The following value ranges apply for operation specific timers in CAP:

short: 1 to 20 seconds; medium: 1 to 60 seconds; long: 1 second to 30 minutes

Table 8-1 lists all operation timers and the value range for each timer. The definitive value for each operation timer may be network specific and has to be defined by the network operator.

Operation Name	Timer	Value range
ActivityTestGPRST	T <sub>atg</sub>	short
ApplyChargingGPRS	T <sub>acg</sub>	short
ApplyChargingReportGPRS	T <sub>acrg</sub>	short
CancelGPRS	T <sub>cag</sub>	short
ConnectGPRS	T <sub>cong</sub>	short
ContinueGPRS	T <sub>cueg</sub>	short
EntityReleasedGPRS	T <sub>erg</sub>	short
EventReportGPRS	T <sub>ereg</sub>	short
FurnishChargingInformationGPRS	T <sub>fcig</sub>	short
InitialDPGPRS	T <sub>idpg</sub>	short
ReleaseGPRS	T <sub>rg</sub>	short
RequestReportGPRSEvent	T <sub>rrqe</sub>	short
ResetTimerGPRS	T <sub>rtg</sub>	short
SendChargingInformationGPRS	T <sub>scig</sub>	short

Table 8-1: Operation timers and their value range

# 8.2 gsmSCF/gprsSSF contracts, packages and ACs

## 8.2.1 gprsSSF/gsmSCF ASN.1 module

```
CAP-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-pkgs-contracts-acs(108) version3(2)}

DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

-- This module specifies the Operation Packages, Contracts, Application Contexts
-- and Abstract Syntaxes used for the gprsSSF - gsmSCF interface, for the
-- control of GPRS.

-- The table in section 2.1 lists the specifications that contain the modules
-- that are used by CAP.

IMPORTS

PARAMETERS-BOUND, cAPSpecificBoundSet
FROM CAP-classes classes

CONTRACT, OPERATION-PACKAGE, OPERATION
FROM Remote-Operations-Information-Objects ros-InformationObjects
```

```
TCMessage {}
FROM TCAPMessages tc-Messages
     APPLICATION-CONTEXT,
     dialogue-abstract-syntax
FROM TC-Notation-Extensions tc-NotationExtensions
     activityTestGPRS,
applyChargingGPRS,
     applyChargingReportGPRS,
     cancelGPRS,
     connectGPRS {},
     continueGPRS,
     entitudeGPRS,
entityReleasedGPRS {},
furnishChargingInformationGPRS {},
initialDPGPRS {},
releaseGPRS {},
     eventReportGPRS {},
     requestReportGPRSEvent {},
     resetTimerGPRS,
     sendChargingInformationGPRS {}
FROM CAP-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-ops-args gprsSSF-gsmSCF-Operations
     id-ac-CAP-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-AC,
     id-ac-CAP-gsmSCF-gprsSSF-AC,
     id-cap3GprsSsfTogsmScf,
     id-cap3GsmScfToGprsSsf
     id-as-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-AS,
id-as-gsmSCF-gprsSSF-AS,
id-package-gprsScfActivation,
     id-package-gprsConnect,
     id-package-gprsContinue,
     id-package-gprsRelease,
     id-package-gprsEventHandling,
     id-package-gprsExceptionInformation,
id-package-gprsTimer,
     id-package-gprsBilling,
id-package-gprsCharging,
     id-package-gprsChargeAdvice,
     id-package-gprsActivityTest,
     id-package-gprsCancel,
     classes,
     ros-InformationObjects,
     tc-Messages,
     tc-NotationExtensions,
     gprsSSF-gsmSCF-Operations
FROM CAP-object-identifiers {ccitt(0) identified-organization(4) etsi(0) mobileDomain(0) umts-network(1) modules(3) cap-object-identifiers(100) version3(2)}
-- Application Contexts
cap3-gprssf-scfAC APPLICATION-CONTEXT ::= {
                        cap3GprsSsfToScf
     CONTRACT
     DIALOGUE MODE
                                        structured
     ABSTRACT SYNTAXES
                                        {dialogue-abstract-syntax
                                       gprsSSF-gsmSCFAbstractSyntax}
id-ac-CAP-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-AC}
     APPLICATION CONTEXT NAME
cap3-gsmscf-gprsssfAC APPLICATION-CONTEXT ::= {
                                        cap3GsmScfToGprsSsf
     CONTRACT
     DIALOGUE MODE
                                        structured
     ABSTRACT SYNTAXES
                                        {dialogue-abstract-syntax |
                                        gsmSCF-gprsSSFAbstractSyntax}
     APPLICATION CONTEXT NAME
                                        id-ac-CAP-gsmSCF-gprsSSF-AC}
-- Contracts
cap3GprsSsfToScf CONTRACT ::= {

    dialogue initiated by gprsSSF with InitialDPGPRS, ApplyChargingReportGPRS,
    EntityReleaseGPRS and EventReportGPRS Operations
        INITIATOR CONSUMER OF

               {gprsScfActivationPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | gprsEventHandlingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
               gprsChargingPackage
               gprsExceptionInformationPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}}
     RESPONDER CONSUMER OF
               {gprsConnectPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
               gprsProcessingPackage |
gprsReleasePackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
               gprsEventHandlingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
               gprsTimerPackage |
gprsBillingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
               gprsChargingPackage
               gprsCancelPackage
```

```
gprsChargeAdvicePackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}}
     ID
              id-cap3GprsSsfTogsmScf
cap3GsmScfToGprsSsf CONTRACT ::= {
- dialogue initiated by gsmSCF with ApplyCharginGPRS, ActivityTestGPRS, - CancelGPRS, FurnishChargingInformationGPRS, ReleaseGPRS,
-- RequestReportGPRSEvent and SendChargingInformationGPRS Operations
     INITIATOR CONSUMER OF
              {gprsReleasePackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | gprsEventHandlingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
              gprsBillingPackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
gprsChargingPackage |
              gprsActivityTestPackage
               gprsCancelPackage
               gprsChargeAdvicePackage {cAPSpecificBoundSet}}
               id-cap3GsmScfToGprsSsf
     ID
-- Operation Packages
gprsScfActivationPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
   CONSUMER INVOKES { initialDPGPRS {bound}}}
   ID id-package-gprsScfActivation}
gprsConnectPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound}
    CONSUMER INVOKES {connectGPRS {bound}}
     ID
             id-package-gprsConnect}
CONSUMER INVOKES {continueGPR
ID id-package-gprsContinue}
gprsReleasePackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
ID id-package-gprsEventHandling}
gprsExceptionInformationPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
     CONSUMER INVOKES {entityReleasedGPRS {bound}}
ID id-package-gprsTimer}
gprsBillingPackage {PARAMETERS-BOUND : bound} OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
     CONSUMER INVOKES {furnishChargingInformationGPRS {bound}}
              id-package-gprsBilling}
id-package-gprsChargeAdvice}
     ID
gprsActivityTestPackage OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
    CONSUMER INVOKES { activityTestGPRS }
    ID id-package-gprsActivityTest}
    gprsCancelPackage OPERATION-PACKAGE ::= {
        CONSUMER INVOKES { cancelGPRS }

              id-package-gprsCancel}
-- Abstract Syntaxes
gprsSSF-gsmSCFAbstractSyntax ABSTRACT-SYNTAX ::= {
     GenericGprsSSF-gsmSCF-PDUs
     IDENTIFIED BY
                        id-as-gprsSSF-gsmSCF-AS}
\texttt{GenericGprsSSF-gsmSCF-PDUs} ::= \texttt{TCMessage} \ \left\{ \left\{ \texttt{GprsSsfToGsmScfInvokable} \right\},
              {GprsSsfToGsmScfReturnable}}
GprsSsfToGsmScfInvokable OPERATION ::= {
              activityTestGPRS
              applyChargingGPRS
              applyChargingReportGPRS |
              cancelGPRS
              connectGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
               entityReleasedGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
              eventReportGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | furnishChargingInformationGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} | initialDPGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
              releaseGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
requestReportGPRSEvent {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
              resetTimerGPRS
              sendChargingInformationGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
GprsSsfToGsmScfReturnable OPERATION ::= {
```

```
activityTestGPRS
             applyChargingGPRS
             {\tt applyChargingReportGPRS}
             cancelGPRS
             connectGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
             continueGPRS
             entityReleasedGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
             furnishChargingInformationGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
             initialDPGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
             releaseGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
requestReportGPRSEvent {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
             resetTimerGPRS
             sendChargingInformationGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
gsmSCF-gprsSSFAbstractSyntax ABSTRACT-SYNTAX ::= {
    GenericGsmSCF-gprsSSF-PDUs
    IDENTIFIED BY
                     id-as-gsmSCF-gprsSSF-AS}
GenericGsmSCF-gprsSSF-PDUs ::= TCMessage {{GsmScfToGprsSsfInvokable}, {GsmScfToGprsSsfReturnable}}
GsmScfToGprsSsfInvokable OPERATION ::= {
             activityTestGPRS
             applyChargingGPRS
             cancelGPRS
             furnishChargingInformationGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet} |
             releaseGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
requestReportGPRSEvent {cAPSpecificBoundSet}|
             sendChargingInformationGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
GsmScfToGprsSsfReturnable OPERATION ::= {
             activityTestGPRS
             applyChargingGPRS
             cancelGPRS
             furnish Charging Information GPRS \ \{ \texttt{cAPS} pecific Bound Set} \} |
             releaseGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
             requestReportGPRSEvent {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
             sendChargingInformationGPRS {cAPSpecificBoundSet}
E:ND
```

# 9 Application Entity procedures

The description of the application entity procedures for CAMEL Phase 3 can be found in 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].

# 10 Error procedures

This clause defines the generic error procedures for the CAP. The error procedure descriptions have been divided in two subclauses, subclause 10.1 listing the errors related to CAP operations and subclause 10.2 listing the errors related to error conditions in the different FEs which are not directly related to the CAP operations.

The gsmSSF states which are referred to in this clause are described in 3GPP TS 23.078 [42]. The operations PlayAnnouncement, PromptAndCollectUserInformation and SpecialisedResourceReport refer to states in the gsmSRF SRSM which are described in ETS 300 374-1 [9] as well as to states in 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].

# 10.1 Operation related error procedures

The following subclauses define the generic error handling for the operation related errors. The errors are defined as operation errors in subclauses 6, 7 and 8. Errors which have a specific procedure for an operation are described in subclause 11 with the detailed procedure of the related operation.

The TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in subclause 12.1. All errors, which can be detected by the ASN.1 decoder, already may have been detected during the decoding of the TC message and indicated by the TC error indication "MistypedParameter" in the TC-U-Reject.

### 10.1.1 Canceled

### 10.1.1.1 General Description

#### 10.1.1.1.1 Error description

The Error "Canceled" gives an indication to the gsmSCF that the cancellation, as it was requested by the gsmSCF, of a specific Operation, has been successful. The gsmSCF is only able to cancel certain predefined gsmSCF  $\rightarrow$  gsmSRF Operations.

### 10.1.1.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

PlayAnnouncement

PromptAndCollectUserInformation

#### Procedures at responding entity (gsmSRF)

#### A) Receiving Cancel

Precondition: SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

Postcondition: SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

The indicated PlayAnnouncement or PromptAndCollectUserInformation is terminated if it is presently executing or deleted from the buffer. If the indicated PlayAnnouncement or PromptAndCollectUserInformation is already executed this causes a failure ("CancelFailed").

#### B) Sending Cancel Error

Precondition: SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

Postcondition: SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

After returning the "Canceled" Error the gsmSRF stays in the same state. The execution of the indicated PlayAnnouncement or PromptAndCollectUserInformation is aborted, i.e., the gsmSRF remains connected and the next PlayAnnouncement or PromptAndCollectUserInformation is executed if available.

#### 10.1.2 CancelFailed

### 10.1.2.1 General description

#### 10.1.2.1.1 Error description

This Error is returned by Cancel if the canceling of an Operation, as requested by the gsmSCF, was not successful. Possible failure reasons are:

- 0 unknownOperation, when the InvokeID of the operation to cancel is not known to gsmSRF (this may also happen in case the operation has already been completed);
- 1 tooLate, when the invokeID is known but the execution of the operation is in a state that it cannot be canceled anymore. For instance the announcement is finished but the SpecializedResourceReport has not been sent to the gsmSCF yet. The conditions for the occurrence of failure reason "tooLate" may be implementation dependent;
- 2 operationNotCancellable, when the invokeID points to an Operation that the gsmSCF is not allowed to cancel.

### 10.1.2.1.2 Argument description

### 10.1.2.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

Cancel

#### Procedures at responding entity (gsmSRF)

A) Receiving Cancel. However, the indicated PlayAnnouncement or PromptAndCollectUserInformation is not known, or already executed. This causes a failure, CancelFailed.

Precondition: SRSM state User Interaction.

Postcondition: SRSM state User Interaction or

SRSM state Idle.

B) Sending CancelFailed Error

Precondition: SRSM state User Interaction or

SRSM state Idle.

Postcondition: SRSM state User Interaction or

SRSM state Idle.

After returning the CancelFailed the gsmSRF stays in the same state.

## 10.1.3 ETCFailed

### 10.1.3.1 General description

#### 10.1.3.1.1 Error description

ETCFailed is an error from gsmSSF to gsmSCF, indicating the fact that the establishment of a temporary connection to an assisting gsmSSF or gsmSRF was not successful (e.g., receiving a "Backwards Release" after sending an IAM).

### 10.1.3.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

EstablishTemporaryConnection

### Procedures at responding entity (gsmSSF)

A gsmSSF receives EstablishTemporaryConnection from a gsmSCF but the establishment of the connection fails, results in returning an ETCFailed Error to the gsmSCF.

Precondition: gsmSSF FSM state c Waiting for Instructions.

Postcondition: gsmSSF FSM state c Waiting for Instructions.

No further error treatment.

### 10.1.4 ImproperCallerResponse

### 10.1.4.1 General description

#### 10.1.4.1.1 Error description

The format of the user input has been checked by the gsmSRF and does not correspond to the required format as it was defined in the initiating Operation.

## 10.1.4.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

PromptAndCollectUserInformation

#### Procedures at responding entity (gsmSRF)

A) gsmSRF receives PromptAndCollectUserInformation

Precondition: SRSM state 2 Connected or

SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

Postcondition: SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

B) response from caller is not correct, gsmSRF returns ImproperCallerResponse to gsmSCF

Precondition: SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

Postcondition: SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

gsmSRF waits for a new Operation from gsmSCF. This may be a new PromptAndCollectUserInformation or PlayAnnouncement.

## 10.1.5 MissingCustomerRecord

### 10.1.5.1 General description

#### 10.1.5.1.1 Error description

This error is sent by the gsmSCF to the gsmSSF, gprsSSF or the gsmSRF, if the SLP could not be found in the gsmSCF, because the required customer record does not exist, or the requested SLPI, indicated by the correlationID in "AssistRequestInstructions" does not exist anymore.

### 10.1.5.2 Operations gsmSSF→gsmSCF

Assist Request Instructions

InitialDP

#### Procedures at invoking entity (gsmSSF)

A) Sending Operation

Precondition: gsmSSF FSM state Trigger processing or

gsmSSF FSM state Waiting for Instructions; in the assistingSSP case.

Postcondition: gsmSSF FSM state Waiting for Instructions.

gsmSSF FSM state Waiting for Instructions; in the assistingSSP case.

B) gsmSSF receives Error "MissingCustomerRecord"

Precondition: gsmSSF FSM state Waiting for Instructions or

gsmSSF FSM state Waiting for Instructions; in the assistingSSP case.

Postcondition: gsmSSF FSM state Idle or

gsmSSF FSM state Idle; in the assistingSSP case.

The GMSC/VMSC handles the call according to the Default Call Handling parameter of the valid CSI.

### 10.1.5.3 Operations gsmSRF→gsmSCF

AssistRequestInstructions

#### Procedures at invoking entity (gsmSRF)

A) Sending Operation

Precondition: SRSM state Connected.

Postcondition: SRSM state Connected.

B) gsmSRF receives Error "MissingCustomerRecord"

Precondition: SRSM state Connected.

Postcondition: SRSM state Idle.

gsmSRF initiated Disconnect.

### 10.1.5.4 Operations gprsSSF/gsmSSF→gsmSCF

#### **SMS Related**

**InitialDPSMS** 

#### Procedures at invoking entity (gprsSSF/gsmSSF)

A) Sending Operation

Precondition: gprsSSF/gsmSSF state Waiting for Instructions.

Postcondition: gprsSSF/gsmSSF state Waiting for Instructions.

B) gprsSSF/gsmSSF receives Error "MissingCustomerRecord"

Precondition: gprsSSF/gsmSSF state Waiting for Instructions.

Postcondition: gprsSSF/gsmSSF state Idle.

### 10.1.5.5 Operations gprsSSF→gsmSCF

### **GPRS** Related

**InitialDPGPRS** 

#### Procedures at invoking entity (gprsSSF)

A) Sending Operation

Precondition: gprsSSF state Waiting for Instructions.

Postcondition: gprsSSF state Waiting for Instructions.

B) gprsSSF receives Error "MissingCustomerRecord"

Precondition: gprsSSF state Waiting for Instructions.

Postcondition: gprsSSF state Idle.

### 10.1.6 MissingParameter

### 10.1.6.1 General description

#### 10.1.6.1.1 Error description

There is an Error in the received Operation argument. The responding entity cannot start to process the requested Operation because the argument is incorrect: an expected optional parameter which is essential for the application is not included in the Operation argument.

### 10.1.6.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

#### Call Associated/Non Call Processing

**ApplyCharging** 

CallInformationRequest

FurnishChargingInformation

RequestReportBCSMEvent

ResetTimer

SendChargingInformation

### Call Associated/Call Processing

Connect

ConnectToResource

ContinueWithArgument

EstablishTemporaryConnection

#### Procedures at responding entity (gsmSSF)

Precondition: (1) gsmSSF FSM appropriate state

(2) gsmSSF FSM Call associated operation received, appropriate event occurred

(3) SSME appropriate state

(4) SSME Non call associated operation received, appropriate event

Postcondition: (1) gsmSSF FSM transition to the same state

(2) SSME transition to the initial state (i.e., before receiving the erroneous operation)

The gsmSSF FSM detects the error in the received operation. The Error parameter is returned to inform the gsmSCF of this situation.

### 10.1.6.3 Operations gsmSSF→gsmSCF

ApplyChargingReport

AssistRequestInstructions

InitialDP

#### Procedures at invoking entity (gsmSSF)

#### A) Sending Operation

Precondition: gsmSSF FSM any state in which the above operations can be transferred

Postcondition: gsmSSF FSM any state as result of the transfer of any of the above operations

B) gsmSSF receives Error "MissingParameter"

Precondition: gsmSSF FSM any state as result of the transfer of any of the above operations

Postcondition: gsmSSF FSM state a Idle

After receiving this Error, the gsmSSF FSM returns to the state Idle, the GMSC/VMSC handles the call according to the Default Call Handling parameter of the valid CSI. In case of an assisting SSF, the temporary connection is released by the assisting SSF.

### 10.1.6.4 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

PlayAnnouncement

Prompt And Collect User Information

#### Procedures at responding entity (gsmSRF)

Precondition: SRSM state Connected or

SRSM state User Interaction

Postcondition: SRSM state User Interaction

The SRSM detects that a required parameter is not present in the Operation argument. The Error parameter MissingParameter is used to inform the gsmSCF of this situation. The gsmSCF should take the appropriate actions to treat this error.

### 10.1.6.5 Operations gsmSRF→gsmSCF

AssistRequestInstructions

#### Procedures at invoking entity (gsmSRF)

A) Sending Operation

Precondition: SRSM state Connected.

Postcondition: SRSM state Connected.

B) Receiving Error

Precondition: SRSM state Connected.

Postcondition: SRSM state Idle.

The gsmSCF detects the error in the received operation. The Error parameter is used to inform the gsmSRF of this situation. The SL and maintenance functions are informed. The gsmSCF might try another gsmSRF, route the call or release the call (SL dependent).

### 10.1.6.6 Operations gprsSSF/gsmSSF→gsmSCF

#### **SMS Related**

**InitialDPSMS** 

#### Procedures at invoking entity (gprsSSF/gsmSSF)

A) Sending Operation

 $Precondition: \hspace{0.5cm} gprsSSF/gsmSSF \hspace{0.1cm} state \hspace{0.1cm} WaitringForInstructions. \\$ 

Postcondition: gprsSSF/gsmSSF state WaitringForInstructions.

B) Receiving Error

Precondition: gprsSSF/gsmSSF state WaitringForInstructions.

Postcondition: gprsSSF/gsmSSF state Idle.

After receiving this error, the gprsSSF/gsmSSF returns to the state Idle, the SGSN/VMSC handles the SM according to the Default Handling parameter of the valid CSI.

### 10.1.6.7 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF/gsmSSF

#### **SMS Related**

ConnectSMS

**FurnishChargingInformationSMS** 

RequestReportSMSEvent

ResetTimerSMS

#### Procedures at responding entity (gprsSSF/gsmSSF)

precondition:

- (1) gprsSSF/gsmSSFappropriate state.
- (2) gprsSSF/gsmSSFSMS associated operation received, appropriate event occurred.

postcondition:

(1) gprsSSF/gsmSSF transition to the same state.

The gprsSSF/gsmSSF detects the error in the received operation. The error parameter is returned to inform the gsmSCF of this situation.

## 10.1.6.8 Operations gprsSSF→gsmSCF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingReportGPRS

EntityReleasedGPRS

**InitialDPGPRS** 

#### Procedures at invoking entity (gprsSSF)

### A) Sending Operation

Precondition: gprsSSF state WaitringForInstructions.

Postcondition: gprsSSF state WaitringForInstructions.

B) Receiving Error

Precondition: gprsSSF state WaitringForInstructions.

Postcondition: gprsSSF state Idle.

After receiving this error, the gprsSSF returns to the state Idle, the SGSN handles the PDP Context according to the Default Handling parameter of the valid CSI.

### 10.1.6.9 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF

#### **GPRS** Related

**ApplyChargingGPRS** 

CancelGPRSConnectGPRS

**ContinueGPRS** 

FurnishChargingInformationGPRS

ReleaseGPRS

RequestReportGPRSEvent

ResetTimerGPRS

SendChargingInformationGPRS

Procedures at responding entity (gprsSSF)

precondition:

- (1) gprsSSF appropriate state.
- (2) gprsSSF operation received, appropriate event occurred.

postcondition:

(1) gprsSSF transition to the same state.

The gprsSSF detects the error in the received operation. The error parameter is returned to inform the gsmSCF of this situation.

## 10.1.7 ParameterOutOfRange

### 10.1.7.1 General description

### 10.1.7.1.1 Error description

The responding entity cannot start the processing of the requested Operation because an Error in a parameter of the Operation argument is detected: a parameter value is out of range.

### 10.1.7.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

### Call Associated/Non Call Processing

**ApplyCharging** 

CallInformationRequest

RequestReportBCSMEvent

ResetTimer

SendChargingInformation

#### Call Associated/Call Processing

Connect

ContinueWithArgument

### 10.1.7.3 Operations gsmSSF→gsmSCF

ApplyChargingReport

InitialDP

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.7.4 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

PlayAnnouncement

Prompt And Collect User Information

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.7.5 Operations gprsSSF/gsmSSF→gsmSCF

#### **SMS Related**

**InitialDPSMS** 

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.7.6 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF/gsmSSF

#### **SMS Related**

ConnectSMS

RequestReportSMSEvent

ResetTimerSMS

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.7.7 Operations gprsSSF →gsmSCF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingReportGPRS

**InitialDPGPRS** 

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.7.8 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingGPRS

ConnectGPRS

RequestReportGPRSEvent

ResetTimerGPRS

Send Charging Information GPRS

### 10.1.8 RequestedInfoError

### 10.1.8.1 General description

#### 10.1.8.1.1 Error description

The RequestedInfoError is an immediate response to the CallInformationRequest operation, indicating that the requested information is not known to the gsmSSF or is not available.

### 10.1.8.1.2 Argument description

```
PARAMETER ENUMERATED {
  unknownRequestedInfo(1),
  requestedInfoNotAvailable(2)
  -- other values not specified
  }
```

### 10.1.8.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

CallInformationRequest

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

## 10.1.9 SystemFailure

### 10.1.9.1 General description

### 10.1.9.1.1 Error description

This error is returned by a PE if it was not able to fulfill a specific task as requested by an operation, and recovery is not expected to be completed within the current call instance.

### 10.1.9.2 Argument description

```
PARAMETER
UnavailableNetworkResource

UnavailableNetworkResource ::= ENUMERATED {
    UnavailableResources (0),
    ComponentFailure (1),
    BasicCallProcessingException (2),
    ResourceStatusFailure (3),
    EndUserFailure (4)
```

## 10.1.9.3 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

#### Call Associated/Non Call Processing

**ApplyCharging** 

CallInformationRequest

RequestReportBCSMEvent

Send Charging Information

#### Call Associated/Call Processing

Connect

ConnectToResource

Disconnect Forward Connection

EstablishTemporaryConnection

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.9.4 Operations gsmSSF→gsmSCF

ApplyChargingReport

AssistRequestInstructions

InitialDP

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.9.5 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

PlayAnnouncement

Prompt And Collect User Information

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.9.6 Operations gsmSRF→gsmSCF

AssistRequestInstructions

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

## 10.1.9.7 Operations gprsSSF/gsmSSF→gsmSCF

### **SMS Related**

**InitialDPSMS** 

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.9.8 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF/gsmSSF

#### **SMS Related**

ConnectSMS

RequestReportSMSEvent

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

## 10.1.9.9 Operations gprsSSF →gsmSCF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingReportGPRS

**InitialDPGPRS** 

### 10.1.9.10 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingGPRS

ConnectGPRS

RequestReportGPRSEvent

SendChargingInformationGPRS

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.10 TaskRefused

### 10.1.10.1 General description

### 10.1.10.1.1 Error description

This Error is returned by a PE if it was not able to fulfill a specific task as requested by an operation, and recovery is expected to be completed within the current call instance.

### 10.1.10.1.2 Argument description

```
PARAMETER ENUMERATED {
   Generic (0),
   Unobtainable (1),
   Congestion (2)
   }
```

### 10.1.10.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

#### Call Associated/Non Call Processing

ApplyCharging

CallInformationRequest

Cancel

FurnishChargingInformation

RequestReportBCSMEvent

ResetTimer

Send Charging Information

#### Call Associated/Call Processing

Connect

ConnectToResource

DisconnectForwardConnection

EstablishTemporaryConnection

### 10.1.10.3 Operations gsmSSF→gsmSCF

ApplyChargingReport

AssistRequestInstructions

InitialDP

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

## 10.1.10.4 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

Cancel

PlayAnnouncement

PromptAndCollectUserInformation

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.10.5 Operations gsmSRF→gsmSCF

AssistRequestInstructions

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.10.6 Operations gprsSSF/gsmSSF→gsmSCF

#### **SMS Related**

**InitialDPSMS** 

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.10.7 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF/gsmSSF

#### **SMS Related**

ConnectSMS

Furnish Charging Information SMS

RequestReportSMSEvent

ResetTimerSMS

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.10.8 Operations gprsSSF →gsmSCF

#### **GPRS Related**

ApplyChargingReportGPRS

EntityReleasedGPRS

InitialDPGPRS

### 10.1.10.9 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF

#### **GPRS** Related

**ApplyChargingGPRS** 

CancelGPRS

ConnectGPRS

**FurnishChatgingInformationGPRS** 

ReleaseGPRS

RequestReportGPRSEvent

ResetTimerGPRS

SendChargingInformationGPRS

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.11 UnavailableResource

### 10.1.11.1 General description

### 10.1.11.1 Error description

The gsmSRF is not able to perform its function (i.e., play a certain announcement and/or collect specific user information), and cannot be replaced. A reattempt is not possible.

### 10.1.11.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

PlayAnnouncement

PromptAndCollectUserInformation

#### Procedures at responding entity (gsmSRF)

A) gsmSRF receiving PlayAnnouncement or PromptAndCollectUserInformation

Precondition: SRSM state 2 Connected; if initial PlayAnnouncement or PromptAndCollectUserInformation. Or

SRSM state 3 User Interaction; if not initial PlayAnnouncement or

Prompt And Collect User Information.

B) gsmSRF is not able to perform its function (and cannot be replaced). gsmSRF sends UnavailableResource.

Precondition: SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

Postcondition: SRSM state 3 User Interaction.

## 10.1.12 UnexpectedComponentSequence

### 10.1.12.1 General description

### 10.1.12.1.1 Error description

The responding entity cannot start the processing of the requested operation because a SACF or MACF rule is violated, or the operation could not be processed in the current state of the FSM.

### 10.1.12.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

#### Call Associated/Non Call Processing

**ApplyCharging** 

CallInformationRequest

FurnishChargingInformation

RequestReportBCSMEvent

ResetTimer

SendChargingInformation

### Call Associated/Call Processing

Connect

ConnectToResource

ContinueWithArgument

DisconnectForwardConnection

EstablishTemporaryConnection

In this case the gsmSSF detects the erroneous situation, sends the UnexpectedComponentSequence error and remains in the same state.

## 10.1.12.3 Operations gsmSSF→gsmSCF

ApplyChargingReport

Assist Request Instructions

InitialDP

In case the operation is sent by an "initiating" gsmSSF in the context of an existing relationship, the gsmSCF returns the error parameter. On receiving the error the gsmSSF moves to Idle.

# 10.1.12.4 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF (only applicable for direct gsmSCF-gsmSRF case)

PlayAnnouncement

PromptAndCollectUserInformation

In this case the gsmSRF detects the erroneous situation, sends the UnexpectedComponentSequence error and remains in the same state.

### 10.1.12.5 Operations gsmSRF→gsmSCF

AssistRequestInstructions

In this case, an error occurs if the gsmSRF has already an established relationship with the gsmSCF and sends an AssistRequestInstructions. The gsmSCF detects the erroneous situation, informs SL and maintenance functions and returns the error parameter. On receiving the parameter the gsmSRF moves to idle and releases the temporary connection.

### 10.1.12.6 Operations gprsSSF/gsmSSF→gsmSCF

#### **SMS Related**

**InitialDPSMS** 

In case the operation is sent by gprsSSF/gsmSSF in the context of an existing relationship, the gsmSCF returns the error parameter. On receiving the error the gprsSSF/gsmSSF moves to Idle.

### 10.1.12.7 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF/gsmSSF

#### **SMS Related**

ConnectSMS

FurnishChargingInformationSMS

RequestReportSMSEvent

ResetTimerSMS

In this case the <code>gprsSSF/gsmSSF</code> detects the erroneous situation, sends the <code>UnexpectedComponentSequence</code> error and remains in the same state.

### 10.1.12.8 Operations gprsSSF →gsmSCF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingReportGPRS

**InitialDPGPRS** 

In case the operation is sent by gprsSSF in the context of an existing relationship, the gsmSCF returns the error parameter. On receiving the error the gprsSSF moves to Idle.

### 10.1.12.9 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF

#### **GPRS Related**

ApplyChargingGPRS

ConnectGPRS

FurnishChatgingInformationGPRS

RequestReportGPRSEvent

ResetTimerGPRS

Send Charging Information GPRS

In this case the gprsSSF detects the erroneous situation, sends the UnexpectedComponentSequence error and remains in the same state.

### 10.1.13 UnexpectedDataValue

### 10.1.13.1 General description

#### 10.1.13.1.1 Error description

The responding entity cannot complete the processing of the requested Operation because a parameter has an unexpected data value.

Note that this error does not overlap with "ParameterOutOfRange"

EXAMPLE: startTime DateAndTime ::= -- value indicating January 32 1993, 12: 15: 01

The responding entity does not expect this value and responds with "UnexpectedDataValue".

### 10.1.13.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

#### Call Associated/Non Call Processing

**ApplyCharging** 

CallInformationRequest

FurnishChargingInformation

RequestReportBCSMEvent

ResetTimer

SendChargingInformation

#### Call Associated/Call Processing

Connect

ConnectToResource

ContinueWithArgument

EstablishTemporaryConnection

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.13.3 Operations gsmSSF→gsmSCF

ApplyChargingReport

AssistRequestInstructions

InitialDP

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.13.4 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

PlayAnnouncement

PromptAndCollectUserInformation

### 10.1.13.5 Operations gsmSRF→gsmSCF

AssistRequestInstructions

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.13.6 Operations gprsSSF/gsmSSF→gsmSCF

### **SMS Related**

**InitialDPSMS** 

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.13.7 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF/gsmSSF

#### **SMS Related**

ConnectSMS

FurnishChargingInformationSMS

RequestReportSMSEvent

ResetTimerSMS

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.13.8 Operations gprsSSF →gsmSCF

### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingReportGPRS

**InitialDPGPRS** 

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.13.9 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF

### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingGPRS

ConnectGPRS

ContinueGPRS

FurnishChatgingInformationGPRS

RequestReportGPRSEvent

ResetTimerGPRS

SendChargingInformationGPRS

### 10.1.14 UnexpectedParameter

### 10.1.14.1 General description

### 10.1.14.1.1 Error description

There is an error in the received Operation argument. A valid but unexpected parameter was present in the Operation argument. The presence of this parameter is not consistent with the presence of the other parameters. The responding entity cannot start to process the Operation.

### 10.1.14.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

#### Call Associated/Non Call Processing

**ApplyCharging** 

CallInformationRequest

FurnishChargingInformation

RequestReportBCSMEvent

ResetTimer

SendChargingInformation

#### Call Associated/Call Processing

Connect

ConnectToResource

ContinueWithArgument

EstablishTemporaryConnection

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.14.3 Operations gsmSSF→gsmSCF

ApplyChargingReport

AssistRequestInstructions

InitialDP

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.14.4 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSRF

PlayAnnouncement

PromptAndCollectUserInformation

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.14.5 Operations gsmSRF→gsmSCF

AssistRequestInstructions

### 10.1.14.6 Operations gprsSSF/gsmSSF→gsmSCF

#### **SMS Related**

**InitialDPSMS** 

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.14.7 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF/gsmSSF

#### **SMS Related**

ConnectSMS

FurnishChargingInformationSMS

RequestReportSMSEvent

ResetTimerSMS

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.14.8 Operations gprsSSF →gsmSCF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingReportGPRS

**InitialDPGPRS** 

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.14.9 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingGPRS

ConnectGPRS

FurnishChatgingInformationGPRS

RequestReportGPRSEvent

ResetTimerGPRS

SendChargingInformationGPRS

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

## 10.1.15 UnknownLegID

### 10.1.15.1 General description

### 10.1.15.1.1 Error description

This error is used to indicate to the gsmSCF that a specific leg, indicated by the LegID parameter value in the operation, is unknown to the gsmSSF.

### 10.1.15.2 Operations gsmSCF→gsmSSF

### Call Associated/Non Call Processing

ApplyCharging

CallInformationRequest

RequestReportBCSMEvent

SendChargingInformation

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.16 UnknownPDPID

### 10.1.16.1 General description

### 10.1.16.1.1 Error description

This error is used to indicate to the invoking entity that a specific PDP, indicated by the PDPId parameter value in the operation, is unknown to the receiving entity.

### 10.1.16.2 Operations gprsSSF→gsmSCF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingReportGPRS

EntityReleasedGPRS

Refer to subclause 10.1.6 MissingParameter for the appropriate error procedures.

### 10.1.16.3 Operations gsmSCF→gprsSSF

#### **GPRS** Related

ApplyChargingGPRS

CancelGPRS

ConnectGPRS

ContinueGPRS

ReleaseGPRS

Request Report GPRS Event

ResetTimerGPRS

SendChargingInformationGPRS

## 10.2 Entity related error procedures

The following subclauses define the error handling for the entity related errors. Since the error situations are not originated by the reception of an operation, the invoking entity is denoted here as the entity at which the error situation is detected. The responding entity is the entity which receives the error report.

The TC services used for reporting errors are described in clause 12.

## 10.2.1 Expiration of $T_{SSF}$

### 10.2.1.1 General description

### 10.2.1.1.1 Error description

A timeout occurred in the gsmSSF on the response from the gsmSCF.

### 10.2.1.2 Procedures gsmSSF→gsmSCF

#### Procedure at the invoking entity (gsmSSF)

Timeout occurs in gsmSSF on  $T_{SSF}$ 

Precondition: gsmSSF FSM state Waiting for instructions or

gsmSSF FSM state Waiting for end of User Interaction or gsmSSF FSM state Waiting for end of Temporary connection.

Postcondition: gsmSSF FSM state a Idle.

The gsmSSF aborts the dialogue and moves to the Idle state, the GMSC/VMSC handles the call according to the Default Call Handling parameter of the valid CSI.

### 10.2.2 Expiration of $T_{SRF}$

### 10.2.2.1 General Description

#### 10.2.2.1.1 Error description

A timeout occurred in the gsmSRF on the response from the gsmSCF. The procedures for handling this error are described in ETS 300 374-1 [9].

#### 10.2.2.2 Procedures description

The procedures for handling this error are described in ETS 300 374-1 [9].

# 11 Detailed operation procedures

NOTE:

The detailed operation procedures in this clause which cross reference the gsmSCF FSMs for the preand post-conditions are for information only; refer to the note at the beginning of clause x.

## 11.1 ActivityTest procedure

### 11.1.1 General description

This operation is used to check for the continued existence of a relationship between the gsmSCF and gsmSSF, gsmSCF and gsmSRF or gsmSCF and assistSSF. If the relationship is still in existence, then the receiving entity will respond. If no reply is received within a given time period, then the gsmSCF which sent this operation will assume that the receiving entity has failed in some way and will take the appropriate action.

#### 11.1.1.1 Parameters

None.

## 11.1.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF, gsmSRF or assistSSF)

### 11.1.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF preconditions:

- (1) A relationship exists between the gsmSCF and the gsmSSF.
- (2) The SSME-FSM is in the state "Idle Management" or "Non-call Associated Treatment".

gsmSRF/assistSSF preconditions:

- (1) A relationship exists between the gsmSCF and the gsmSRF/assistSSF.
- (2) The SSME-FSM is in the state "Idle Management".

gsmSSF postconditions:

- (1) The SSME-FSM stays in, or moves to the state "Non-call Associated Treatment".
- (2) If the Dialogue ID is active and there is a gsmSSF using the dialogue, then the SSME sends a Return Result "ActivityTest" to the gsmSCF. If there are no other management activities (e.g. Call Gapping), then the SSME-FSM returns to the state "Idle Management". Otherwise, the SSME-FSM remains in the state "Non-call Associated Treatment".

If the Dialogue ID is not active, then the TC in the gsmSSF will issue a P-Abort. The SSME will in that case not receive the "ActivityTest" indication and thus will not be able to reply.

gsmSRF/assistSSF postconditions:

- (1) The SSME-FSM moves to the state "Non-call Associated Treatment".
- (2) If the Dialogue ID is active and there is a gsmSRF/assistSSF using the dialogue, then the SSME sends a Return Result "ActivityTest" to the gsmSCF. The SSME-FSM then returns to the state "Idle Management".

If the Dialogue ID is not active, then the TC in the gsmSRF/assistSSF will issue a P-Abort. The SSME will in that case not receive the ActivityTest indication and thus will not be able to reply.

### 11.1.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 3 operation.

## 11.2 ActivityTestGPRS procedure

## 11.2.1 General description

This operation is used to check for the continued existence of a relationship between the gsmSCF and gprsSSF. If the relationship is still in existence, then the identified instance of gprsSSF will respond. If no reply is received within a given time period, then the gsmSCF which sent this operation will assume that the receiving entity has failed in some way and will take the appropriate action. This operation opens a new TC dialogue between gsmSCF and gprsSSF.

#### 11.2.1.1 Parameters

None

### 11.2.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF)

### 11.2.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) A relationship exists between the gsmSCF and the gprsSSF.
- (2) The SSME-FSM is in the state "Idle Management".
- (3) No active TC dialogue exists at the moment of receiving ActivityTestGPRS.

gprsSSF postconditions:

- (1) The SSME-FSM transits to the state "Non-call Associated Treatment".
- (2) If there is a gprsSSF using the GPRS-Reference Number, then the SSME sends a Return Result "ActivityTestGPRS" to the gsmSCF. The SSME-FSM then returns to the state "Idle Management".

If there is no gprsSSF using the GPRS-ReferenceNumber, then the SSME will issue a U-Abort. The SSME-FSM then returns to the state "Idle Management".

(3) The temporary TC dialogue is closed.

If at the time of receiving ActivityTestGPRS there is an active TC dialogue for this GPRS Dialogue, then the SSME issues a U-Abort with Abort reason "overlapping-dialogue".

### 11.2.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

## 11.3 ApplyCharging procedure

### 11.3.1 General description

This operation is used for interacting from the gsmSCF with the gsmSSF function: CSE control of call duration. The ApplyChargingReport operation provides the feedback from the gsmSSF to the gsmSCF.

The charging scenarios supported by this operation are those given in 3GPP TS 22.078 for CSE control of call duration.

#### 11.3.1.1 Parameters

aChBillingChargingCharacteristics:

This parameter specifies a list of parameters required for CSE control of call duration:

The list may contain:

timeDurationCharging:

This list contains the following parameters:

- maxCallPeriodDuration:

This parameter specifies the period of time for which a call can progress before an ApplyChargingReport shall be sent to the gsmSCF.

releaseIfdurationExceeded:

This parameter specifies the action to be taken at the gsmSSF when the duration specified above has been reached. If the parameter is present, then the call is released.

- tone:

If the parameter is present, then a warning tone is played when the warning tone timer expires.

- tariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter indicates to the gsmSSF the time duration until the next tariff switch. The measurement of the elapsed tariff switch period commences immediately upon successful execution of this operation.

partyToCharge:

This parameter indicates the party in the call.

## 11.3.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

#### 11.3.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) A control relationship exists between the gsmSCF and the gsmSSF.
- (2) The gsmSSF is in one of the following states:

"Waiting for Instructions";

"Waiting for End of User Interaction";

"Waiting for End of Temporary Connection";

"Monitoring".

gsmSSF postcondition:

(1) No FSM state transition.

On receipt of this operation, the gsmSSF sets the charging data using the information elements included in the operation and acts accordingly.

The gsmSSF will start monitoring for the Answer event upon receipt of the ApplyCharging operation if Answer has not already been received on an outgoing connection to a Called Party, a Temporary Connection or a connection to a gsmSRF. Upon subsequent detection of the Answer event on the outgoing connection charging is started. If the Answer

event has been received from an outgoing connection already when the ApplyCharging operation is received then charging starts immediately.

Upon release of an outgoing connection to the Called Party, the Temporary Connection or the gsmSRF connection any indication of Answer event receipt on the outgoing connection is cleared i.e. set to Answer event not received.

## 11.3.2.2 Error handling

TaskRefused: In addition to the generic error handling noted below, this error shall be indicated when:

- a previously received call period duration is pending;
- a tariffSwitchInterval is indicated when a previously received tariffSwitchInterval is pending.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.4 ApplyChargingGPRS procedure

## 11.4.1 General description

This operation is used for interacting from the gsmSCF with the gprsSSF function: CSE control of GPRS session or PDP Context duration and volume. The ApplyChargingGPRSReport operation provides the feedback from the gprsSSF to the gsmSCF. The charging scenarios supported by this operation are those given in 3GPP TS 22.078 for CSE control of GPRS session and PDP Context duration and volume.

This procedure may only be used if there is a control relationship between the gsmSCF and the GPRS Session or PDP Context, for which the charging instruction is intended.

If this procedure is used within a PDP Context dialogue, then the charging instruction shall pertain to the PDP Context only. Data volume threshold and duration threshold may be defined separately.

If this procedure is used within a Session dialogue, then the charging instruction may pertain to the Session or to a PDP Context. Charging for a PDP Context may be on duration and/or volume. Charging for a Session may be on duration only.

NOTE: Charging for a PDP Context on duration and volume requires two ApplyChargingGPRS operations.

### 11.4.1.1 Parameters

- chargingCharacteristics:

This parameter specifies a choice between parameters required for CSE control of a GPRS session or a PDP Context:

- maxTransferredVolume:

This parameter specifies the maximum volume to be transferred in number of bytes before a ApplyChargingReportGPRS shall be sent to the gsmSCF.

- maxElapsedTime:

This parameter specifies the maximum period of time before a ApplyChargingReportGPRS shall be sent to the gsmSCF.

tariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter indicates to the gprsSSF the time duration until the next tariff switch. The measurement of the elapsed tariff switch period commences immediately upon successful execution of this operation.

pDPID:

This parameter, if present, identifies the PDP Context, within the Session dialogue, to which the charging instruction applies.

# 11.4.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF)

### 11.4.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) A control relationship exists between the gsmSCF and the GPRS Session or PDP Context to which the operation applies.
- (2) The gprsSSF is in one of the following states: "Waiting for Instructions" or "Monitoring".

SSF postcondition:

(1) No gprsSSF state transition.

On receipt of this operation, the gprsSSF sets the charging data using the information elements included in the operation.

## 11.4.2.2 Error handling

TaskRefused: In addition to the generic error handling noted below, this error shall be indicated when:

- a previously received GPRS session or PDP context period or volume duration is pending;
- a tariffSwitchInterval is indicated when a previously received tariffSwitchInterval is pending.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.5 ApplyChargingReport procedure

# 11.5.1 General description

This operation is used by the gsmSSF to report charging related information to the gsmSCF as requested by the gsmSCF using the "ApplyCharging" operation.

Timing of duration shall be started if answer is detected by the gsmSSF. It shall be started independently for a connection to a Called Party, a Temporary Connection and a gsmSRF connection.

A report is generated as specified in the 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].

### 11.5.1.1 Parameters

- callResult:

This parameter provides the gsmSCF with the charging related information previously requested using the ApplyCharging operation. The "CallResult" is a list, and can contain the following parameters:

- timeDurationChargingResult: This is a list, and can contain the following parameters:

- timeInformation:

This is a choice of the following parameters:

- timeIfNoTariffSwitch:

This parameter will be present if no tariff switch has occurred since the reception of the first ApplyCharging operation for the connection to the Called Party, Temporary Connection or gsmSRF connection, otherwise it will be absent.

If Answer was detected for the connection to the Called Party, the Temporary Connection or the gsmSRF connection, then the elapsed time since detection of Answer shall be reported. If answer was not detected, it shall be set to "0".

#### timeIfTariffSwitch:

This parameter will be present if a tariff switch has occurred since the reception of the first ApplyCharging operation for the connection to the Called Party, Temporary Connection or gsmSRF connection, otherwise it will be absent.

The parameter may contain the following information:

timeSinceLastTariffSwitch:

If Answer was detected for the connection to the Called Party, the Temporary Connection or the gsmSRF connection, then the elapsed time since detection of Answer or the last tariff switch (whichever of these events was last detected) shall be reported. If Answer was not detected, it shall be set to "0".

- TariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter is present only if a tariff switch has occurred since the detection of Answer for the connection to the Called Party, the temporary connection or the gsmSRF connection in the reported call period.

The time interval between either the detection of the Answer event or the previous tariff switch (whichever of these events was last detected) and the last tariff switch is reported.

- partyToCharge:

The "partyToCharge" parameter as received in the related ApplyCharging operation or deduced from the default value, to correlate the result to the request.

callActive:

This parameter indicates whether the call is still active or has been released.

- callReleasedAtTcpExpiry:

This parameter, if present, indicates that the gsmSSF has released the call and terminated the dialogue. It shall be present when ACR is sent due to Tcp expiry and the gsmSSF has released the call (because ReleaseIfExceeded was present in ACH) and terminated the dialogue. In all other instances, this parameter shall be absent.

# 11.5.2 Invoking entity (gsmSSF)

### 11.5.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF preconditions:

- (1) A relationship exists between the gsmSSF and the gsmSCF.
- (2) A charging event has been detected that was requested by the gsmSCF via an ApplyCharging operation or a Called Party, Temporary Connection or gsmSRF disconnection event has occurred.

gsmSSF postconditions:

- (1) If release of the call has occurred because the allowed call duration has been reached:
  - All outstanding EDPs shall be disarmed;
  - ApplyChargingReport shall be sent to gsmSCF followed by any outstanding CallInformationReports, if applicable;
  - The gsmSSF shall transit to the 'Idle' state.
- (2) If release of the call has occurred but not because the allowed call duration has been reached:
  - If there are any outstanding EDPs or other reports then the gsmSSF shall remain in the same state, else;
  - The gsmSSF shall transit to the 'Idle' state.

This operation is invoked if a charging event has been detected that was requested by the gsmSCF.

## 11.5.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.6 ApplyChargingReportGPRS procedure

# 11.6.1 General description

This operation is used by the gprsSSF to report charging related information to the gsmSCF as requested by the gsmSCF using the ApplyChargingGPRS operation.

Timing of duration and measuring of transferred data (if applicable) shall be started when either an Attach event, PDP context activation acknowledgement or an Inter SGSN routeing area update acceptance is detected by the gprsSSF.

A report shall be made either when a PDP context deactivation, Detach event or Change in QoS is detected by the gprsSSF or when the gprsSSF detects that the transferred volume or elapsed time duration indicated in parameter transferredVolume or elapsedTime (received in ApplyChargingGPRS operation) has been reached. That sending of ApplyChargingReportGPRS shall only be made on chargeable QoS changes.

### 11.6.1.1 Parameters

### - chargingResult:

This parameter provides the SCF with the charging related information previously requested using the ApplyChargingGPRS operation. The "ChargingResult" is a choice, and can contain either of the following parameters:

#### transferredVolume:

This is a choice of the following parameters:

### - volumeIfNoTariffSwitch:

This parameter will be present if no tariff switch has occurred for the PDP context, otherwise it will be absent. If present, then the volume transferred since the detection of the event that triggered volume count will be reported.

### - volumeIfTariffSwitch:

This parameter will be present if a tariff switch has occurred for the PDP context, otherwise it will be absent. If present then the parameter may contain the following information:

### - volumeSinceLastTariffSwitch:

The volume since the detection of the event that triggered volume count or the last tariffSwitch (whichever of these events was last detected) is reported.

### - VolumeTariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter is present only if a tariff switch was detected after the event that triggered volume count for the PDP context in the current volume count period. If present, the volume between either the detection the event that triggered volume count or the previous tariff switch (whichever of these events was last detected) and the last tariff switch is reported.

### elapsedTime:

This is a choice of the following parameters:

### - timeGPRSIfNoTariffSwitch:

This parameter will be present if no tariff switch has occurred for the session or the PDP context, otherwise it will be absent. If present then the elapsed time since the detection of the event that triggered time count will be reported.

### - timeGPRSIfTariffSwitch:

This parameter will be present if a tariff switch has occurred for the session or the PDP context, otherwise it will be absent. If present then the parameter may contain the following information:

### - timeGPRSSinceLastTariffSwitch:

The time since the event that triggered time count or the last tariffSwitch is reported.

#### - timeGPRSTariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter is present only if a tariff switch was detected after the event that triggered time count for the session or PDP context in the current time count period. If present, the time between either the detection the event that triggered time count or the previous tariff switch (whichever of these events was last detected) and the last tariff switch is reported.

### - qualityOfService:

This IE identifies the QoS which was negotiated between the user, the SGSN and the GGSN.

This parameter is only present when the sending of Apply Charging Report GPRS operation was triggered by a change in Quality of Service.

#### - active:

This parameter indicates whether the GPRS session or PDP context is still active.

#### pDPID:

This parameter, if present, identifies the PDP Context, within the Session dialogue, for which the charging report is valid.

### chargingRollOver:

This parameter indicates possible rollovers of the "ChargingResult" parameter due to the limited value ranges of the parameters. The "chargingRollOver" parameter is a choice, and can contain either of the following parameters:

#### - transferredVolumeRollOver:

This is a choice of the following parameters:

### - rO-VolumeIfNoTariffSwitch:

This parameter indicates how many times the volumeIfNoTariffSwitch parameter of the chargingResult has rolled over. If no rollover has happened, the parameter may be absent.

### - rO-VolumeIfTariffSwitch:

The parameter is present if at least one of the subparameters below is present. If present then the parameter may contain the following information:

### rO-VolumeSinceLastTariffSwitch:

This parameter indicates how many times the volumeSinceLastTariffSwitch parameter of the chargingResult has rolled over. If no rollover has happened, the parameter may be absent.

### - rO-VolumeTariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter indicates how many times the VolumeTariffSwitchInterval parameter of the chargingResult has rolled over. If no rollover has happened, the parameter may be absent.

### - elapsedTimeRollOver:

This is a choice of the following parameters:

### - rO-TimeGPRSIfNoTariffSwitch:

This parameter indicates how many times the timeGPRSIfNoTariffSwitch parameter of the chargingResult has rolled over. If no rollover has happened, the parameter may be absent.

#### - rO-TimeGPRSIfTariffSwitch:

The parameter is present if at least one of the subparameters below is present. If present then the parameter may contain the following information:

## rO-TimeGPRSSinceLastTariffSwitch:

This parameter indicates how many times the timeGPRSSinceLastTariffSwitch parameter of the chargingResult has rolled over. If no rollover has happened, the parameter may be absent.

### - rO-TimeGPRSTariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter indicates how many times the timeGPRSTariffSwitchInterval parameter of the chargingResult has rolled over. If no rollover has happened, the parameter may be absent.

# 11.6.2 Invoking entity (gprsSSF)

### 11.6.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) A relationship exists between the gsmSCF and the GPRS Session or PDP Context.
- (2) A charging event has been detected that was requested by the gsmSCF via an ApplyChargingGPRS operation gprsSSF postconditions:
  - (1) If termination of the GPRS session or a PDP context has occurred:
    - If the sending of ApplyChargingReportGPRS is directly followed by the reporting of an EDP-R, then the gprsSSF shall transit to state "Waiting for Instructions", else
    - If there are any outstanding EDPs or pending reports then the gprsSSF shall remain in the same state, else
    - If there are no outstanding EDPs or pending reports, then the gprsSSF shall transit to state 'Idle'.
  - (2) If the sending of ApplyChargingReportGPRS is due to a timer or counter expiry:
    - If there are any outstanding EDPs or pending reports then the gprsSSF shall remain in the same state, else
    - If there are no outstanding EDPs or pending reports, then the gprsSSF shall transit to state 'Idle'.
  - (3) If the sending of ApplyChargingReportGPRS is due to a change in QoS of a PDP Context:
    - The gprsSSF shall remain in the same state.

## 11.6.2.2 Error handling

If the operation timer expires, then the gprsSSF shall abort the TC dialogue, terminate the GPRS dialogue and instruct the SGSN to handle the GPRS session or PDP context in accordance with the default GPRS handling parameter of the valid CSI.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.7 AssistRequestInstructions procedure

# 11.7.1 General description

This operation is sent to the gsmSCF by an gsmSSF, which is acting as the assisting gsmSSF in an assist procedure, or by a gsmSRF. The operation is sent when the assisting gsmSSF or gsmSRF receives an indication from an initiating gsmSSF indicating an assist procedure.

### 11.7.1.1 Parameters

- correlationID:

This parameter is used by the gsmSCF to associate the "AssistRequestInstructions" from the assisting gsmSSF or by a gsmSRF with the request from the initiating gsmSSF. The value of the "correlationID" may be extracted from the digits received from the initiating gsmSSF.

- iPSSPCapabilities:

Indicates which gsmSRF resources are attached, available and supported within:

- the VMSC/GMSC where the gsmSSF resides; or
- the IP where the gsmSRF resides.

# 11.7.2 Invoking entity (gsmSSF/gsmSRF)

### 11.7.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

(1) An assist indication is detected by the assisting gsmSSF

gsmSSF postcondition:

(1) The assisting gsmSSF waits for instructions

On receipt of an assist indication from the initiating gsmSSF, the gsmSSF or gsmSRF shall assure that the required resources are available to invoke an "AssistRequestInstructions" operation in the gsmSSF/gsmSRF and indicate to the initiating gsmSSF that the call is accepted. The "AssistRequestInstructions" operation is invoked by the gsmSSF or gsmSRF after the call, which initiated the assist indication, is accepted.

## 11.7.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.8 CallGap procedure

## 11.8.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to reduce the rate at which specific service requests are sent to the gsmSCF. For CAMEL, this operation could be sent only on a dialogue that has been opened by the gsmSSF by an InitialDP operation.

### 11.8.1.1 Parameters

gapCriteria:

This parameter identifies the criteria for a call to be subject to call gapping. It consists of the following alternatives: basicGapCriteria or compoundGapCrteria:

- basicGapCriteria:

This parameter consists of:

- calledAddressValue:

This parameter indicates that call gapping shall be applied when the leading digits of the dialled number of a call attempt match those specified in "gapCriteria". The called address is the one received from the current call control.

gapOnService:

This parameter indicates that call gapping shall be applied when the "serviceKey" of a call attempt match those specified in "gapCriteria".

- calledAddressAndService:

This parameter indicates that call gapping shall be applied when the "serviceKey" and the leading digits of the dialled number of a call attempt match those specified in "gapCriteria". The called address is the one received from the current call control.

- callingAddressAndService:

This parameter indicates that call gapping shall be applied when the "serviceKey" and the leading digits of the calling party number of a call attempt match those specified in "gapCriteria". In the case of call forwarding the calling address to be gapped is the redirecting number which would be put in the Initial DP operation.

compoundGapCriteria:

This parameter consists of the following subparameters:

### - basicGapCriteria:

This parameter is as described above.

#### - scfID:

The means of identification of an gsmSCF. The scfID is to convey the necessary gsmSCF address information (e.g. Global Title) in the network to the requesting gsmSSF. See Q.713 "calling party address" parameter. The network operator has to decide about the actual mapping of this parameter on the used signalling system.

This parameter indicates the address of the gsmSCF, which initiated the call gapping.

When scfID is used in an operation, which may cross an internetwork boundary, its encoding must be understood in both networks; this requires bilateral agreement on the encoding. If this parameter is not available the call gapping is not dedicated to a specific gsmSCF.

This subparameter is restricted to include a fixed GT address string.

Note: In the case where the GT addresses more than one SCP (e.g. a mated pair) then if one of these physical SCPs enters overload conditions and issues CallGap, then it is applied to all of them.

### - gapIndicators:

This parameter indicates the gapping characteristics.

#### - duration:

Duration specifies the total time interval during which call gapping for the specified gap criteria will be active.

A duration of 0 indicates that gapping is to be removed.

A duration of -2 indicates a network specific duration.

Other values indicate duration in seconds. A duration of -1 shall not be used.

### gapInterval:

This parameter specifies the minimum time between calls being allowed through.

An interval of 0 indicates that calls meeting the gap criteria are not to be rejected.

An interval of -1 indicates that all calls meeting the gap criteria are to be rejected.

Other values indicate interval in milliseconds.

### controlType:

This parameter indicates the reason for activating call gapping.

The "controlType" value "sCPOverloaded" indicates that an automatic congestion detection and control mechanism in the SCP has detected a congestion situation.

The "controlType" value "manuallyInitiated" indicates that the service and or network/service management centre has detected a congestion situation, or any other situation that requires manually initiated controls.

NOTE: The controlType 'manuallyInitiated' will have priority over 'sCPOverloaded' call gap. It should be noted that also non-IN controlled traffic control mechanism can apply to an exchange with the SSF functionality. The non-IN controlled traffic control may also have some influence to the IN call. Therefore it is recommended to take measures to co-ordinate several traffic control mechanisms. The non-IN controlled traffic control and co-ordination of several traffic control mechanisms are out of the scope of CAP.

### - gapTreatment:

This parameter indicates how calls that were stopped by the call gapping mechanism shall be treated.

### - informationToSend:

This parameter indicates an announcement or a tone to be sent to the calling party. At the end of information sending, the call shall be released.

#### - inbandInfo:

This parameter specifies the inband information to be sent.

#### - messageID

This parameter indicates the message(s) to be sent, it can be one of the following:

elementaryMessageID:
 This parameter indicates a single announcement.

#### duration:

This parameter indicates the maximum time duration in seconds that the message shall be played/repeated. ZERO indicates endless repetition.

#### - tone:

This parameter specifies a tone to be sent to the end-user.

toneID:

This parameter indicates the tone to be sent.

- duration:

This parameter indicates the time duration in seconds of the tone to be sent. ZERO indicates infinite duration.

#### releaseCause:

If the call is to be released, this parameter indicates a specific cause value to be sent in the release message. See EN 300 356-1 [8].

# 11.8.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.8.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) Call gapping for gapCriteria is not active, or Call gapping for gapCriteria is active.
- (2) The gsmSSF is in any state except "Idle" and except "Wait\_For\_Request".

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) The gsm\_SSME\_FSM process is in the state "Active".
- (2) Call gapping for gapCriteria is activated, or Call gapping for gapCriteria is renewed, or Call gapping for gapCriteria is removed.
- (3) The gsmSSF remains in the same state.

If there is not already an existing gsm\_SSME\_FSM for the gap criteria and gsmSCFAddress provided, a new gsm\_SSME\_FSM is created. If no gsmSCFAddress is provided, this refers in general to the gsm\_SSME\_FSM without a gsmSCFAddress. This gsm\_SSME\_FSM enters the state "Active" and initializes call gapping for the specified IN calls. The parameters "gapIndicators", "controlType", "gapTreatment" and "gsmSCFAddress" for the indicated gap criteria will be set as provided by the "CallGap" operation.

In the case both manually initiated and automatically initiated service request gapping are active for the same "gapCriteria", the manuallyInitiated call gapping prevails over automatically initiated ("sCPOverloaded"). More specifically, the following rules shall be applied in the SSF to manage the priority of different control Types associated with the same "gapCriteria":

- If a gsm-SSME-FSM already exists for the "gapCriteria" and the gsmSCFAddress provided, then:
  - (1) if the (new) "controlType" equals an existing "controlType", then the new parameters (i.e., "gapIndicators" and "gapTreatment") overwrites the existing parameter values.
  - (2) if the (new) "controlType" is different than the existing "controlType", then the new parameters (i.e., "controlType", "gapIndicators", and "gapTreatment") shall be appended to the appropriate gsm\_SSME\_FSM (in addition to the existing parameters). The gsm\_SSME\_FSM remains in the state "Active".

If the gsmSSF meets a TDP, it checks if call gapping was initiated for the same gsmSCF as the one currently assigned to this TDP or if call gapping exists with no provided gsmSCFAddress. If neither call gapping was initiated nor exists, an "InitialDP" operation may be sent.

It checks if call gapping was initiated either for the "serviceKey" or for the "calledAddressValue" assigned to this TDP. If not, an "InitialDP" operation may be sent. In the case call gapping was initiated for "calledAddressAndService" or "callingAddressAndService" and the "serviceKey" matches, a check on the "calledAddressValue" and "callingAddressValue" for active call gapping shall be performed. If not, an "InitialDP" operation may be sent.

If a call to a controlled number matches only one "gapCriteria", then the corresponding control is applied. If both "manuallyInitiated" and "sCPOverload" controls are active, then only the manually initiated control shall be applied.

If a call matches several active "basicGapCriteria", then the treatment as specified in the CallGap associated with the gapCriteria with the highest priority should be applied, with the priority being from high to low:

- 1. calledAddressAndService/calledAddressValue;
- 2. callingAddressAndService;
- 3. gapOnService.

For example, a call with called number 123456 and ServiceKey = NP matches two CallGaps, one with gapCriteria 'CalledAdressValue=123' and another with 'gapOnService=NP'. Then the call is subject to the control of the service request CallGap with 'CalledAdressValue=123'.

In case multiple call gapping procedures are active with the same gap criteria, the "manuallyInitiated" call gapping shall prevail over automatically initiated service request gapping ("sCPOverloaded").

If a call to a controlled called number or from a controlled calling number matches several active "basicGapCriteria" of the same type (in this context 'calledAddressAndService' and 'calledAddressValue' are seen as one type), then only the "gapCriteria" associated with the longest called party number shall be used, and the corresponding control shall be applied. For example, the codes 1234 and 12345 are under control. Then the call with 123456 is subject to the control on 12345.

If a call to a controlled called number matches calledAddressAndService and calledAddressValue with the same number length, than calledAddressAndService has priority. Furthermore, if both "manuallyInitiated" and "sCPOverloaded" "controlTypes" are active for this "gapCriteria", then the "manuallyInitiated" control shall be applied.

If call gapping is performed on a call for a particular service and triggering of this service is allowed no other gap criteria should be applied to the same service.

Active GapCriteria with assigned scfID will have higher priority than the others. In case an entry with scfID matching the current call exist all other criteria without scfID are not evaluated.

The matching entries with scfID are evaluated in accordance with the priority rules for the basic criteria listed above.

If call gapping shall be applied and there is no gap interval active, an "InitialDP" operation may be sent including the "cGEncountered" parameter according to the specified controlType. A new gap interval shall be initiated as indicated by "gapInterval".

If a gap interval is active, no "InitialDP" operation is sent and the call is treated as defined by Default Call Handling and "gapTreatment".

The call gap process is stopped if the indicated duration equals ZERO.

If call gapping proceeds then the gsm\_SSME\_FSM remains in the state "Active". Otherwise, the gsm\_SSME\_FSM moves to state "idle".

### 11.8.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 11.9 CallInformationReport procedure

## 11.9.1 General description

This operation is used to send specific call information for a single call party to the gsmSCF as requested by the gsmSCF in previous "CallInformationRequest" operation. The report is sent at the end of a call party connection which is indicated by one of the events specified below.

#### 11.9.1.1 Parameters

- requestedInformationList:
   According to the requested information the gsmSSF sends the appropriate types and values to the gsmSCF.
- legID:
   This parameter indicates the party in the call for which the information has been collected. When absent, it indicates the "outgoing" leg, this can be a leg created by Connect/Continue/ContinueWithArgument.

# 11.9.2 Invoking entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.9.2.1 Normal procedure

### gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) The indicated or default party is released from the call or call setup towards the indicated or default party is not completed.
- (2) Requested call information has been collected.
- (3) "CallInformationReport" is pending due to a previously received "CallInformationRequest" operation.
- (4) A control or a monitor relationship exists between the gsmSCF and the gsmSSF.

### gsmSSF postcondition:

(1) The gsmSSF shall move to the "Idle" state in the case where no other report requests are pending and no EDPs are armed otherwise the gsmSSF FSM shall remain in the same state.

If the gsmSSF FSM executes a state transition caused by one of the following events:

- release for the indicated or default leg;
- abandon for the indicated or default leg;
- Called party busy or Not Reachable for the indicated or default leg;
- gsmSSF no answer timer expiration for the indicated or default leg;
- route select failure for the indicated or default leg;
- release of call initiated by the gsmSCF (ReleaseCall),

and "CallInformationRequest" is pending for the indicated or default legs then one "CallInformationReport" operation is sent to the gsmSCF containing all information requested for that leg.

If a "CallInformationReport" has been sent to the gsmSCF then no "CallInformationReport" is pending on that leg, i.e. a further "CallInformationReport" on that leg, for example in the case of follow-on, has to be explicitly requested by the gsmSCF.

If an event causing the "CallInformationReport" is also detected by an armed EDP-R then immediately after "CallInformationReport" the corresponding "EventReportBCSM" has to be sent.

If an event causing the "CallInformationReport" is also detected by an armed EDP-N then immediately before "CallInformationReport" the corresponding "EventReportBCSM" has to be sent.

## 11.9.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 11.10 CallInformationRequest procedure

## 11.10.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to record specific information about a single call party and report it to the gsmSCF using the "CallInformationReport" operation.

### 11.10.1.1 Parameters

- requestedInformationTypeList:

This parameter specifies a list of specific items of information which is requested.

The list may contain:

callAttemptElapsedTime:

This parameter indicates the duration between the end of CAP processing of operations initiating call setup ("Connect", "Continue" or "ContinueWithArgument") and the received answer indication from called party side. For a calling party leg this parameter has to be set to 0.

In case of unsuccessful call setup the network event indicating the unsuccessful call setup stops the measurement of "callAttemptElapsedTime".

callStopTime:

This parameter indicates the time stamp when the connection is released.

callConnectedElapsedTime:

This parameter indicates the duration between the received answer indication from the called party side and the release of that connection. For a calling party it indicates the duration between the sending of IDP and the release of that party.

- releaseCause:

This parameter indicates the release cause for the call.

- legID:

This parameter indicates the party in the call for which the information shall be collected and at the end of connection of which the report shall be sent. When absent, it shall apply to the "outgoing" leg, this can be a leg created by Connect/Continue/ContinueWithArgument.

# 11.10.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.10.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

(1) A control relationship exists between gsmSSF and gsmSCF.

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) Requested call information is retained by the gsmSSF.
- (2) The gsmSSF is waiting for further instructions.

The gsmSSF may receive the "CallInformationRequest" operation within an existing call associated (CA) dialogue only.

The "CallInformationRequest" operation is accepted by the gsmSSF Finite State Machine (gsmSSF-FSM) only in the state "Waiting for Instructions". The operation does not lead to any transition to another state.

The gsmSSF allocates a record for the indicated or default party and stores the requested information if already available and prepares the recording of information items, that will become available later like for example "callStopTimeValue".

Call information may be requested for any call party (identified by a legID).

## 11.10.2.2 Error handling

In any other than the "Waiting for Instruction" state the "CallInformationRequest" operation will be handled as an error with the error code "UnexpectedComponentSequence".

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.11 Cancel procedure

## 11.11.1 General description

The gsmSCF uses this class 2 operation to request the gsmSRF/gsmSSF to cancel a correlated previous operation.

The gsmSRF operation to be deleted can be either a "PlayAnnouncement" operation or a "PromptAndCollectUserInformation" operation.

The cancellation of an operation is indicated via a respective error indication, "Canceled", to the invoking entity of the cancelled "PlayAnnouncement" or "PromptAndCollectUserInformation" operation. The "Cancel" operation can also be used to cancel all outstanding requests and enable the state machine (gsmSSF) to go to idle. In this case the "Cancel operation does not specify any specific operation to be cancelled.

### 11.11.1.1 Parameters

- invokeID:
  - This parameter specifies which operation invokation is to be cancelled, i.e. PromptAndCollectUserInformation or PlayAnnouncement.
- allRequests:
  - This parameter indicates that all active requests for EDP reports, "ApplyChargingReport" and "CallInformationReport" shall be cancelled.

NOTE: This cancellation is different from the invokeID based cancel mechanism described above.

# 11.11.2 Responding entity (gsmSRF)

In case of Cancel(invokeID) the gsmSRF is the responding entity.

## 11.11.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSRF precondition:

(1) A PlayAnnouncement or PromptAndCollectUserInformation operation has been received and the gsmSRF is in the "User Interaction" state.

### gsmSRF postcondition:

(1) The execution of the PlayAnnouncement or PromptAndCollectUserInformation operation has been aborted and the gsmSRF remains in the "User Interaction" state.

### 11.11.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.11.3 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

In case of Cancel(allRequests) the gsmSSF is the responding entity.

## 11.11.3.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

(1) The gsmSSF-FSM is in the state "Waiting for Instructions" or "Monitoring".

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) All active requests for reports and notifications have been cancelled.
- (2) In case the gsmSSF-FSM was in state "Monitoring" it shall return to idle, or In case the gsmSSF-FSM was in state "Waiting for Instructions" it will remain in that state. A subsequent call-processing operation will move the gsmSSF-FSM state to "Idle". The call, if in active state, is further treated by gsmSSF autonomously as a normal (non-IN-) call.

## 11.11.3.2 Error handling

Sending of return error on cancel is not applicable in the cancel "allRequests" case. Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.12 CancelGPRS procedure

# 11.12.1 General description

The gsmSCF uses this operation to request the gprsSSF to cancel all outstanding requests for a GPRS session or a specific PDP context and enable the state machine in the gprsSSF to go to "Idle" if there are no further outstanding EDPs or pending reports.

This procedure can not be used to cancel a previous operation.

### 11.12.1.1 Parameters

- pDPID:

This parameter, if present, identifies the PDP Context for which the active requests for EventReportGPRS and ApplyGPRSChargingReport shall be cancelled.

# 11.12.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF)

## 11.12.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF precondition:

(1) The gprsSSF is in the states "Waiting for Instructions" or "Monitoring".

gprsSSF postcondition:

- (1) All active requests for ApplyChargingReportGPRS and outstanding EDPs have been cancelled. In the case a PDPID was included only the ApplyChargingReportsGPRS and outstanding EDPs for the corresponding PDP context are cancelled.
- (2) In the case the gprsSSF was in state "Monitoring" it shall return to idle if there are no other PDP contexts pending; or

In the case the gprsSSF was in state "Waiting for Instructions" it shall remain in that state. A subsequent GPRS session or PDP context processing operation will move the gprsSSF to state "Idle" if there are no other PDP contexts pending.

The GPRS session or PDP context, if in active state, is further treated by gprsSSF autonomously as a normal (non-CSE controlled) GPRS session or PDP context.

## 11.12.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.13 Connect procedure

## 11.13.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to perform the call processing actions to route a call to a specific destination.

In general all parameters which are provided in a Connect operation to the gsmSSF shall replace the corresponding signalling parameter in the CCF in O-BCSM, in accordance with ES 201 296 [38] and shall be used for subsequent call processing. The CCF of the T-BCSM shall send corresponding signalling parameters to new call leg without using them in subsequent call processing. Parameters which are not provided by the Connect operation shall retain their value (if already assigned) in the CCF for subsequent call processing.

## 11.13.1.1 Parameters

- destinationRoutingAddress:

This parameter contains the called party numbers towards which the call is to be routed.

- alertingPattern:

This parameter indicates the type of alerting to be applied. It is defined in 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

- serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo:

This parameter contains indicators which are exchanged between the gsmSSF and the gsmSCF to resolve interactions between IN based services and network based services.

callingPartysCategory:

This parameter indicates the type of calling party (e.g., operator, pay phone, ordinary subscriber).

originalCalledPartyID:

This parameter carries the dialled digits if the call is forwarded by the gsmSCF.

- redirectingPartyID:

This parameter, if present, indicates the last directory number the call was redirected from.

redirectionInformation:

This parameter contains forwarding related information, such as redirecting counter.

- genericNumbers:

This parameter allows the gsmSCF to set the Generic Number parameter used in the network. It is used for transfer of Additional Calling Party Number.

- suppressionOfAnnouncement:

This parameter indicates that announcements and tones which are played in the exchange at non-successful call set-up attempts shall be suppressed.

- oCSIApplicable:

This parameter indicates to the GMSC/gsmSSF or VMSC/gsmSSF that the Originating CAMEL Subscription Information, if present, shall be applied on the outgoing call leg created with the Connect operation. For the use of this parameter see 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].

- Carrier:

This parameter indicates carrier information. It consists of the carrier selection field followed by the Carrier ID information to be used by gsmSSF for routing a call to a carrier.

It comprises the following embedded sub-parameter:

- carrierSelectionField:

This parameter indicates how the selected carrier is provided (e.g. pre-subscribed).

carrierID

This alternative indicates the carrier to use for the call. It contains the digits of the carrier identification code.

naOliInfo:

This parameter contains originating line information which identifies the charged party number type to the carrier.

- ChargeNumber:

This parameter contains the number that identifies the entity to be charged for the call. It identifies the chargeable number for the usage of a carrier (applicable on a call sent into a North American long distance carrier). For a definition of this parameter refer to ANSI ISUP T1.113 [53].

- cug-Interlock:

This parameter uniquely identifies a CUG within a network.

- cug-OutgoingAccess:

This parameter indicates if the calling user has subscribed to the outgoing access inter-CUG accessibility subscription option.

## 11.13.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

### 11.13.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) A control relationship exists between the gsmSSF and the gsmSCF.
- (2) BCSM: Basic call processing has been suspended at a DP.
- (3) The gsmSSF is in state "Waiting for Instructions".

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) The gsmSSF performs the call processing actions to route the call to the specified destination.
- (2) In the O-BCSM, call processing resumes at PIC Analyze\_Information.

On receipt of this operation in the gsmSSF state "Waiting for Instructions", the gsmSSF performs the following actions:

- The gsmSSF cancels T<sub>SSF</sub>;
- If no EDPs have been armed and neither a CallInformationReport nor an ApplyChargingReport has been requested, the gsmSSF goes to state "Idle". Otherwise, the gsmSSF goes to state "Monitoring".

No implicit activation or deactivation of DPs occurs.

Statistic counter(s) are not affected.

### 11.13.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.14 ConnectGPRS procedure

## 11.14.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gprsSSF to modify the APN used when establishing a PDP context.

### 11.14.1.1 Parameters

- accessPointName:
  - This parameter contains the Access Point Name (see 3GPP TS 29.060 [43]) towards which the PDP context shall be established.
- pDPID:

This parameter identifies the PDP context for which the modified Access Point Name shall be used.

# 11.14.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF)

### 11.14.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) A control relationship exists between the gprsSSF and the gsmSCF.
- (2) The GPRS PDP context FSM idenntified by the PDPID is supsended at DP PDP\_Context\_Establishment.
- (3) The gprsSSF is in state "Waiting for Instructions".

### gprsSSF postcondition:

- (1) The gprsSSF performs the actions to establish the PDP context identified by PDPID using the given Access Point Name.
- (2) the gprsSSF cancels  $T_{SSF}$ .
- (3) if no EDPs are armed, the gprsSSF transits to state "Idle". Otherwise the gprsSSF transits to state "Monitoring".

No implicit activation or deactivation of DPs occurs.

### 11.14.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.15 ConnectSMS procedure

## 11.15.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gsmSSF/gprsSSF to perform the Short Message processing actions to route a SM to a specific destination or to influence other SM set-up information, e.g. the Calling Party Number.

### 11.15.1.1 Parameters

callingPartysNumber:

This parameter allows the gsmSCF to set the Calling Party Number parameter used in the network. It is used for showing the sending party's id to the receiving party.

- destinationSubscriberNumber:

This parameter contains the receiving party number towards which the SM is to be routed by the SMSC.

smscAddress:

This parameter contains the Short Message Service Centre address towards which the SM is to be routed. The SMSC forwards the SM to the indicated destinationSubscriberNumber.

## 11.15.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF or gprsSSF)

## 11.15.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF or gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) Mobile originating SM submission attempt has been initiated.
- (2) SM processing has been suspended at the DP SMS\_Collected\_Info.
- (3) The gsmSSF/gprsSSF waits for instructions.

gsmSSF/gprsSSF postcondition:

(1) The gsmSSF/gprsSSF performs the SM processing actions to route the SM to the specified destination.

On receipt of this operation in the gsmSSF/gprsSSF state "Waiting for Instructions", the gsmSSF/gprsSSF performs the following actions:

- the gsmSSF/gprsSSF cancels T<sub>SSF</sub>;
- if the "callingPartysNumber", destinationSubscriberNumber or smscAddress are supplied, these values may be used for all subsequent gsmSSF/gprsSSF processing;
- if no EDPs have been armed the gsmSSF/gprsSSF goes to state "Idle". Otherwise, the gsmSSF/gprsSSF goes to state "Monitoring".

No implicit activation or deactivation of DPs occurs.

Statistic counter(s) are not affected.

### 11.15.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.16 ConnectToResource procedure

## 11.16.1 General description

This operation is used to connect a call from the gsmSSF to a specialized resource. After successful connection to the gsmSRF, the interaction with the caller can take place. The gsmSSF relays all operations for the gsmSRF and all responses from the gsmSRF.

### 11.16.1.1 Parameters

resourceAddress:

This parameter identifies the physical location of the gsmSRF.

iPRoutingAddress:

This parameter indicates the routeing address to set up a connection towards the gsmSRF.

- none

This parameter indicates that the call party is to be connected to a predefined gsmSRF.

- serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo:

This parameter contains an indicator sent from the gsmSCF to the gsmSSF, for control of the through connection to the Calling Party from the gsmSRF. Note that the Assisting gsmSSF shall always assume that Bothway Throughconnection is required, and hence will ignore this parameter if received.

## 11.16.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

### 11.16.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) A control relationship has been established.
- (2) The gsmSSF is in the state "Waiting for Instructions".

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) The call is switched to the gsmSRF.
- (2) A control relationship to the gsmSRF is established.
- (3) The gsmSSF moves to the state "Waiting for End of User Interaction (WFI)". T<sub>SSF</sub> is set.

NOTE: The successful connection to the gsmSRF causes a state transition in the gsmSRF FSM from "Idle" to "Connected".

## 11.16.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.17 Continue procedure

# 11.17.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to proceed with call processing at the DP at which it previously suspended call processing to await gsmSCF instructions. The gsmSSF continues call processing without substituting new data from the gsmSCF.

### 11.17.1.1 Parameters

None

## 11.17.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.17.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) A control relationship exists between the gsmSSF and the gsmSCF
- (2) BCSM: Basic call processing has been suspended at any DP.
- (3) gsmSSF is in state "Waiting for Instructions".

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) BCSM: Basic call processing continues, if all required resumptions have been received, otherwise the only action is to decrement the resumption counter(s). (For details refer to 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].)
- (2) The gsmSSF remains in the same state if all resumptions have not been received; or

The gsmSSF transits to the state "Monitoring", because at least one EDP was armed, or a "CallInformationReport" or "ApplyChargingReport" was requested and no user interaction is ongoing; or

The gsmSSF transits to the state "Idle", because no EDPs were armed and neither the "CallInformationReport" nor the "ApplyChargingReport" was requested.

### 11.17.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 11.18 ContinueGPRS procedure

## 11.18.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gprsSSF to proceed with GPRS session or PDP context processing at the DP at which it previously suspended processing to await gsmSCF instructions. The gprsSSF continues processing without substituting new data from the gsmSCF.

## 11.18.1.1 Parameters

- pDPID:

This parameter if present identifies the PDP context within the control relationship for which the processing shall continue.

## 11.18.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF)

### 11.18.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF precondition:

- (1) GPRS session or PDP context processing has been suspended at any DP.
- (2) gprsSSF is in state "Waiting for Instructions".

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) GPRS session or PDP context processing continues.
- (2) gprsSSF is in one of the following states:
  - State "Monitoring" because at least one EDP was armed or an ApplyChargingReportGPRS was requested; or
  - State "Idle" because no EDPs were armed and no ApplyChargingReportGPRS was requested.

The gprsSSF is in state "Waiting for instructions". The gprsSSF transits to state "Idle" in case no EDPs are armed and no outstanding report requests are present. The gprsSSF transits to state "Monitoring" if at least one EDP is armed, or if there is at least one outstanding ApplyChargingReportGPRS request. GPRS session or PDP context processing is resumed.

## 11.18.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 11.19 ContinueSMS procedure

## 11.19.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gprsSSF or gsmSSF for SMS to proceed with processing at the DP at which it previously suspended processing to await gsmSCF instructions. The gprsSSF or gsmSSF continues processing without substituting new data from the gsmSCF.

### 11.19.1.1 Parameters

None.

# 11.19.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF or gsmSSF)

## 11.19.2.1 Normal procedure

SSF precondition:

- (1) processing has been suspended at any DP.
- (2) SSF is in state "Waiting for Instructions".

SSF postcondition:

- (1) processing continues.
- (2) SSF is in one of the following states:
  - State "Monitoring" because at least one EDP was armed; or
  - State "Idle" because no EDPs were armed.

## 11.19.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 11.20 ContinueWithArgument Procedure

## 11.20.1 General description

This operation is used to request the SSF to proceed with call processing at the DP at which it previously suspended call processing to await SCF instructions. It is also used to provide additional service related information to a User (Called Party or Calling Party) whilst the call processing proceeds.

In general all parameters which are provided in a ContinueWithArgument operation to the gsmSSF shall replace the corresponding signalling parameter in the CCF, in accordance with ES 201 296 [38] and shall be used for subsequent call processing. Parameters which are not provided by the ContinueWithArgument operation shall retain their value (if already assigned) in the CCF for subsequent call processing.

### 11.20.1.1 Parameters

- alertingPattern:

This parameter indicates the type of alerting to be applied. It is defined in 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

- serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo:

This parameter contains indicators which are exchanged between the gsmSSF and the gsmSCF to resolve interactions between IN based services and network based services.

callingPartysCategory:

This parameter indicates the type of calling party (e.g., operator, pay phone, ordinary subscriber).

- genericNumbers:

This parameter allows the gsmSCF to set the Generic Number parameter used in the network. It is used for transfer of Additional Calling Party Number.

- suppressionOfAnnouncement:

This parameter indicates that announcements and tones which are played in the exchange at non-successful call set-up attempts shall be suppressed.

- Carrier

This parameter indicates carrier information. It consists of the carrier selection field followed by the Carrier ID information to be used by gsmSSF for routing a call to a carrier.

It comprises the following embedded sub-parameter:

- carrierSelectionField:

This parameter indicates how the selected carrier is provided (e.g. pre-subscribed).

carrierID:

This alternative indicates the carrier to use for the call. It contains the digits of the carrier identification code.

- naOliInfo:

This parameter contains originating line information which identifies the charged party number type to the carrier.

- ChargeNumber:

This parameter contains the number that identifies the entity to be charged for the call. It identifies the chargeable number for the usage of a carrier (applicable on a call sent into a North American long distance carrier). For a definition of this parameter refer to ANSI ISUP T1.113 [53].

- cug-Interlock:

This parameter uniquely identifies a CUG within a network.

cug-OutgoingAccess:
 This parameter indicates if the calling user has subscribed to the outgoing access inter-CUG accessibility subscription option.

# 11.20.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.20.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) A control relationship exists between the gsmSSF and the gsmSCF.
- (2) BCSM: Basic call processing has been suspended at a DP.
- (3) gsmSSF is in the state "Waiting for Instructions".

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) BCSM: Basic call processing continues with modified information.
- (2) The gsmSSF moves to the state "Monitoring" if there exist armed EDPs or outstanding reports, otherwise the gsmSSF transits to "Idle".

## 11.20.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.21 DisconnectForwardConnection procedure

# 11.21.1 General Description

This operation is used in the following two cases:

To clear a connection to a gsmSRF

This operation is used to explicitly disconnect a connection to a resource (gsmSRF) established previously with a "ConnectToResource" or an "EstablishTemporaryConnection" operation. It is used for a forward disconnection from the gsmSSF. An alternative solution is the backward disconnect from the gsmSRF, controlled by the "DisconnectFromIPForbidden" parameter in the "PlayAnnouncement" and "PromptAndCollectUserInformation" operations.

To clear a connection to an assisting gsmSSF

This operation is sent to the non-assisting gsmSSF of a pair of SSFs involved in an assist procedure. It is used to disconnect the temporary connection between the initiating gsmSSF and the assisting gsmSSF, and the assisting gsmSSF, and its associated gsmSRF.

### 11.21.1.1 Parameters

None.

## 11.21.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

### 11.21.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

(1) The basic call processing has been suspended at a DP. The gsmSSF in the initiating gsmSSF is in the state "Waiting for End of User Interaction" or "Waiting for End of Temporary Connection".

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) The connection to the gsmSRF or assisting gsmSSF is released.
- (2) The gsmSSF is in state "Waiting for Instructions".

The receipt of "DisconnectForwardConnection" results in disconnecting the assisting gsmSSF or the PE containing the gsmSRF from the concerned call. It does not release the connection from the gsmSSF back to the end user.

This operation is accepted in the gsmSSF states "Waiting for End of Temporary Connection" or "Waiting for End of User Interaction". On receipt of this operation in these states, the gsmSSF must perform the following actions:

- The initiating gsmSSF releases the connection to the assisting gsmSSF or the relay gsmSRF.
- The gsmSSF resets T<sub>SSF</sub>.
- The gsmSSF FSM goes to state "Waiting for Instructions".

NOTE: The successful disconnection to the gsmSRF causes a state transition in the gsmSRF FSM to "Idle". A current order (e.g. "PlayAnnouncement" or "PromptAndCollectUserInformation") is cancelled and any queued order (e.g. "PlayAnnouncement" or "PromptAndCollectUserInformation") is discarded.

## 11.21.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.22 EntityReleasedGPRS procedure

## 11.22.1 General description

This operation is used by the gprsSSF to inform the gsmSCF that the GPRS Session is detached or a PDP Context is disconnected. It shall be used only when the associated event detection point (ie. for GPRS Session Detach: DP 'detached' and for PDP Context Disconnect: DP 'disconnect') is at that moment not armed for reporting.

This operation shall be used irrespectively of the functional entity that initiated the Detach or PDP Context Disconnect and irrespectively of the cause for the Detach or PDP Context Disconnect.

When a PDP Context is terminated, all outstanding reports of that PDP Context shall be sent to the SCP. When a GPRS Session is terminated, all outstanding reports of the Session shall be sent to the SCP.

### 11.22.1.1 Parameters

- gPRSCause:
   A number giving an indication to the gprsSCF about the reason for discontinuing the PDP Context or GPRS Session. This may be used by gsmSCF if FurnishChargingInformationGPRS is to be sent to the gprsSSF.
- pDPID:
  This parameter, if present, identifies the PDP Context within the Session dialogue, which has terminated.

# 11.22.2 Invoking entity (gprsSSF)

### 11.22.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

(1) State "Waiting for Instructions" or State "Monitoring".

gprsSSF postcondition:

(1) Possible armed EDPs are ignored for the indicated PDP Context or GPRS Session. All connections and resources related to the specific PDP Context or GPRS Session are released.

If there are no more armed EDPs or pending reports, then the gprsSSF transits to state 'Idle'; otherwise the

gprsSSF remains in the same state.

## 11.22.2.2 Error handling

If the operation timer expires, then the gprsSSF shall abort the TC dialogue, terminate the GPRS dialogue and instruct the SGSN to handle the GPRS session or PDP context in accordance with the default GPRS handling parameter of the valid CSI.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.23 EstablishTemporaryConnection procedure

## 11.23.1 General Description

This operation is used to create a connection between an initiating gsmSSF and an assisting gsmSSF as part of a service assist procedure. It can also be used to create a connection between a gsmSSF and a gsmSRF, for the case where the gsmSRF exists in a separately addressable PE.

The assisting SSPIPR outing Address shall contain routing digits, a correlation ID and an scfID when a temporary connection is to be established between PLMNs and no bilateral agreement exists between the involved network operators to transfer correlation ID and SCFiD as separate parameters.

### 11.23.1.1 Parameters

- assisting SSPIPRouting Address:

This parameter indicates the destination address of the gsmSRF for assist procedure. The "assistingSSPIPRoutingAddress" may contain embedded within it, a "correlationID" and "scfID", but only if "correlationID" and "scfID" are not specified separately.

- correlationID:

This parameter is used by the gsmSCF to associate the "AssistRequestInstructions" from the assisting gsmSSF (or the gsmSRF) with the Request from the initiating gsmSSF. The "correlationID" is used only if the correlation id is not embedded in the "assistingSSPIPRoutingAddress". The network operator has to decide about the actual mapping of this parameter on the used signalling system.

- scfID:

This parameter indicates the gsmSCF identifier and enables the assisting SSF to identify which gsmSCF the AssistRequestInstructions shall be sent to.

The "scfID" is used only if the gsmSCF id is not embedded in the "assistingSSPIPRoutingAddress". The network operator has to decide about the actual mapping of this parameter on the used signalling system. When ScfID is used in an operation, which may cross an internetwork boundary, its encoding must be understood in both networks; this requires bilateral agreement on the encoding.

- serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo:

This parameter contains an indicator sent from the gsmSCF to the gsmSSF for control of the through connection to the Calling Party.

#### - Carrier:

This parameter indicates carrier information. It consists of the carrier selection field followed by the Carrier ID information to be used by gsmSSF for routing a call to a carrier.

It comprises the following embedded sub-parameter:

- carrierSelectionField:
  - This parameter indicates how the selected carrier is provided (e.g. pre-subscribed).
- carrierID:

This alternative indicates the carrier to use for the call. It contains the digits of the carrier identification code.

- naOliInfo:

This parameter contains originating line information which identifies the charged party number type to the carrier.

- ChargeNumber:

This parameter contains the number that identifies the entity to be charged for the call. It identifies the chargeable number for the usage of a carrier (applicable on a call sent into a North American long distance carrier). For a definition of this parameter refer to ANSI ISUP T1.113 [53].

## 11.23.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.23.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) The gsmSSF is in state "Waiting for Instructions".
- (2) The gsmSSF is not an assisting gsmSSF.

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) The gsmSSF performs the call processing actions to route the call to the assisting gsmSSF or gsmSRF according to the "assistingSSPIPRoutingAddress" requested by the gsmSCF.
- (2) The gsmSSF waits for end of temporary connection.
- (3) The gsmSSF moves to the state "Waiting for End of Temporary Connection". T<sub>SSF</sub> is set.

On receipt of this operation in the gsmSSF state "Waiting for Instructions", the SSP has to perform the following actions:

- Reset the T<sub>SSF</sub>;
- Route the call to assisting gsmSSF or gsmSRF using "assistingSSPIPRoutingAddress";
- The gsmSSF goes to state "Waiting for End of Temporary Connection.

### 11.23.2.2 Error handling

Until the connection setup has been accepted (refer to ITU-T Recommendation Q.71 [16]) by the assisting gsmSSF/gsmSRF, all received failure indications from the network on the ETC establishment shall be reported to the gsmSCF as ETC error ETCFailed (e.g., busy, congestion). Note that the operation timer for ETC shall be longer than the maximum allowed time for the signalling procedures to accept the connection.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.24 EventReportBCSM procedure

## 11.24.1 General description

This operation is used to notify the gsmSCF of a call related event previously requested by the gsmSCF in a

- "RequestReportBCSMEvent" operation. The monitoring of more than one event could be requested with a
- "RequestReportBCSMEvent" operation, but each of these requested events is reported in a separate
- "EventReportBCSM" operation.

### 11.24.1.1 Parameters

eventTypeBCSM:

This parameter specifies the type of event that is reported.

eventSpecificInformationBCSM:

This parameter indicates the call related information specific to the event.

For "RouteSelectFailure" it will contain the "FailureCause", if available.

For "O-Busy" it will contain the "BusyCause", if available.

If the busy event is triggered by an ISUP release message, the BusyCause is a copy of the ISUP release cause, for example: Subscriber absent, 20 or User busy, 17.

If the Busy event is trigerred by a MAP error, for example: Absent subscriber, received from the HLR, the MAP cause is mapped to the corresponding ISUP release cause.

NOTE 1: If no BusyCause is received, the gsmSCF shall assume busy.

For "T-Busy" it may contain the following parameters, if available.

- CallForwarded

This parameter indicates that the T-busy event is triggered by call forwarding at the GMSC/VMSC.

- RouteNotPermitted

This parameter indicates that the T-busy event is triggered because call forwarding was not invoked in this GMSC due to the rules of basic optimal routeing.

- BusyCause
  - If the T-busy event is triggered by an ISUP release message, the BusyCause is a copy of the ISUP release cause, for example: Subscriber absent, 20 or User busy, 17.
  - If the T-busy event is triggered by a MAP error, for example: Absent subscriber, received from the HLR, the MAP cause is mapped to the corresponding ISUP release cause.
  - If the T-busy event is triggered by call forwarding invocation in the GMSC/VMSC the BusyCause will refer to the type of the call forwarding service according to the mapping table in 3GPP TS 23.078.

NOTE 2: If no BusyCause is received, the gsmSCF shall assume busy.

If the busy event is triggered by call forwarding at the GMSC, the BusyCause reflects the forwarding reason (Subscriber Absent, 20 or User busy, 17). The eventSpecificInformationBCSM will also contain the CallForwarded indication.

For O-NoAnswer it will be empty.

For T-NoAnswer it may contain the CallForwarded indication.

If the no answer event is triggered by an ISUP release message or expiry of the CAMEL timer TNRy, the eventSpecificInformationBCSM will be empty.

If the no answer event is triggered by call forwarding at the GMSC/VMSC, the eventSpecificInformationBCSM will contain the CallForwarded indication.

For O- or T-Answer it will contain the following information:

- The destination address for the call;

- The OR indicator if the call was subject to basic optimal routing as specified in 3GPP TS 23.079;
- The forwarding indicator if the Call Forwarding Supplementary Service was invoked.

For O- or T-Disconnect it will contain the "releaseCause", if available.

- legID:

This parameters indicates the party in the call for which the event is reported. gsmSSF will use the option "ReceivingSideID" only.

receivingSideID:

If not included, the following defaults are assumed:

"legID" = 1 for the events O-Abandon and T-Abandon,

"legID" = 2 for the events RouteSelectFailure, O-Busy, O-NoAnswer, O-Answer, T-Busy, T-NoAnswer, and T-Answer.

The "legID" parameter shall always be included for the events O-Disconnect and T-Disconnect.

miscCallInfo:

This parameter indicates Detection Point (DP) related information.

- messageType:

This parameter indicates whether the message is a request, i.e. resulting from a "RequestReportBCSMEvent" with monitorMode = interrupted, or a notification, i.e. resulting from a "RequestReportBCSMEvent" with "monitorMode" = "notifyAndContinue".

# 11.24.2 Invoking entity (gsmSSF)

### 11.24.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1)A control or a monitoring relationship exists between the gsmSSF and the gsmSCF.
- (2) The gsmSSF is in the state "Monitoring", or in state "Waiting for Instructions" (if the O/TDisconnect DP or O/TAnswer DP is armed and encountered); or the gsmSSF is in any state, except Idle (if the O/TAbandon DP is armed and encountered).
- (3) The BCSM proceeds to an EDP that is armed.

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) The gsmSSF stays in the state "Monitoring" if the message type was notification and there are still EDPs armed or a "CallInformationReport" or "ApplyChargingReport" requested.
- (2) The gsmSSF moves to the state "idle" if the message type was notification and there are no more EDPs armed, no "CallInformationReport" or "ApplyChargingReport" are requested.
- (3) The gsmSSF moves to the state "Waiting for Instructions" if the message type was request. Call processing is interrupted.

## 11.24.2.2 Error handling

In case the message type is request, on expiration of  $T_{SSf}$  before receiving any operation, the gsmSSF aborts the interaction with the gsmSCF and the call is given final treatment, e.g. a final announcement.

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 11.25 EventReportGPRS procedure

## 11.25.1 General description

This operation is used to notify the gsmSCF of a GPRS session or PDP context event previously requested by the gsmSCF in a RequestReportGPRSEvent operation. The monitoring of more than one event can be requested with a RequestReportGPRSEvent operation, but each of these requested events is reported in a separate EventReportGPRS operation.

### 11.25.1.1 Parameters

- gPRSEventType:

This parameter specifies the type of event that is reported.

- gPRSEventSpecificInformation:

This parameter indicates the GPRS session or PDP context related information specific to the event.

For Change of Position GPRS Session it shall contain the "locationInformationGPRS", if available.

For Change of Position PDP context it shall contain the "accessPointName", "chargingID", "locationInformationGPRS", "endUserAddress", Quality of Service, "timeAndTimezone" and "gGSNAddress" and "secondaryPDP-context", if available.

For Detach and Disconnect it shall contain the "initiatingEntity" and, conditionally, "routeingAreaUpdate". The "initiatingEntity" indicates the entity that initiated the Detach or PDP Context Disconnect. The "routeingAreaUpdate" indicates that the Detach or PDP Context Disconnect is due to inter-SGSN routeing area update.

In the case of inter-SGSN routeing area update, the gsmSCF may ignore the "initiatingEntity".

For PDP context establishment it shall contain the "accessPointName", "endUserAddress", the "pDPInitiationType", the Quality of Service, "locationInformationGPRS" and "timeAndTimezone" and "secondaryPDP-context", if available.

The Quality of Service shall contain the Requested QoS and the Subscribed QoS.

For PDP context establishment acknowledge it shall contain the "accessPointName", "chargingID" "endUserAddress", the Quality of Service, "locationInformationGPRS", "timeAndTimezone' and "gGSNAddress", if available.

The Quality of Service shall contain the Requested QoS, the Subscribed QoS and the Negotiated QoS.

All optional gPRSEventSpecificInformation parameters shall be sent according to 3GPP TS 23.078 subclause 6.6.1.4 and 3GPP TS 22.078 annex "GPRS Information provided to the CSE".

### - miscGPRSInfo:

This parameter contains DP related information.

- messageType:

This parameter indicates whether the message is a request, i.e. resulting from a RequestReportGPRSEvent with "monitorMode" = "interrupted", or a notification, i.e. resulting from a RequestReportGPRSEvent with "monitorMode" = "notifyAndContinue".

#### pDPID:

This parameter, if present, identifies the PDP Context, within the Session dialogue, for which the event is reported.

# 11.25.2 Invoking entity (gprsSSF)

### 11.25.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) The gprsSSF shall be in state "Monitoring" or "WaitingForInstructions".
- (2) The GPRS session or PDP context FSM proceeds to an EDP that is armed.

gprsSSF postconditions:

- (1) The gprsSSF stays in the state "Monitoring" if the message type was notification and there are still EDPs armed that can be met or an ApplyChargingReportGPRS is requested.
- (2) The gprsSSF moves to the state "Idle" if the message type was notification and there are no more EDPs armed that can be met, or no more ApplyChargingReportGPRS is requested or no more PDP contexts pending.
- (3) The gprsSSF moves to the state "Waiting for Instructions" if the message type was request. GPRS session or PDP context processing is interrupted.

If an EDP-R is met that causes the release of a GPRS session or PDP context, all EDPs related to the GPRS session or PDP Context shall be disarmed.

## 11.25.2.2 Error handling

If the operation timer expires, then the gprsSSF shall abort the TC dialogue, terminate the GPRS dialogue and instruct the SGSN to handle the GPRS session or PDP context in accordance with the default GPRS handling parameter of the valid CSI.

In case the message type is request, on expiration of  $T_{SSF}$  before receiving any operation, the gprsSSF aborts the interaction with the gsmSCF and instructs the SGSN to handle the GPRS session or PDP context according to the default GPRS handling parameters of the valid CSI.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.26 EventReportSMS procedure

## 11.26.1 General description

This operation is used to notify the gsmSCF of a short message related event previously requested by the gsmSCF in an RequestReporSMSEvent operation. The monitoring of more than one event can be requested with a RequestReportSMSEvent operation, but each of these requested events is reported in a separate EventReportSMS operation.

### 11.26.1.1 Parameters

eventTypeSMS:

This parameter specifies the type of event that is reported.

eventSpecificInformationSMS:

This parameter indicates the SM related information specific to the event.

For OSMSFailure it will contain the "FailureCause", if available.

For OSMSSubmission it will be empty.

- miscCallInfo:

This parameter indicates DP related information.

- messageType:

This parameter indicates whether the message is a request, i.e. resulting from a RequestReportSMSEvent with "monitorMode" = "interrupted", or a notification, i.e. resulting from a RequestReportSMSEvent with "monitorMode" = "notifyAndContinue".

# 11.26.2 Invoking entity (gsmSSF or gprsSSF)

## 11.26.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF/gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) The gsmSSF or gprsSSF shall be in the state "Monitoring";
- (2) The FSM proceeds to an EDP that is armed.

gsmSSF/gprsSSF postconditions:

- (1) The gsmSSF or gprsSSF has applied implicit disarming of EDP's.
- (2) The gsmSSF or gprsSSF moves to the state "Idle" if the message type was notification and there are no more EDPs armed which could be met.

## 11.26.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 11.27 FurnishChargingInformation procedure

# 11.27.1 General description

This operation is used to send charging related information to a logical call record. This logical call record is CAMEL specific. The first FCI of a call leg leads to the generation of a logical call record. The handling of subsequent FCI's for a call leg depends on the presence and value of the *append free format data* parameter in the FCI operation. For details see TS 23.078 [42].

If an FCI operation is received for the called party when the gsmSSF is in state 'Monitoring', or is suspended in one of the following DPs then the charging information shall be included in the logical call record for the leg that has been or is to be established:

- Collected\_Info;
- O\_Answer;
- Terminating\_Attempt\_Authorised; or
- T\_Answer.

If an FCI operation is received for the called party when the gsmSSF is suspended in any other DP then the charging information shall be included in the logical call record created for the last failed or disconnected called party.

### 11.27.1.1 Parameters

- fCIBillingChargingCharacteristics:
   This parameter contains the following sub-parameters;
  - fCIBCCCAMELsequence1:
     This parameter contains the following sub-parameters;
    - freeFormatData:
       This parameter contains free-format billing and/or charging characteristics;

- partyToCharge:
  - This parameter indicates the party to bill and/or charge;
- appendFreeFormatData:
   This parameter indicates whether previous FCI free format data is appended or overwritten. See 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].

# 11.27.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.27.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF preconditions:

```
    gsmSSF State "Waiting for Instructions" or
gsmSSF State "Waiting for End of User Interaction" or
gsmSSF State "Waiting for End of Temporary Connection" or
gsmSSF state "Monitoring".
```

gsmSSF postcondition:

(1) No FSM state transition.

On receipt of this operation the gsmSSF performs actions to create the call record if necessary, and writes the free-format information carried in the operation into the call record. An FCI operation will create a Logical Call Data Record (CDR) if such a record does not already exist for the indicated leg. Refer to sect. 11.26.1 for the handling in the case of successive FCI's for a call leg.

The Logical CDRs will be associated for a given call into one or more physical CDRs, as specified in 3GPP TS 22.105.

A logical CDR is output when a disconnection event is propagated to the Leg associated with it, or when a Connect operation to create a connection to a Follow-on Called Party is received. Successive FCIs indicating the calling leg (leg1) may overwrite data from previously received FCI(s) indicating that calling leg during that entire call or call attempt. Successive FCIs indicating the called leg (leg2) may overwrite any previously received data from FCI(s) indicating that called leg until the called leg representing that particular called party number is released from or releases the call. When a new called party is created as a result of a follow-on call, and an FCI indicating the called leg is received, then a new CAMEL Logical CDR is created for that portion of the call. From then on, any subsequent FCIs for the called party may overwrite the data from any previous FCI(s) for the called leg presenting that particular called party number; however, CAMEL Logical CDR(s) that have been output already are not affected.

No CAMEL Logical CDR is output at the end of a user interaction.

## 11.27.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.28 FurnishChargingInformationGPRS procedure

# 11.28.1 General description

This operation is used to send charging related information to a logical GPRS record. This logical GPRS record is CAMEL specific. The first GPRS FCI leads to the generation of a logical GPRS record. Receipt of subsequent FCIs shall overwrite or append the contents of the logical record.

### 11.28.1.1 Parameters

fCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics:
 This parameter contains the following sub-parameters;

### - fCIBCCCAMELsequence1:

This parameter contains the following sub-parameters;

freeFormatData:

This parameter contains free-format billing and/or charging characteristics.

- appendFreeFormatData:

This parameter indicates whether previous FCI free format data is appended or overwritten. See 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].

- pDPID:

This parameter if present, indicates the PDP context's logical call record to which the free format data belongs to.

## 11.28.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF)

### 11.28.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

(1) gprsSSF State "Waiting for Instructions" or "Monitoring".

gprsSSF postcondition:

(1) No FSM state transition.

On receipt of this operation the SSF performs actions to create the GPRS charging record if necessary, and writes the free-format information carried in the operation into the GPRS record. An FCI operation will create a Logical GPRS Data Record (CDR) if such a record does not already exist. Subsequent FCI operations received, will either overwrite or append the data previously written in the free-format CDR field depending on the presence and value of the IE Append Free Format Data

The Logical CDRs will be associated for a given GPRS session or PDP context into one or more physical CDRs, as specified in 3GPP TS 22.115 [52].

## 11.28.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.29 FurnishChargingInformationSMS procedure

# 11.29.1 General description

This operation is used to send charging related information to a logical SM record. This logical SM record is CAMEL specific. The first SMS FCI leads to the generation of a logical SM record. Receipt of subsequent FCIs shall overwrite or append the contents of the logical SM record.

### 11.29.1.1 Parameters

fCISMSBillingChargingCharacteristics:
 This parameter contains the following sub-parameters;

fCIBCCCAMELsequence1:

This parameter contains the following sub-parameters;

- freeFormatData:

This parameter contains free-format billing and/or charging characteristics;

- appendFreeFormatData:

This parameter indicates whether previous FCI free format data is appended or overwritten. See 3GPP TS 23.078 [42].

## 11.29.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF or gprsSSF)

### 11.29.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF or gprsSSF preconditions:

(1) gsmSSF/gprsSSF State "Waiting for Instructions".

gsmSSF or gprsSSF postcondition:

(1) No FSM state transition.

On receipt of this operation the SSF performs actions to create the SM charging record if necessary, and writes the free-format information carried in the operation into the SM record. An FCI operation will create a Logical SM Data Record (CDR) if such a record does not already exist. Subsequent FCI operations received, by default, will overwrite the data previously written in the free-format CDR field, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.078 [42]. It is also possible to append free format data with consequent FCI operations.

The Logical CDRs will be associated for a given SMS submission into one or more physical CDRs, as specified in 3GPP TS 22.005 and 22.115 [52].

## 11.29.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.30 InitialDP procedure

# 11.30.1 General description

This operation is sent by the gsmSSF after detection of a TDP-R in the BCSM, to request the gsmSCF for instructions to complete the call.

### 11.30.1.1 Parameters

serviceKey:

This parameter indicates to the gsmSCF the requested IN service. It is used to address the required application/SLP within the gsmSCF (not for SCP addressing).

- calledPartyNumber:

This parameter contains the number used to identify the called party in the forward direction, i.e. see EN 300 356-1 [8]. This parameter shall be sent only in the Mobile Terminating, Mobile Forwarding and Mobile Originating on unsuccessful TDP cases.

callingPartyNumber:

This parameter carries the calling party number to identify the calling party or the origin of the call. See EN 300 356-1 [8] Calling Party Number signalling information.

- callingPartysCategory:

Indicates the type of calling party (e.g. operator, pay phone, ordinary subscriber). See EN 300 356-1 [8] Calling Party Category signalling information.

#### locationNumber:

This parameter is used to convey the geographical area address for mobility services, see ITU-T Recommendation Q.762. It is used when "callingPartyNumber" does not contain any information about the geographical location of the calling party (e.g., origin dependent routeing when the calling party is a mobile subscriber).

#### originalCalledPartyID:

This parameter carries the dialled digits if the call has met call forwarding on the route to the gsmSSF. See EN 300 356-1[8] Original Called Number signalling information.

### highlayerCompatibility:

This parameter indicates the type of the high layer compatibility, which will be used to determine the ISDN teleservice of a connected ISDN terminal. For encoding DSS1 (EN 300 403-1 [10]) is used. The highlayerCompatibility can also be transported by ISUP (e.g. within the ATP (see ITU-T Recommendation Q.763 [20]) parameter).

### - additionalCallingPartyNumber:

The calling party number provided by the access signalling system of the calling user, e.g. provided by a PBX.

### bearerCapability:

This parameter indicates the type of the bearer capability connection or the transmission medium requirements to the user. It is a network option to select which of the two parameters to be used:

#### bearerCap:

This parameter contains the value of the ISUP User Service Information parameter.

The parameter "bearerCapability" shall only be included in the "InitialDP" operation in case the ISUP User Service Information parameter is available at the SSP.

If User Service Information and User Service Information Prime are available at the gsmSSF the "bearerCap" shall contain the value of the User Service Information Prime parameter.

### eventTypeBCSM:

This parameter indicates the armed BCSM DP event, resulting in the "InitialDP" operation.

### redirectingPartyID:

This parameter indicates the last directory number the call was redirected from.

### - redirectionInformation:

It contains forwarding related information, such as redirecting counter.

See ITU-T Recommendation Q.763 [20] Redirection Information signalling information.

### - iPSSPCapabilities:

Indicates which gsmSRF resources supported within the VMSC/GMSC the gsmSSF resides in are attached and available.

### serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo:

This parameter contains indicators which are exchanged between the gsmSSF and the gsmSCF to resolve interactions between IN based services and network based services.

#### iMSI:

IMSI of the mobile subscriber for which the service is invoked. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

### - subscriberState:

The state of the mobile subscriber for which the service is invoked. The possible states are busy, idle and not reachable. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

### - locationInformation:

This parameter indicates the whereabouts of the MS, and the age of the information defining the whereabouts. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

#### ext-BasicServiceCode:

Indicates the Basic Service Code. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

#### - callReferenceNumber:

This parameter gives the call reference number assigned to the call by the CCF. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

#### mscAddress:

This parameter gives the mscId assigned to the MSC. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

#### gmscAddress:

This parameter gives the gmscId assigned to the GMSC. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

### - calledPartyBCDNumber:

This parameter contains the number used to identify the called party in the forward direction. It may also include service selection information, including \* and # characters.

#### time&Timezone:

This parameter contains the time that the gsmSSF was triggered, and the time zone that the invoking gsmSSF resides in.

### - gsm-ForwardingPending:

This parameter indicates that a forwarded-to-number was received and the call will be forwarded due to GSM supplementary service call forwarding in the GMSC or in the VMSC.

#### Carrier:

This parameter indicates carrier information. It consists of the carrier selection field followed by the Carrier ID information associated with the calling subscriber of a mobile originating call, the called subscriber of a mobile terminating call or the forwarding subscriber of a mobile fowarded call.

It comprises the following embedded sub-parameter:

#### carrierSelectionField:

This parameter indicates how the selected carrier is provided (e.g. pre-subscribed).

#### - carrierID

This alternative indicates the carrier to use for the call. It contains the digits of the carrier identification code.

### cug-Index:

This parameter is used to select a CUG for an outgoing call at the user, or to indicate an incoming CUG call to the user.

### - cug-Interlock:

This parameter uniquely identifies a CUG within a network.

### - cug-OutgoingAccess:

This parameter indicates if the calling user has subscribed to the outgoing access inter-CUG accessibility subscription option.

### - cGEncountered:

This parameter indicates the type of gapping the related call has been subjected to, if any.

#### cause:

This parameter indicates the release cause which triggered the event:

For "RouteSelectFailure" it will contain the "FailureCause", if available.

For "O-Busy" it will contain the "BusyCause", if available.

If the busy event is triggered by an ISUP release message, the BusyCause is a copy of the ISUP release cause, for example: Subscriber absent, 20 or User busy, 17.

If the Busy event is trigerred by a MAP error, for example: Absent subscriber, received from the HLR, the MAP cause is mapped to the corresponding ISUP release cause.

For "T-Busy" it may contain the following parameters, if available.

If the T-busy event is triggered by an ISUP release message, the BusyCause is a copy of the ISUP release cause, for example: Subscriber absent, 20 or User busy, 17.

If the T-busy event is triggered by a MAP error, for example: Absent subscriber, received from the HLR, the

MAP cause is mapped to the corresponding ISUP release cause.

If the T-busy event is triggered by call forwarding invocation in the GMSC/VMSC the BusyCause will refer to the type of the call forwarding service according to the mapping table in 3GPP TS 23.078.

# 11.30.2 Invoking entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.30.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) An event fulfilling the criteria for the DP being executed has been detected.
- (2) Call gapping and SS7 overload are not in effect for the call.

gsmSSF postcondition:

(1) A control relationship has been established if the DP was armed as a TDP-R. The gsmSSF moves to the State "Waiting for Instructions".

The address of the gsmSCF is fetched from the valid CSI. The gsmSSF provides all available parameters. Otherwise the gsmSSF proceeds with call handling without CAMEL Service.

The gsmSSF application timer  $T_{SSF}$  is set when the gsmSSF sends "InitialDP" for requesting instructions from the gsmSCF. It is used to prevent excessive call suspension time.

## 11.30.2.2 Error handling

If the destination gsmSCF is not accessible then the call proceeds according to the 'default call handling' parameter in the CSI.

On expiration of  $T_{\mbox{SSF}}$  before receiving any operation, the gsmSSF aborts the interaction with the gsmSCF and the call continues according to the 'default call handling' parameter in the CSI.

If the calling party abandons after the sending of "InitialDP", then the gsmSSF aborts the control relationship by means of an abort to TC. Note that TC will wait until the first response message from the gsmSCF has been received before it sends an abort to the gsmSCF (see also clause 12).

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.31 InitialDPGPRS procedure

# 11.31.1 General description

This operation is used by the gprsSSF after detection of a TDP-R in the GPRS session or PDP context state machine, to request the gsmSCF for instructions to complete the GPRS session or PDP context.

For a GPRS Session, the 'Attach' and 'Change of Position Session' TDP's may result in the InitialDPGPRS Procedure.

For a PDP Context, the 'PDP Context Establishment', the 'PDP Context Establishment Acknowledgement' and the 'Change of Position Context' TDP's may result in the InitialDPGPRS Procedure.

If a PDP Context related TDP is met, and there is at that moment a GPRS dialogue for the GPRS Session, then the gprsSSF shall not initiate the InitialDPGPRS Procedure for that PDP Context.

If the 'PDP Context Establishment Acknowledgement' event occurs and this event is armed as a TDP, and there is at that moment a GPRS dialogue for the PDP Context, then the gprsSSF shall not initiate a new InitialDPGPRS Procedure for that PDP Context.

### 11.31.1.1 Parameters

#### - serviceKey:

This parameter indicates to the gsmSCF the requested IN service. It is used to address the required application/SLP within the gsmSCF (not for SCP addressing).

#### gPRSEventType:

This parameter indicates the armed GPRS Attach/Detach SM or PDP Context SM DP event, resulting in the InitialDPGPRS operation.

#### mSISDN:

MSISDN of the mobile subscriber for which the CAMEL service is invoked. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

#### iMSI:

IMSI of the mobile subscriber for which the CAMEL service is invoked. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

#### - timeAndTimezone:

This parameter contains the time that the gprsSSF was triggered, and the time zone that the invoking gprsSSF resides in.

### gPRSMSClass:

This parameter contains the MS Station capabilites of the mobile subscriber for which the CAMEL service is invoked.

#### - MSNetworkCapabilities:

This parameter contains the Network Capabilities of the GPRS session.

### MSRadioAccessCapabilities:

This parameter contains the Radio Access Capabilities of the MS.

#### endUserAddress:

This parameter identifies the PDP type, PDP type organisation and the actual PDP address. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.060 [43].

## - qualityOfService:

This parameter contains the Quality of Service.

If the InitialDPGPRS operation is sent as a result of the 'PDP Context Establishment' TDP, then the Quality of Service parameter shall contain the Requested QoS and the Subscribed QoS.

If the InitialDPGPRS operation is sent as a result of the 'PDP Context Establishment Ackonwledgement' TDP, then the Quality of Service parameter shall contain the Requested QoS, the Subscribed QoS and the Negotiated QoS.

#### accessPointName:

This parameter contains the requested address that the MS for which the CAMEL service is invoked for wants to connect to.

#### - routeingAreaIdentity:

This parameter contains the location information of the MS for which the CAMEL service is invoked from. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.060 [43].

## chargingID:

This parameter contains the charging ID that uniquely identifies together with the gGSNAddress the PDP context for the MS for which the CAMEL service is invoked from. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.060 [43].

## - sGSNcapabilities:

This parameter specifies the capabilities which the SGSN node can provide for the CAMEL service control.

#### - locationInformationInSGSN:

This parameter indicates the location of the sending MS.

#### pDPInitiationType:

This parameter indicates whether a PDP context was established as a result of a network-initiated request or as a result of a subscriber request.

- gGSNAddress:

This parameter refers to the IP address of the GGSN where the PDP context terminates. It is used together with the chargingID for uniquely identification of the PDP context for which the CAMEL service is invoked from. For encoding see 3GPP TS 23.003.

- secondaryPDP-context

This parameter indicates that the PDP context is requested as a secondary PDP context.

# 11.31.2 Invoking entity (gprsSSF)

## 11.31.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) An event has been met that is armed as TDP.
- (2) There is no GPRS dialogue active for that PDP Context or for the GPRS Session.

gprsSSF postcondition:

(1) A control relationship has been established and the gprsSSF is in state "waiting for instructions".

The address of the gsmSCF that the InitialDPGPRS operation shall be sent to is fetched from the valid CSI. The gprsSSF provides all available parameters.

A control relationship is established with the gsmSCF. The gprsSSF application timer  $T_{SSF}$  is set when the gprsSSF sends InitialDPGPRS for requesting instructions from the gsmSCF. It is used to prevent from excessive GPRS session or PDP context duration or volume usage.

## 11.31.2.2 Error handling

If the destination gsmSCF is not accessible then the gprsSSF instructs the SGSN to handle the GPRS session or PDP context according to the Default GPRS handling parameter of the valid CSI.

On expiration of  $T_{SSF}$  before receiving any operation, the gprsSSF aborts the interaction with the gsmSCF and instructs the SGSN to handle the call according to the Default GPRS handling parameter of the valid CSI.

If the MS abandons the establishment of a GPRS session or PDP context after the sending of InitialDPGPRS, then the gprsSSF aborts the control relationship by means of an abort to TC. Note that TC will wait until the first response message from the gsmSCF has been received before it sends an abort to the gsmSCF (see also clause 12).

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.32 InitialDPSMS procedure

# 11.32.1 General description

This operation is sent by the gsmSSF or gprsSSF after detection of a TDP-R in the FSM, to request the gsmSCF for instructions to complete the MO SMS submission.

### 11.32.1.1 Parameters

destinationSubscriberNumber:

This IE contains a number to identify the Destination short message entity.

callingPartyNumber:

This parameter carries the MSISDN of the sending MS.

eventType:

This parameter indicates the armed FSM DP event, resulting in the InitialDPSMS operation.

#### - iMSI:

IMSI of the mobile subscriber for which the CAMEL service is invoked. For encoding see 3GPP TS 29.002 [13].

#### - locationInformationInMSC:

This parameter indicates the location of the sending MS when the SM is sent via MSC.

#### locationInformationInSGSN:

This parameter indicates the location of the sending MS when the SM is sent via GPRS SGSN.

#### - serviceKey:

This parameter indicates to the gsmSCF the requested IN service. It is used to address the required application/SLP within the gsmSCF (not for gsmSCF addressing).

#### - timeAndTimezone:

This parameter contains the time that the gsmSSF/gprsSSF was triggered, and the time zone that the invoking gsmSSF/gprsSSF resides in.

### - tPDataCodingScheme:

This IE indicates the data coding scheme of the TP-User Data element within the TPDU. It may indicate a message class. The message class may indicate e.g. the originator of Short Message.

#### tPShortMessageSubmissionInfo:

This IE contains the 1<sup>st</sup> octet of the TPDU. Refer to 3G TS 23.040 [46] for a description of the various TPDUs.

#### - tPProtocolIdentifier:

This IE indicates the protocol used above SM-Transfer Layer.

#### - tPValidityPeriod:

This IE indicates the length of the validity period or the absolute time of the validity period termination.

#### sMSCAddress

This I.E defines the address of the SMSC to which the MO short message is intended to be submitted.

#### smsReferenceNumber:

This parameter contains the SMS Reference Number assigned to the Short Message by the MSC or SGSN.

#### mscAddress:

This parameter contains the E.164 address of the MSC. It may be present if the SMS processing takes place in the MSC; otherwise shall be absent.

#### - sgsn-Number:

This parameter contains the Global Title of the SGSN. It may be present if the SMS processing takes place in the SGSN; otherwise shall be absent.

# 11.32.2 Invoking entity (gsmSSF or gprsSSF)

### 11.32.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF/gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) A MO SMS submission attempt has been initiated.
- (2) An event has been detected at a DP.

## gsmSSF/gprsSSF postcondition:

(1) A control relationship has been established and the gsmSSF/gprsSSF waits for instructions from the gsmSCF.

The address of the gsmSCF the InitialDPSMS operation shall be sent to is fetched from the SMS-CSI. The gsmSSF or gprsSSF provides all available parameters.

A control relationship is established to the gsmSCF. The gsmSSF/gprsSSF application timer  $T_{SSF}$  is set when the gsmSSF/gprsSSF sends InitialDPSMS for requesting instructions from the gsmSCF. It is used to prevent from excessive SMS delivery suspension time.

## 11.32.2.2 Error handling

If the destination gsmSCF is not accessible then the gsmSSF/gprsSSF instructs the MSC/SGSN to handle the SM according to the Default SMS Handling parameter of the SMS-CSI.

On expiration of T<sub>SSF</sub> before receiving any operation, the gsmSSF/gprsSSF aborts the interaction with the gsmSCF and instructs the VMSC/SGSN to handle the SM according to the Default SMS Handling parameter of the SMS-CSI.

If the sending mobile party abandons after the sending of InitialDPSMS, then the gsmSSF/gprsSSF aborts the control relationship by means of an abort to TC. Note that TC will wait until the first response message from the gsmSCF has been received before it sends an abort to the gsmSCF (see also clause 12).

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.33 PlayAnnouncement procedure

# 11.33.1 General description

This operation is used for inband interaction with a GSM user.

#### 11.33.1.1 Parameters

informationToSend:

This parameter indicates an announcement, a tone or display information to be sent to the end user by the gsmSRF.

inbandInfo:

This parameter specifies the inband information to be sent.

- messageID:

This parameter indicates the message(s) to be sent, this can be one of the following:

- elementaryMessageID:

This parameter indicates a single announcement.

text:

This parameter indicates a text to be sent. The text shall be transformed to inband information (speech) by the gsmSRF. This parameter consist of two subparameters, messageContent and attributes. The attributes of text may consist of items such as language.

- elementaryMessageIDs:

This parameter specifies a sequence of announcements.

- variableMessage:

This specifies an announcement with one or more variable parts.

- numberOfRepetitions:

This parameter indicates the maximum number of times the message shall be sent to the end-user.

- duration:

This parameter indicates the maximum time duration in seconds that the message shall be played/repeated. ZERO indicates endless repetition.

- interval:

This parameter indicates the time interval in seconds between repetitions, i.e. the time between the end of the announcement and the start of the next repetition. This parameter can only be used when the number of repetitions is > 1.

- tone:

This parameter specifies a tone to be sent to the end-user.

- toneID:

This parameter indicates the tone to be sent.

- duration:

This parameter indicates the time duration in seconds of the tone to be sent. ZERO indicates infinite duration.

- disconnectFromIPForbidden:

This parameter indicates whether or not the gsmSRF should be disconnected from the user when all information has been sent.

requestAnnouncementComplete:

This parameter indicates whether or not a "SpecializedResourceReport" shall be sent to the gsmSCF when all information has been sent.

# 11.33.2 Responding entity (gsmSRF)

## 11.33.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSRF precondition:

(1) The SRSM-FSM is in the state "Connected", or in the state "User Interaction" if the gsmSRF received previously an operation from the gsmSCF.

#### gsmSRF postcondition:

- (1) The gsmSRF sends the information to the user as indicated by "informationToSend".
- (2) The SRSM-FSM moves to the state "User Interaction", or remains in the same state.
- (3) If all information has been sent and "RequestAnnouncementComplete" was set TRUE, the SRSM sends a "SpecializedResourceReport" operation to the gsmSCF.
- (4) If all information has been sent and "disconnectFromIPForbidden" was set FALSE, the SRSM disconnects the gsmSRF from the user.

The announcement sent to the end-user is ended in the following conditions:

- if neither "duration" or "numberOfRepetitions" is specified, then the network specific announcement ending conditions shall apply; or
- if "numberOfRepetitions" is specified, when all repetitions have been sent, or
- if duration is specified, when the duration has expired. The announcement is repeated until this condition is met, or
- if "duration" and "numberOfRepetitions" is specified, when one of both conditions is satisfied (whatever comes first).

## 11.33.2.2 Error handling

If a Cancel operation is received before or during the processing of the operation then the operation is immediately cancelled and the error "Canceled" is reported to the invoking entity.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.34 PromptAndCollectUserInformation procedure

# 11.34.1 General description

This operation is used to interact with a call party in order to collect information.

#### 11.34.1.1 Parameters

- collectedInfo:
  - collectedDigits:
    - minimumNbOfDigits:

If this parameter is missing, the default value is defined to be 1. The "minimumNbOfDigits" specifies the minimum number of valid digits to be collected.

#### - maximumNbOfDigits:

This parameter shall always be present and specifies the maximum number of valid digits to be collected. The following applies:

"maximumNbOfDigits" ≥ "minimumNbOfDigits".

### - endOfReplyDigit:

This parameter indicates the digit(s) used to signal the end of input, and can be one or two digits.

In case the "maximumNbOfDigits" > "minimumNbOfDigits" the following applies:

If "endOfReplyDigit" is not present, the end of input is indicated:

- when the inter-digit timer expires; or
- when the number of valid digits received equals the "maximumNbOfDigits".

If "endOfReplyDigit" is present, the end of input is indicated:

- when the inter-digit timer expires; or
- when the end of reply digit is received; or
- when the number of valid digits received equals the "maximumNbOfDigits".

When the end of input is attained, the collected digits are sent from gsmSRF to the gsmSCF, including the 'endOfReplyDigit' if received by the gsmSRF. In the case the number of valid digits received is less than the "minimumNbOfDigits" when the inter-digit timer expires or when the end of reply digit is received, the input is specified as being erroneous.

#### cancelDigit:

If this parameter is present, the cancel digit(s) can be entered by the user to request a possible retry. This parameter can be one or two digits. All digits already received by the gsmSRF are discarded and the same PromptAndCollectUserInformation procedure is performed again, thus e.g. the same announcement to request user information is given to the user and information is collected. If this parameter is not present, the user is not able to request a possible retry.

#### startDigit:

If this parameter is present, the start digit indicates the start of the valid digits to be collected. The digits that are received by the gsmSRF before this start digit is received, are discarded and are not considered to be valid. The startDigit itself is considered to be valid digits. This parameter can be one or two digits.

If this parameter is not present, all received digits are considered to be valid.

When the end of input is attained, the collected digits are sent from gsmSRF to the gsmSCF, including the 'startDigit' if received by the gsmSRF.

#### - firstDigitTimeOut:

If this parameter is present, the first digit should be received by the gsmSRF before the first-digit timer expiration. If the first digit is not received before first-digit timer expiration, the input is regarded to be erroneous. After receipt of the first valid or invalid input digit, the corresponding first-digit timer is stopped.

If this parameter is not present, then the gsmSRF uses a default value for the first-digit timer.

If "startDigit" is present, the first-digit timer is stopped after the start digit is received.

#### - interDigitTimeOut:

If this parameter is present any subsequent valid or invalid digit, should be received by the gsmSRF before the inter-digit timer expires. As a result the inter-digit timer is reset and restarted.

If a subsequent valid or invalid digit is not received before the inter-digit timer expires and the number of received valid digits is less than the "minimumNbOfDigits", the input is regarded to be unsuccessful.

If a subsequent valid or invalid digit is not received before the inter-digit timer expires and the number of received valid digits is greater than the "minimumNbOfDigits", and less than or equal to the "maximumNbOfDigits", the input is regarded to be successful.

If the "interDigitTimeOut" is not present, then the gsmSRF uses a default value for the inter-digit timer.

#### - errorTreatment:

This optional parameter defines what specific action should be taken by the gsmSRF in the event of error conditions occurring. The default value is stdErrorAndInfo.

#### interruptableAnnInd:

This parameter is optional, where the default value is TRUE.

If this parameter is TRUE, the announcement is interrupted after the first valid or invalid digit is received by the gsmSRF. If the announcement is interrupted, a possible start-digit timer will not apply anymore. However, if the announcement has not been interrupted, a possible start-digit timer is started after the announcement has been finished.

If this parameter is present and explicitly set to FALSE, the announcement will not be interrupted after the first digit is received by the gsmSRF. The received digits during the announcement are discarded and considered to be invalid. All other specified parameters ("minimumNbOfDigits", "maximumNbOfDigits", "endOfReplyDigit", etc.) do not apply before the announcement has been finished. The possible start-digit timer is started after the announcement has been finished.

#### - voiceInformation:

This parameter is optional, where the default value is FALSE. If the "voiceInformation" parameter is FALSE, all valid or invalid digits are entered by DTMF.

If this parameter is present and explicitly set to TRUE, the calling user is required to provide all valid or invalid information by speech. The gsmSRF will perform voice recognition and translation of the provided information into digits. A possible end of reply digit will also have to be provided by speech.

#### voiceBack:

This parameter is optional, where the default value is FALSE. If the "voiceBack" parameter is FALSE, no voice back information is given by the gsmSRF.

If this parameter is present and explicitly set to TRUE, the valid input digits received by the gsmSRF will be announced back to the calling user immediately after the end of input is received. The invalid input digits will not be announced back to the calling user. A possible end of reply digit is not voiced back.

## - disconnectFromIPForbidden:

This parameter indicates whether the gsmSRF should initiate disconnection to the gsmSSF after the interaction has been completed. If the parameter is not present or set to TRUE, the gsmSRF shall not initiate disconnection.

### - informationToSend:

This parameter indicates an announcement or tone to be sent to the end user by the gsmSRF.

#### - inbandInfo:

This parameter specifies the inband information to be sent.

#### messageID:

This parameter indicates the message(s) to be sent, this can be one of the following:

### - elementaryMessageID:

This parameter indicates a single announcement.

#### text

This parameter indicates a text to be sent. The text shall be transformed to inband information (speech) by the gsmSRF. The attributes of text may consist of items such as language.

#### - elementaryMessageIDs:

This parameter specifies a sequence of announcements.

#### - variableMessage:

This parameter specifies an announcement with one or more variable parts.

#### numberOfRepetitions:

This parameter indicates the maximum number of times the message shall be sent to the end-user.

#### duration:

This parameter indicates the maximum time duration in seconds that the message shall be played/repeated. ZERO indicates endless repetition.

#### interval:

This parameter indicates the time interval in seconds between repetitions, i.e. the time between the end of the announcement and the start of the next repetition. This parameter can only be used when the number of repetitions is greater than one.

#### -tone:

This parameter specifies a tone to be sent to the end-user.

#### toneID:

This parameter indicates the tone to be sent.

#### duration:

This parameter indicates the time duration in seconds of the tone to be sent. ZERO indicates infinite duration.

#### Result Parameter:

#### digitsResponse:

This parameter contains the information collected from the end-user.

# 11.34.2 Responding entity (gsmSRF)

## 11.34.2.1 Normal procedure

#### gsmSRF precondition:

(1) The SRSM-FSM is in the state "Connected", or in state "User Interaction" if the gsmSRF received previously an operation from the gsmSCF.

### gsmSRF postcondition:

- (1) The gsmSRF has sent the information to the end-user as indicated by "informationToSend".
- (2) The collected information from the end-user is sent to the gsmSCF as RETURN RESULT of the "PromptAndCollectUserInformation".
- (3) If the "disconnectFromIPForbidden" was set to FALSE, the gsmSRF initiates a bearer channel disconnect to the gsmSSF and the SRSM FSM moves to the state "Idle".

(4) Otherwise the SRSM FSM moves to the state "User Interaction", or remains in the same state.

The announcement send to the end-user is ended in the following conditions:

- if neither "duration" or "numberOfRepetitions" is specified, then the network specific announcement ending conditions shall apply; or
- if "numberOfRepetitions" is specified, when all repetitions have been sent, or
- if duration is specified, when the duration has expired. The announcement is repeated until this condition is met, or
- if "duration" and "numberOfRepetitions" is specified, when one of both conditions is satisfied (whatever comes first).

The above conditions are overruled if the parameter "interruptableAnnInd" is not set to FALSE and the end-user has responded with a digit during the sending of the announcement. In this case the announcement is ended immediately. The above procedures apply only to inband information and tones send to the end-user, for "displayInformation" the end conditions are met upon sending, i.e. no interruption can occur.

The parameter "errorTreatment" specifies how the gsmSRF shall treat the error. The default value "reportErrorToSCF" means that the error shall be reported to gsmSCF by means of Return Error with "ImproperCallerResponse". The value "help" indicates that no error shall be reported to gsmSCF but assistance shall be given to the end-user in form of a network dependent default announcement (which may dependent on the context, i.e. the send message). The value "repeatPrompt" indicates that no error shall be reported to the gsmSCF but the prompt shall be repeated to the end-user. The last two procedures shall only be done once per "PromptAndCollectUserInformation" operation.

Note on processing "endOfInput":

The receipt of any "endOfInput" condition (e.g endOfReplyDigit, cancelDigit, firstDigitTimeout, interDigitTimeout) terminates immediately the ongoing input. In other words when e.g an endOfReplyDigit is received, the receipt of a subsequent cancelDigit will not be processed anymore.

### 11.34.2.2 Error handling

If a Cancel operation is received before or during the processing of the operation then the operation is immediately cancelled and the error "Canceled" is reported to the invoking entity.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10, the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

If any of the parameter restrictions are violated (e.g. minimumNbOfDigits > maximumNbOfDigits) then an operation error has occurred.

# 11.35 ReleaseCall procedure

# 11.35.1 General description

This operation is used by the gsmSCF to tear down a call at any phase. This operation may not be sent to an assisting gsmSSF.

### 11.35.1.1 Parameters

- releaseCause:

A number giving an indication to the gsmSSF about the reason of releasing this specific call. This may be used by gsmSSF for generating specific tones to the different parties in the call or to fill in the "cause" in the release message.

# 11.35.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.35.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) A control relationship exists between gsmSCF and gsmSSF.
- (2) The gsmSSF is in state "Waiting for Instructions" or state "Monitoring".

gsmSSF postcondition:

(1) The gsmSSF changes to state "Idle" after sending any outstanding "CallInformationReport" or "ApplyChargingReport". Possible armed EDPs are ignored. All connections and resources related to the call are released.

# 11.35.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 11.36 ReleaseGPRS procedure

# 11.36.1 General description

This operation is used to tear down by the gsmSCF an existing GPRS session or PDP context at any phase. The operation can only be sent within a control relationship with the Session or PDP Context and is not allowed in a monitor relationship.

## 11.36.1.1 Parameters

- gPRSCause:

A number giving an indication to the gprsSSF about the reason of releasing the GPRS session or a specific PDP context. This may be used by gprsSSF for generating specific indications to the MS or to fill in the "cause" in the release message.

- pDPID:

This parameter, if present, identifies the PDP Context, within the Session dialogue, which shall be released.

# 11.36.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF)

## 11.36.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) A control relationship exists between gsmSCF and the gsmSCF and the GPRS Session or PDP Context. More specifically, in order to tear down an individual PDP context, an EDP-R must be armed for that PDP context. In order to make a SCP controlled detach an EDP-R must be armed for the GPRS session.
- (2) The gprsSSF is in state "Waiting for Instructions" or state "Monitoring".

gprsSSF postcondition:

(1) "Idle", after sending any outstanding ApplyGPRSChargingReport and no more PDP contexts are pending. Possible armed EDPs are ignored. All connections and resources related to the GPRS session or PDP context for the corresponding PDPID are released.

All outstanding reports for the GPRS Session or the PDP Context shall be reported to the SCP. All connections and resources related to the GPRS Session or the PDP Context shall be released. All armed EDPs for the GPRS Session or the PDP Context shall be disarmed.

If there are any armed events or pending reports, then the gprsSSF shall remain in the same state; otherwise the gprsSSF shall transit to state 'Idle'.

## 11.36.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.37 ReleaseSMS procedure

# 11.37.1 General description

This operation is used to tear down by the gsmSCF an MO SMS submission attempt. The operation can only be sent within a control relationship and is not allowed in a monitor relationship.

### 11.37.1.1 Parameters

rPCause:

A number giving an indication to the gsmSSF or gprsSSF about the reason of releasing this specific SM. This may be used by gsmSSF/gprsSSF; it may forward the cause to the originating MS.

# 11.37.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF or gprsSSF)

## 11.37.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF/gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) State "Waiting for Instructions".
- (2) FSM is in the DP SMS\_Collected\_Info.

gsmSSF/gprsSSF postcondition:

(1) "Idle". Possible armed EDPs are ignored. All resources related to the SM are released.

### 11.37.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 11.38 RequestReportBCSMEvent procedure

# 11.38.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gsmSSF to monitor for a call-related event (e.g., BCSM events such as busy or no answer), then send a notification back to the gsmSCF when the event is detected.

NOTE: If the RequestReportBCSMEvent requests arming of the current DP from which the call processing was suspended, the next occurrence of the DP encountered during BCSM processing will be detected (i.e. not the current one from which the call was suspended).

The DP arming principle is as follows:

- The DPs O\_Disconnect and T\_Disconnect can be armed as well as for leg1 as leg2 depending on what direction (either from the A-party which is connected to leg1 or from the B-party connected to leg2) events have to be captured. As an example the Disconnect DP can be armed as well as for leg1 and leg2, in that case if a release request is received from the A-party it will be detected by the Disconnect DP armed for leg1, while a release request from the B-party shall be detected by arming the leg2 Disconnect DP.

- The O\_Abandon DP can only be armed for leg1 in the O\_BCSM and the T\_Abandon can only be armed for leg1 in the T\_BCSM.

Table 11-1: DP Arming Table for O-BCSM:

O_BCSM	leg1	leg2	Default_leg_ID
Route_Select_Failure DP	-	Х	2
O_Called_Party_Busy DP	-	X	2
O_No_Answer DP	-	Х	2
O_Answer DP	-	Х	2
O_Disconnect DP	X	Х	<b>-</b> <sup>01</sup>
O_Abandon DP	Х	-	1
1) F = 10			

o1) The "legID" parameter shall be included Nomenclature: X = Arming Applicable - = Not Applicable

Table 11-2: DP Arming Table for T-BCSM:

T_BCSM	leg2	leg1	Default Leg ID
T_Busy DP	X	-	2
T_No_Answer DP	Х	-	2
T_Answer DP	X	-	2
T_Disconnect DP	X	Х	_ t1
T_Abandon DP	-	X t2	1

t1) The "legID" parameter shall be included

Nomenclature: X = Arming Applicable

### 11.38.1.1 Parameters

#### bcsmEvents:

This parameter specifies the event or events of which a report is requested.

#### eventTypeBCSM:

This parameter specifies the type of event of which a report is requested.

#### - monitorMode

This parameter indicates how the event shall be reported. When the "monitorMode" is "interrupted", the event shall be reported as a request, if the "monitorMode" is "notifyAndContinue", the event shall be reported as a notification, if the "monitorMode" is "transparent", the event shall not be reported.

#### - legID:

This parameter indicates the party in the call for which the event shall be reported. gsmSCF will use the option "sendingSideID" only.

### sendingSideID:

If not included, the following defaults are assumed for LegID:

"legID" = 1 for the events O-Abandon and T-Abandon,

"legID" = 2 for the events RouteSelectFailure, O-Busy, O-NoAnswer, O-Answer, T-Busy, T-NoAnswer, and T-Answer.

The "legID" parameter shall always be included for the events O-Disconnect and T-Disconnect.

### - dPSpecificCriteria:

This parameter indicates information specific to the EDP to be armed.

t2) T\_Abandon can only be armed for leg1.

<sup>- =</sup> Not Applicable

- applicationTimer:

This parameter indicates the NoAnswer timer value for the NoAnswer event. If the user does not answer the call within the allotted time, the gsmSSF reports the event to the gsmSCF. This timer shall be shorter than the network no-answer timer.

# 11.38.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.38.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) A control relationship exists between the gsmSSF and the gsmSRF.
- (2) The gsmSSF is in either the state "Waiting for Instructions" or the state "Monitoring".

NOTE: In state "monitoring" only requests to disarm detection points (with MonitorMode set to "Transparent") or send notifications of events (with MonitorMode set to "NotifyAndContinue") shall be accepted.

### gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) The requested EDPs have been armed or disarmed as indicated.
- (2) Previously requested events are monitored until ended by a transparent monitor mode, until the end of the call, until the EDPs are detected or until the corresponding leg is released.
- (3) The gsmSSF remains in the same state, unless all EDPs have been disarmed and no CallInformationReport or ApplyChargingReport has been requested; in the latter case the gsmSSF moves to the state "Idle".

## 11.38.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.39 RequestReportGPRSEvent procedure

# 11.39.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gprsSSF to monitor for a GPRS session or PDP context related event (e.g., events such as PDP context establishment or detach), then send a notification back to the gsmSCF when the event is detected.

## 11.39.1.1 Parameters

- gPRSEvent:

This parameter specifies the event or events of which a report is requested.

- gPRSEventType:

This parameter specifies the type of event of which a report is requested.

monitorMode:

This parameter indicates how the event shall be reported. When the "monitorMode" is "interrupted", the event shall be reported as a request, if the "monitorMode" is "notifyAndContinue", the event shall be reported as a notification, if the "monitorMode" is "transparent", the event shall not be reported.

- pDPID:

This parameter, if present, identifies the PDP Context, within the Session dialogue, for which the event reporting is requested.

# 11.39.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF)

## 11.39.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF precondition:

- (1) A control relationship exists between the gsmSCF and the GPRS Session or PDP Context.
- (2) The gprsSSF is in the state "Waiting for Instructions" or the state "Monitoring".

gprsSSF postconditions:

- (1) The requested EDPs have been armed or disarmed as indicated.
- (2) Previously requested events are monitored until ended by a transparent monitor mode, until the end of the GPRS session or PDP context or until the EDPs are detected.
- (3) If there sare no armed events or pending reports, then the gsmSSF shall transit to state 'Idle'. Otherwise it shall remain in the same state.

## 11.39.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.40 RequestReportSMSEvent procedure

# 11.40.1 General description

This operation is used to request the gsmSSF or gprsSSF to monitor for a SM related event (e.g., FSM events such as failure or successful delivery), then send a notification back to the gsmSCF when the event is detected.

### 11.40.1.1 Parameters

- smsEvents:

This parameter specifies the event or events of which a report is requested.

- eventTypeSMS:
  - This parameter specifies the type of event of which a report is requested. Value SMSCollectedInfo is not valid for the RequestReportSMSEvent operation.
- monitorMode:

This parameter indicates how the event shall be reported. When the "monitorMode" is "interrupted", the event shall be reported as a request, if the "monitorMode" is "notifyAndContinue", the event shall be reported as a notification, if the "monitorMode" is "transparent", the event shall not be reported.

# 11.40.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF or gprsSSF)

## 11.40.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF/gprsSSF precondition:

- (1) A control relationship exists between the gsmSSF/gprsSSF and the gsmSCF.
- (2) The gsmSSF/gprsSSF is in the state "Waiting for Instructions".

gsmSSF/gprsSSF postconditions:

(1) The requested EDPs have been armed or disarmed as indicated.

- (2) Previously requested events are monitored until ended by a transparent monitor mode, until the end of the SM submission, until the EDPs are detected or until the SM submission fails.
- (3) The gsmSSF/gprsSSF remains in the same state.

## 11.40.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.41 ResetTimer procedure

# 11.41.1 General description

This class 2 operation is used by the gsmSCF to refresh the  $T_{SSf}$  application timer, in order to avoid the  $T_{SSf}$  time-out at the gsmSSF.

### 11.41.1.1 Parameters

timerID:

This parameter has a default value identifying the T<sub>SSf</sub> timer.

timerValue

This parameter specifies the value to which the T<sub>SSf</sub> is to be set.

# 11.41.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.41.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

- (1) Basic call processing has been suspended at a DP.
- (2) The gsmSSF is in the "Waiting for Instruction" state or in the "Waiting for End of User Interaction" state or in the "Waiting for End of Temporary Connection" state.

gsmSSF postcondition:

- (1) The  $T_{SSf}$  timer has been reset.
- (2) The gsmSSF remains in the same state.

## 11.41.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.42 ResetTimerGPRS procedure

# 11.42.1 General description

This operation is used by the gsmSCF to refresh the  $T_{SSF}$  application timer, in order to avoid the  $T_{SSF}$  time-out at the gprsSSF.

### 11.42.1.1 Parameters

timerValue:

This parameter specifies the value to which the T<sub>SSF</sub> timer is to be set.

timerID:

This parameter indicates which timer shall be reset. The only permissable value for this parameter is 'Tssf'.

# 11.42.2 Responding entity (gprsSSF)

## 11.42.2.1 Normal procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

- (1) GPRS Session Attach or PDP Context establishment attempt has been initiated.
- (2) GPRS Session or PDP context processing has been suspended at a DP.
- (3) The gprsSSF is in the "Waiting for Instruction" state.

gprsSSF postconditions:

- (1) The  $T_{SSF}$  timer has been reset.
- (2) The gprsSSF remains in the same state.

## 11.42.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.43 ResetTimerSMS procedure

# 11.43.1 General description

This class 2 operation is used by the gsmSCF to refresh the  $T_{SSf}$  application timer, in order to avoid the  $T_{SSf}$  time-out at the gsmSSF or gprsSSF.

### 11.43.1.1 Parameters

- timerID:

This parameter has a default value identifying the T<sub>SSf</sub> timer.

- timerValue:

This parameter specifies the value to which the T<sub>SSf</sub> is to be set.

# 11.43.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF or gprsSSF)

## 11.43.2.1 Normal procedure

SSF precondition:

- (1) Basic SM processing has been suspended at a DP.
- (2) The SMS FSM is in the "Waiting for Instruction" state.

SSF postcondition:

- (1) The  $T_{SS}$ f timer has been reset.
- (2) The SSF remains in the same state.

### 11.43.2.2 Error handling

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.44 SendChargingInformation procedure

# 11.44.1 General description

This operation is used to instruct the gsmSSF on the advice of charge information to be sent by the gsmSSF. The SCI operation may be invoked on multiple occasions.

The SCI operation can be used for MO and MT calls in the VMSC. In the case of a MT call the CSE provided e-parameters are not used by mobile if a call forwarding or follow-on call occurs.

## 11.44.1.1 Parameters

- sCIBillingChargingCharacteristics:

This parameter is a choice between two lists of information.

The first list shall only be sent before an answer event has been detected from the current Called Party, Temporary Connection or connection to an gsmSRF. It contains the following parameters:

- aOCBeforeAnswer:

This is a list of the following information:

aOCInitial:

This is a set of GSM Charge Advice Information elements, as defined in 3GPP TS 22.024 [47], and these CAI elements are sent by the gsmSSF to the MS when an ANSWER is received and a tariff switch has not yet occurred.

aOCSubsequent:

This list may indicate the following information:

- cAIElements:

This is a set of GSM Charge Advice Information elements, as defined in 3GPP TS 22.024 [47], and these CAI elements are sent to the MS when Answer is detected and a tariff switch has occurred previously, or when Answer has previously been detected and a tariff switch occurs.

- tariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter indicates to the gsmSSF the time duration until the next tariff switch. The measurement of the elapsed tariff switch period commences immediately upon successful execution of this operation.

The second list in the Choice shall only be sent after an answer event has been detected from the current Called Party, Temporary Connection or connection to an gsmSRF. It contains the following parameters:

#### - aOCAfterAnswer:

This list may indicate the following information:

#### - cAIElements:

This is a set of GSM Charge Advice Information elements, as defined in 3GPP TS 22.024 [47], and these CAI elements are sent to the MS by the gsmSSF when Answer is detected and a tariff switch has occurred previously, or when Answer has previously been detected and a tariff switch occurs in the call.

#### - tariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter indicates to the gsmSSF the time duration until the next tariff switch. The measurement of the elapsed tariff switch period commences immediately upon successful execution of this operation.

#### - legID:

This parameter indicates where the charging information shall be sent. For Mobile Originated calls, only leg 1 shall be used. For Mobile Terminated calls in the VMSC, only leg 2 shall be used.

# 11.44.2 Responding entity (gsmSSF)

## 11.44.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSSF precondition:

```
(1) gsmSSF State "Waiting for Instructions", or
gsmSSF State "Waiting for End of User Interaction", or
gsmSSF State "Waiting for End of Temporary Connection", or
gsmSSF State "Monitoring".
```

#### gsmSSF postcondition:

(1) No FSM state transition.

On receipt of this operation the gsmSSF performs actions to send the advice of charge information to the indicated Call Partys MS.

If advice of charge is to be provided to a GSM MS in conjunction with CSE control of call duration then the following sequence of operations shall be sent from the gsmSCF to the gsmSSF in the following order, in the same TC TC-CONTINUE component;

Apply Charging; Send Charging Information

These operations will be processed sequentially by the gsmSSF, in the order that they are sent by the gsmSCF. Note also that in this case parameter TariffSwitchInterval may be present in either in the ApplyCharging operation or the SendChargingInformation operation, but not in both operations. It is recommended that it shall be transported in the ApplyCharging operation.

The TariffSwitchInterval information received with either of these operations shall set the same tariff switch timer in the gsmSSF, and this duration timer shall run from the time of successful operation execution.

## 11.44.2.2 Error handling

TaskRefused: In addition to the generic error handling noted below, this error shall be indicated when:

a tariffSwitchInterval is indicated when a previously received tariffSwitchInterval is pending.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors are described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.45 SendChargingInformationGPRS Procedure

# 11.45.1 General description

This operation is used to instruct the gprsSSF on the advice of charge information to be sent to the MS, provided the SGSN supports Advice Of Charge. The operation may be invoked on multiple occasions.

#### 11.45.1.1 Parameters

- sCIGPRSBillingChargingCharacteristics:

This parameter contains the Advice of Charge information:

#### aOCGPRS:

This parameter specifies the Advice of Charge information that shall be forwarded to the MS. It may contain one or more of the following parameters:

#### - aOCInitial:

This is a set of GSM Charge Advice Information elements, as defined in 3GPP TS 22.024. These CAI elements are sent by the gprsSSF to the MS when an Activate PDP Context Accept or Attach Accept is sent to MS and a tariff switch has not yet occurred. It may also be sent at any other time e.g. upon change of QoS or RAI.

### aOCSubsequent:

This parameter may indicate the following information:

#### - CAIElements

This is a set of GSM Charge Advice Information elements, as defined in 3GPP TS 22.024. These CAI elements are sent to the MS when an Activate PDP Context Accept or Attach Accept is detected and a tariff switch has occurred previously, or when Activate PDP Context Accept or Attach Accept has previously been detected and a tariff switch occurs.

### - tariffSwitchInterval:

This parameter indicates to the gprsSSF the time duration until the next tariff switch. The measurement of the elapsed tariff switch period commences immediately upon successful execution of this operation.

#### nDPID:

This parameter, if present, identifies the PDP Context, within the Session dialogue, for which the Advice-of-Charge instruction applies.

# 11.45.2 Responding Entity (gprsSSF)

## 11.45.2.1 Normal Procedure

gprsSSF preconditions:

(1) A control relationship exists between the gsmSCF and the GPRS Session or PDP Context.

The gprsSSF FSM is in state "Waiting for Instructions" or in state "Monitoring".

gprsSSF postconditions:

(1) No state transition.

On receipt of this operation the gprsSSF performs actions to send the advice of charge information to the MS, provided Advice Of Charge is supported by the SGSN.

If advice of charge is to be provided to a GSM MS in conjunction with CSE control of GPRS session or PDP context duration or volume, then the following sequence of operations shall be sent from the gsmSCF to the gprsSSF in the following order and in the same TC TC-CONTINUE or TC-BEGIN component:

ApplyChargingGPRS; SendChargingInformationGPRS.

These operations will be processed sequentially by the gprsSSF, in the order that they are sent by the gsmSCF. Note also that in this case parameter TariffSwitchInterval may be present in either in the ApplyChargingGPRS operation or the SendChargingInformationGPRS operation, but not in both operations. It is recommended that it shall be transported in the ApplyGPRSCharging operation.

The TariffSwitchInterval information received with either of these operations shall set the same tariff switch timer in the gprsSSF, and this duration timer shall run from the time of successful operation execution.

## 11.45.2.2 Error handling

TaskRefused: In addition to the generic error handling noted below, this error shall be indicated when:

- a tariffSwitchInterval is indicated when a previously received tariffSwitchInterval is pending.

Generic error handling for the operation related errors is described in clause 10 and the TC services which are used for reporting operation errors are described in clause 12.

# 11.46 SpecializedResourceReport procedure

# 11.46.1 General description

This operation is used as the response to a "PlayAnnouncement" operation when the announcement completed indication is set.

### 11.46.1.1 Parameters

None.

# 11.46.2 Invoking entity (gsmSRF)

## 11.46.2.1 Normal procedure

gsmSRF preconditions:

- (1) The gsmSRF is in the state "User Interaction".
- (2) A "PlayAnnouncement" operation is being executed for which the parameter "RequestAnnouncementComplete" was set TRUE.
- (3) All information has been sent to the user.

gsmSRF postconditions:

- (1) The gsmSRF remains in the same state.
- (2) If the "DisconnectFromIPForbidden" parameter was set FALSE, the gsmSRF initiates a bearer channel disconnect sequence to the gsmSSF using the applicable bearer channel signalling system after sending the "SpecializedResourceReport" operation to the gsmSCF. The gsmSRF moves to the state "Idle".

## 11.46.2.2 Error handling

Operation related error handling is not applicable, due to class 4 operation.

# 12 Services assumed from lower layers

# 12.1 Services assumed from TC

The SS7 application layer protocol defined in this 3GPP TS, is a protocol to provide communication between a pair of application processes. In the SS7 environment this is represented as communication between a pair of application-entities (AEs) using the TC. The function of an AE is provided by a set of application-service-elements (ASEs). The interaction between AEs is described in terms of their use of the services provided by the ASEs.

If AC are to be used for FE differentiation within a physical node then the version of TC used must support the dialogue portion of TC (ie ETS 300 287-1 [6]).

This requirement applies to all interfaces, not just those used for internetworking.

Table 12-1 defines which versions of TC are the minimum versions required to support the defined CAP interfaces:

Interface CAP

gsmSSF - gsmSCF White Book
gsmSRF - gsmSCF White Book
assistSSF - gsmSCF White Book
smsSSF - gsmSCF White Book
gprsSSF - gsmSCF White Book

Table 12-1: Minimum TC requirements for CAP interfaces

# 12.1.1 Common procedures

This subclause defines the procedures and mapping which apply between CAP and TC to be used in the absence of specific procedures and mapping instructions for the specific CAP interfaces as defined in subsequent subclauses.

### 12.1.1.1 Normal procedures

This subclause describes the procedures and TC primitives that shall be used for transmitting messages between AEs under normal operation.

The CAP, as TC-user, uses only the structured dialogue facility provided by TC. The following situations can occur when a message is sent between two PE:

- a dialogue shall be established: the TC-user issues a TC-BEGIN request primitive.
- a dialogue shall be maintained: the TC-user issues a TC-CONTINUE request primitive.
- a dialogue shall no longer be maintained: the TC-user issues a TC-END request primitive with either basic end or with pre-arranged end depending on the following conditions:
- Basic End
  - In the case the dialogue is established, operations, leading to a termination of the relationship, can be transmitted by the FE with a TC-END request primitive (basic) in case the FE is not interested in the reception of any ERROR or REJECT components for these sent operations. Once the FE dialogue resources have been released, any ERROR or REJECT components received for these operations will be discarded by TC as described in ETS 300 287-1 [6].
  - In case the dialogue is established and the FE has received an operation, leading to the termination of the relationship, does not wish to continue dialogue and there is no operation to be sent, a TC-END request primitive (basic) with zero components can be sent from the FE.

- Pre-arranged End
  - Where an entity is interested in possible ERROR or REJECT messages on response to sent operations leading to a termination of the relationship, the dialogue is ended with a TC-END request primitive (pre-arranged end) after the last associated operation timer expires. The receiving entity can end the dialogue with a TC-END request primitive (pre-arranged end) after successful processing of these operations (i.e. the relationship is terminated).
- in general, the use of prearranged end shall be limited to the case for both communicating entities clearly recognizable that peer entity applies prearranged end. In all other cases, basic end shall be used.

## 12.1.1.2 Abnormal procedures

This subclause describes the procedures and TC primitives that shall be used for reporting abnormal situations between AEs. The error cases are defined in clause 10.

The following primitives shall be used to report abnormal situations:

- operation errors, as defined in the CAP, are reported with TC-U-ERROR request primitive.
- rejection of a TC component by the TC-user shall be reported with TC-U-REJECT request primitive.
- when the FE detecting error or rejecting operation decides the termination of TC dialogue, TC-END request primitive (basic) with error or reject can be used for the termination of TC dialogue.
- when the gsmSSF or the gsmSRF detecting error or rejecting operation recognizes the possibility to continue dialogue, TC-CONTINUE request primitive with error or reject can be used for the continuation of TC dialogue.
- a dialogue shall be aborted by the TC-user with a TC-U-ABORT request primitive.
- on expiration of application timer TSSF or TSRF, dialogue shall be terminated by means of by TC-U-ABORT primitive with an Abort reason, regardless of TC dialogue is established or not.

For abnormal situations detected by TC the same rules shall apply for reception of TC-R-REJECT indication as for transmission of TC-U-REJECT request and for transmission of TC-P-ABORT indication as for transmission of TC-U-ABORT request primitive.

The following rules shall be applied to terminate the TC dialogue under abnormal situations:

- in the case that abort condition is detected and TC dialogue is established, TC dialogue is terminated by TC-U-ABORT primitive with an Abort reason.
- in the case that abort condition is detected and TC dialogue is not established, TC dialogue is locally terminated by TC-U-ABORT primitive. (in the case such as application time out).

In error situations prearranged end shall not be used to terminate the TC dialogue. In case any AE encounters an error situation the peer entity shall be explicitly notified of the error, if possible. If from any entity's point of view the error encountered requires the relationship to be ended, it shall close the dialogue via a TC-END request primitive with basic end or via a TC-U-ABORT request primitive, depending on whether any pending ERROR or REJECT component is to be sent or not.

In case an entity receives a TC-END indication primitive and after all components have been considered, the FSM is not in a state to terminate the relationship, an appropriate internal error should be provided.

In cases when a dialogue needs to be closed by the initiating entity before its establishment has been completed (before the first TC indication primitive to the TC-BEGIN request primitive has been received from the responding entity), the TC-user shall issue a TC-END request primitive with prearranged end or a TC-U-ABORT request primitive. The result of these primitives will be only local, any subsequent TC indication received for this dialogue will be handled according to the abnormal procedures as specified in ETS 300 287-1 [6]).

When the gsmSSF, gprsSSF or smsSSF receives multiple Operation components in a single TC Message and there is an error in the processing of one of these Operations, then the gsmSSF FSM, gprsSSF FSM or smsSSF FSM shall process the error and shall discard all Operation components in that TC Message of which the processing has not yet started.

## 12.1.1.3 Dialogue handling

### 12.1.1.3.1 Dialogue establishment

The establishment of a CAP dialogue involves two application processes as described in clause 1, one that is the dialogue-initiator and one that is the dialogue-responder.

This procedure is driven by the following signals:

- A TC-BEGIN request primitive from the dialogue-initiator.
- A TC-BEGIN indication primitive occurring at the responding side
- The first TC-CONTINUE indication primitive occurring at the initiating side or under specific conditions:
  - A TC-END indication primitive occurring at the initiating side
  - A TC-U-ABORT indication primitive occurring at the initiating side
  - A TC-P-ABORT indication primitive occurring at the initiating side

Sending of a TC-BEGIN request

Before issuing a TC-BEGIN request primitive, TC-USER shall store the AC-name and if present the user-information parameter.

TC-USER shall request the invocation of the associated operations using the TC-INVOKE service. See subclause 12.1.1.4.1 for a description of the invocation procedure.

After processing of the last invocation request, TC-USER shall issue a TC-BEGIN request primitive.

The initiator TC-USER then waits for a TC indication primitive and will not issue any other requests, except a TC-U-ABORT request or a TC-END request with the release method parameter set to "pre-arranged release".

Receipt of a TC-BEGIN indication

On receipt of a TC-BEGIN indication primitive, responder TC-USER shall:

- Analyse the application-context-name included in the primitive. If it is supported, process any other indication primitives received from TC as described in subclause 12.1.1.4.1.
- If the application-context-name included in the primitive is not supported, issue a TC-U-ABORT request primitive.

Receipt of the first TC-CONTINUE indication

On receipt of the first TC-CONTINUE indication primitive for a dialogue, TC-USER shall check the value of the application-context-name parameter. If this value matches the one used in the TC-BEGIN request primitive, TC-USER shall process the following TC component handling indication primitives as described in subclause 12.1.1.4.1, otherwise it shall issue a TC-U-ABORT request primitive.

Receipt of a TC-END indication

On receipt of a TC-END indication primitive in the dialogue initiated state, TC-USER shall check the value of the application-context-name parameter. If this value match the one used in the TC-BEGIN request primitive, then the TC-USER shall process the following TC component handling indication primitives as described in subclause 12.1.1.4.1.

Receipt of a TC-U-ABORT indication

Receipt of a TC-U-ABORT indication primitive is described as part of user abort procedure (see 12.1.1.3.4.)

Receipt of a TC-P-ABORT indication

Receipt of a TC-P-ABORT indication primitive is described as part of provider abort procedure (see 12.1.1.3.5.)

## 12.1.1.3.2 Dialogue continuation

Once established the dialogue is said to be in a continuation phase.

Both application processes can request the transfer of CAP APDUs until one of them requests the termination of the dialogue.

Sending entity

TC-USER shall process any component handling request primitives as described in subclause 12.1.1.4.1.

After processing the last component handling request primitive, TC-USER shall issue a TC-CONTINUE request primitive.

Receiving entity

On receipt of a TC-CONTINUE indication primitive TC-USER shall accept zero, one or several TC component handling indication primitives and process them as described in subclause 12.1.1.4.1.

### 12.1.1.3.3 Dialogue termination

Both the dialogue-initiator and the dialogue-responder have the ability to request the termination of a dialogue after it has been established when no dialogue is to be established or when a dialogue is no longer to be maintained according to the rules as stated in subclauses 12.1.2.1.1 and 12.1.2.1.2.

The dialogue termination procedure is driven by the following events:

- A TC-END request primitive
- A TC-END indication primitive

Sending of TC-END request

When the dialogue shall no longer be maintained, TC-USER shall process any component handling request primitives as described in subclause 12.1.1.4.1

After processing the last component handling request primitive (if any), TC-USER shall issue a TC-END request primitive with the release method parameter set to "basic end" or "prearranged release", according to the rules as stated in subclauses 12.1.2.1.1 and 12.1.2.1.2.

When no dialogue is to be established, refer to subclauses 12.1.1.3.1.

Receipt of a TC-END indication

On receipt of a TC-END indication primitive, the TC-USER shall accept any component handling indication primitives and process them as described in subclause 12.1.1.4.1.

After processing the last component handling primitive all dialogue related resources are released.

#### 12.1.1.3.4 User abort

Both the dialogue-initiator and the dialogue-responder have the ability to abort a dialogue at any time.

The user abort procedure is driven by one of the following events:

- A TC-U-ABORT request primitive
- A TC-U-ABORT indication primitive

Sending of TC-U-ABORT request

After issuing a TC-U-ABORT request primitive, all dialogue related resources are released.

Receipt of a TC-U-ABORT indication

On receipt of a TC-U-ABORT indication all dialogue related resources are released.

#### 12.1.1.3.5 Provider abort

TC has the ability to abort a dialogue at both the dialogue-initiator side and the dialogue-responder side.

The provider abort procedure is driven by the following event:

- A TC-P-ABORT indication primitive

Receipt of a TC-P-ABORT indication

On receipt of a TC-P-ABORT indication, all dialogue related resources are released.

#### 12.1.1.3.6 Mapping to TC dialogue primitives

The TC-UNI service is not used by CAP.

The mapping of parameters onto the TC Dialogue services is as follows:

The use of parameters of the TC-BEGIN service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.7 with the following qualifications:

- The Destination Address parameter of the TC-BEGIN service shall be set to the CAP address of the AE which is to respond to the TC-BEGIN service.
  - NOTE 1: The address used in this parameter may be mapped by SCCP address translation to one of a number of alternative AEs.
- The AC Name parameter of the TC-BEGIN service shall be set according to the specific interface being used between the initiating AE and the responding AE.
- The Originating Address parameter of the TC-BEGIN service shall be set to the unambiguous CAP address of the AE initiating the TC-BEGIN service.

The use of parameters of the TC-CONTINUE service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.7 with the following qualifications:

- The AC Name parameter of the TC-CONTINUE service shall be set to the value of the AC Name parameter of the TC-BEGIN service for the same Dialogue ID parameter value.
- If present, the Originating Address parameter of the TC-CONTINUE service shall be set to the unambiguous CAP address of the AE initiating the TC-CONTINUE service. This parameter is only present in the first TC-CONTINUE service after a TC-BEGIN service with the same Dialogue ID parameter value.

The use of parameters of the TC-END service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.7 with the following qualifications:

- The AC Name parameter of the TC-END service shall be set to the value of the AC Name parameter of the TC-BEGIN service for the same Dialogue ID parameter value. This parameter is only present if the TC-END service is used immediately after the TC-BEGIN service.

The use of parameters of the TC-U-ABORT service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.7 with the following qualifications:

- The Abort Reason parameter of the TC-U-ABORT service shall be used as specified in ETS 300 287-1 [6].
- The AC Name parameter of the TC-U-ABORT service shall be set to the value used in the TC-BEGIN service.

NOTE 2: This parameter is only present if the TC-U-ABORT is the immediate response to a TC-BEGIN indication.

The use of parameters of the TC-P-ABORT service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.7 with the following qualifications:

- The P-Abort parameter of the TC-P-ABORT service is set by TC to indicate the reason why TC aborted the dialogue. It shall take the values as defined in ETS 300 287-1 [6].

## 12.1.1.3.7 Default mapping to TC dialogue parameters

### Dialogue Id

The value of this parameter is associated with the CAP invocation in an implementation dependent manner. This parameter uniquely identifies a specific TC dialogue to a remote CAP AE for an CAP AE.

#### Application-context-name

The application-context-name parameter is set according to the set of operations which need to be supported by the TC dialogue. The defined AC Names can be found in clauses 6 to 8.

#### User information

This parameter may be used by both initiating and responding application processes. This parameter shall be used for the CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber as defined in 12.1.7. For interfaces other than the gprsSSF-gsmSCF interface and for SMS related messages (as in subclauses 12.1.3, 12.1.4 and 12.1.5) the receiving side may ignore this parameter if received. The User Information parameter shall be encoded in accordance with the definition provided in Q.773 (subclause 3.2) [48] and the definition of EXTERNAL type provided in X.690 [34], with the restriction that:

- a size (1..10) constraint of SEQUENCE OF EXTERNAL;
- an Object Identifier shall always be present to identify the user information and the entity which sent it;
- a single-ASN-1-type is used for encoding.

For the use of CAP defined TC-U-Abort reason, see the ASN.1 notation in the subclause 5.7.

For the use of CAP defined CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber, see subclause 12.1.7. For the abstract syntax of CAP defined CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber, see the ASN.1 notation in the subclause 8.1.

#### Component present

This parameter is used by TC-USER as described in ETS 300 287-1 [6].

### **Termination**

The value of the release method parameter of the TC-END request primitive is set by TC-USER according to the rules as stated in subclauses 12.1.2.1.1 and 12.1.2.1.2.

#### Quality of service

The quality of service of TC request primitives is set by the TC-USER to the following value:

- Sequencing requested;
- return option, this parameter is set by TC-USER in an implementation dependent manner.

## 12.1.1.4 Component handling

### 12.1.1.4.1 Procedures for CAP operations

This subclause describes the procedures for CAP operations.

Operation invocation

TC-USER shall build an operation argument from the parameters received and request the invocation of the associated operation using the TC-INVOKE procedure. If a linked ID parameter is inserted in the primitive this indicates a child operation and implies that the operation is linked to a parent operation.

Operation invocation receipt

On receipt of a TC-INVOKE indication primitive, TC-USER shall

- If the operation code does not correspond to an operation supported by the application-context, request the transfer of a reject component using the TC-U-REJECT request primitive, with the appropriate problem code (unrecognized operation);
- If a linked ID is included, perform the following checks: If the operation referred to by the linked ID does not allow linked operations or if the operation code does not correspond to a permitted linked operation, or if the parent operation invocation is not active, issue a TC-U-REJECT request primitive with the appropriate problem code (linked response unexpected or unexpected linked operation);
- If the type of the argument is not the one defined for the operation, request the transfer of a reject component using the TC-U-REJECT request primitive, with the appropriate problem code (mistyped parameter);
- if the operation cannot be invoked because the CAP related dialogue is about to be released, requests the transfer of the reject component using the TC-U-REJECT request primitive with the problem code (Initiating Release);
- if sufficient CAP related resources are not available to perform the requested operation, request the transfer of a reject component using the TC-U-REJECT request primitive with the problem code (Resource Limitation);
- Otherwise, accept the TC-INVOKE indication primitive. If the operation is to be user confirmed, TC-USER waits for the corresponding response.

### Operation Response

For user confirmed operations, TC-USER shall:

- If no error indication is included in the response to a class 1 or 3 operation, construct a result information element from the parameters received and request its transfer using the TC-RESULT-L service.
- If an error indication is included in the response to a class 1 or 2 operation, construct an error parameter from the parameters received and request its transfer using the TC-U-ERROR request primitive.

Receipt of a response

On receipt of a TC-RESULT-NL indication, TC-USER shall:

- Request the transfer of a reject component using the TC-U-REJECT request primitive, with the appropriate problem code (mistyped parameter).

On receipt of a TC-RESULT-L indication, TC-USER shall:

- if the type of the result parameter is not the one defined for the result of this operation, request the transfer of a reject component using the TC-U-REJECT request primitive, with the appropriate problem code (mistyped parameter);
- otherwise, accept the TC-RESULT-L indication primitive.

On receipt of a TC-U-ERROR indication, TC-USER shall:

- if the error code is not defined for the TC-USER or is not one associated with the operation referred to by the invoke ID, request the transfer of a reject component using the TC-U-REJECT request primitive, with the appropriate problem code (unrecognized error or unexpected error);
- if the type of the error parameter is not the one defined for this error, request the transfer of a reject component using the TC-U-REJECT request primitive, with the appropriate problem code (mistyped parameter);
- Otherwise, accept the TC-U-ERROR indication primitive.

On receipt of a TC-U-REJECT indication primitive which affects a pending operation, TC-USER shall:

- accept the TC-U-REJECT indication primitive.

On receipt of a TC-L-REJECT indicating "return result problem, return error unexpected", TC-USER shall inform the application process.

On receipt of a TC-L-REJECT indicating "return error problem, return error unexpected", TC-USER shall inform the application process.

This event occurs when the local TC detects a protocol error in an incoming component which affects an operation.

When the problem code indicates a general problem, it is considered that the event cannot be related to an active operation even if the invoke Id is provided by TC. This is because it is unclear whether the invoke Id refers to a local or remote invocation. The behaviour of TC-USER in such a case is described in the subclause headed "other events".

On receipt of a TC-L-CANCEL indication, the TC-USER shall:

- if the associated operation is a class 1 operation, inform the application process;
- if the associated operation is a class 2 operation and no linked operations are defined for this operation, ignore the primitive;
- if the associated operation is a class 2 operation and has linked operations but none of them has been invoked, inform the application process;
- if the associated operation is a class 2 operation and a linked operation invocation has already been received in response to this operation, ignore the primitive;
- if the associated operation is a class 3 operation, inform the application process;
- if the associated operation is a class 4 operation, ignore the primitive;

#### Other events

This subclause describes the behaviour of TC-USER on receipt of a component handling indication primitive which cannot be related to any operation or which does not affect a pending one.

On receipt of a TC-U-REJECT indication primitive which does not affect an active operation (i.e. indicating a return result or return error problem), it is up to the application process to abort, continue or terminate the dialogue, if not already terminated by the sending application process according to the rules as stated in subclause 12.1.2.1.2. This is also applicable for invoke problems related to a class 4 linked operation.

On receipt of a TC-R-REJECT indication (i.e. when a protocol error has been detected by the peer TC entity) which does not affect an active operation, it is up to the application process to abort, continue or terminate the dialogue, if not already terminated by the sending application process according to the rules as stated in subclause 12.1.2.1.2.

On receipt of a TC-L-REJECT indication primitive (i.e. when a protocol error has been detected by the local TC entity) which cannot be related to an active operation, it is up to the application process to continue, or to terminate the dialogue and implicitly trigger the transmission of the reject component or to abort the dialogue.

On receipt of a TC-NOTICE indication primitive, which informs the TC-USER that a message cannot be delivered by the Network Layer, it is for the application process to decide whether to terminate the dialogue or retry.

This primitive can only occur if the Return Option has been set (see subclause 12.1.1.3.6).

## 12.1.1.4.2 Mapping to TC component primitives

The mapping of parameters onto the TC Component services is as follows:

The TC-U-CANCEL service is not used.

The TC-RESULT-NL service is not used.

The use of parameters of the TC-INVOKE service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.4.3 with the following qualifications:

- The Operation parameter of the TC-INVOKE service shall contain the *operation.&operationCode* value of the CAP operation to be invoked. The operation must be one of the valid operations supported by the AC for the TC dialogue and must be invokable by the local AE.
- The Parameters parameter of the TC-INVOKE service shall contain a value of the *operation.&ArgumentType* value for the operation being invoked, as specified by the Operation parameter.

The use of parameters of the TC-RESULT-L service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.4.3 with the following qualifications:

- The Invoke Id parameter of the TC-RESULT-L service shall be set to the value of the Invoke Id parameter of the TC-INVOKE service from the remote AE to which a result is being sent.
- The Operation parameter of the TC-RESULT-L service be set to the value of the Operation parameter of the TC-INVOKE service from the remote AE which contains the same Invoke Id Parameter value.
- The Parameters parameter of the TC-RESULT-L service shall contain the *operation.&ResultType* value for the operation result, as specified by the Operation parameter.

The use of parameters of the TC-U-ERROR service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.4.3 with the following qualifications:

- The Invoke Id parameter of the TC-U-ERROR service shall be set to the value of the Invoke Id parameter of the TC-INVOKE service from the remote AE to which an error is being sent.
- The Error parameter of the TC-U-ERROR service shall be set to the value of the *error*. & *errorCode* of the error to be sent. It must be one of the errors which is expected for the invoked operation as defined in the *operation*. & *Errors* specification.
- The Parameters parameter of the TC-U-ERROR service shall be set to the value of the *error*. & *ParameterType* of the error to be sent, as identified by the Error parameter.

The use of parameters of the TC-U-REJECT service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.4.3 with the following qualifications:

- The Invoke Id parameter of the TC-U-REJECT service shall be set to the Invoke Id Parameter of the TC component service from the remote AE which is being rejected.

The use of parameters of the TC-L-CANCEL service is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.4.3.

### 12.1.1.4.3 Default mapping to TC component parameters

Invoke Id

This parameter is set by the sending application process. It represents the unique identity of an instance of an operation which is invoked by a AE within a specific TC dialogue. The TC dialogue is identified by the Dialogue Id parameter.

Linked Id

This parameter is set by the sending application process. It represents the Invoke Id of an operation which was received from the remote AE for a specific TC dialogue to which the operation being invoked by the local AE is to be linked. This parameter is only present if the original operation invoked by the remote AE is defined as having linked operations. The type of local operation invoked must be the same type as one of the operations defined as being linked.

Dialogue Id

The value of this parameter is associated with the CAP invocation in an implementation dependent manner. It represents the identity of the established TC dialogue which will carry the component services between the local AE and the remote AE.

Class

The value of this parameter is set according to the type of the operation to be invoked according to the operation definitions in clauses 6 through 8.

Time out

The value of this parameter is set according to the type of operation invoked.

Last component

This parameter is used as described in ETS 300 287-1 [6].

Problem code

This parameter is used as described in subclause 12.1.1.4.1.

Abort reason

This parameter is used by TC-USER, and attributes and coding are specified by network operator.

# 12.1.2 gsmSSF-gsmSCF interfaces

## 12.1.2.1 Normal procedures

### 12.1.2.1.1 gsmSSF-to-gsmSCF messages

This subclause defines the normal procedures for TC messages from the gsmSSF to the gsmSCF.

gsmSSF-FSM related messages

A dialogue shall be established when the gsmSSF-FSM moves from the state Idle to the state Waiting for Instructions. The InitialDP operation shall be transmitted in the same message.

The CAP operation InitialDP shall be sent with a TC-BEGIN request primitive.

For all other operations sent from the gsmSSF-FSM, the dialogue shall be maintained except for the following cases.

When the gsmSSF-FSM makes a non-error case state transition to the state Idle and there is one or more pending operation and TC dialogue is established, TC dialogue can be terminated by TC-END primitive with component(s). When the gsmSSF sends the last EventReportBCSM, ApplyChargingReport or CallInformationReport the dialogue may be ended from the gsmSSF by a TC-END request primitive with basic end.

In the case that there is no pending operation and TC dialogue is established, TC dialogue can be terminated by TC-END primitive with zero component or prearranged end. When the gsmSSF-FSM makes a non-error case state transition to the state Idle and there is no operation to be sent, the dialogue is ended by means of a TC-END request primitive (basic) with zero components, or the dialogue is locally ended by means of a TC-END request primitive with prearranged end.

In the case where a call release is initiated by any other entity than an gsmSCF, the gsmSSF can end a dialogue with a TC-END request primitive with zero component or prearranged end if a TC dialogue is established and the gsmSSF has no pending call information requests (or pending requests which should be treated in the same way, see subclause 12.1.1.1) nor any armed EDP.

When the gsmSSF has sent the last EventReportBCSM, ApplyChargingReport or CallInformationReport the dialogue may be ended from the gsmSCF by a TC-END request primitive with basic end.

Assisting gsmSSF FSM related messages

A dialogue shall be established when the Assisting gsmSSF-FSM moves from the state Idle to the state Waiting for Instructions. The AssistRequestInstructions operation shall be transmitted with a TC-BEGIN request primitive.

For all other operations sent from the Assisting gsmSSF-FSM, the dialogue shall be maintained except for the following cases.

When the Assisting gsmSSF-FSM makes a non-error case state transition to the state Idle and there is one or more pending operation and TC dialogue is established, TC dialogue can be terminated by TC-END primitive with component(s).

In the case that there is no pending operation and TC dialogue is established, TC dialogue can be terminated by TC-END primitive with zero component or prearranged end. When the Assisting gsmSSF-FSM makes a non-error case state transition to the state Idle and there is no operation to be sent, the dialogue is ended by means of a TC-END request primitive (basic) with zero components, or the dialogue is locally ended by means of a TC-END request primitive with prearranged end.

SSME-FSM related messages

The following procedures shall be followed:

- The dialogue shall be maintained when the ActivityTest Return Result is sent.

### 12.1.2.1.2 gsmSCF-to-gsmSSF messages

This subclause defines the normal procedures for TC messages from the gsmSCF to the gsmSSF.

SCSM-FSM related messages

A dialogue shall be established when the SCSM-FSM receives of InitialDP operation for TDP-R or AssistRequestInstructions operation.

For subsequent operations sent from the SCSM-FSM, the dialogue shall be maintained except for the following cases, i.e. all other operations are sent after a dialogue was established from the gsmSSF (the gsmSCF has previously received a TC-BEGIN indication primitive with an InitialDP operation or an AssistRequestInstructions operation).

The dialogue shall no longer be maintained when the prearranged end condition is met in the gsmSCF. When the gsmSCF does not expect any messages other than possibly REJECT or ERROR messages for the operations sent and when the last associated operation timer expires, the dialogue is locally ended by means of a TC-END request primitive with prearranged end.

Alternatively, the sending of operations, leading to the termination of the relationship, by means of a TC-END request primitive (basic end) is possible.

SCME-FSM related messages

The operations sent from the SCME-FSM shall be issued according to the following procedures:

- The dialogue shall be maintained when the ActivityTest operation is sent.
- For sending one or more CallGap operations, the SCME FSM shall use an existing SCSM FSM associated dialogue which was initiated by a gsmSSF-FSM (i.e. established for the transmission of the InitialDP operation). The dialogue shall be maintained.

## 12.1.2.1.3 gsmSSF/gprsSSF-to-gsmSCF SMS related messages

A dialogue shall be established when the gsmSSF/gprsSSF has finalised trigger processing and moves to the state Waiting for Instructions. The relevant CAP operation, which can only be the InitialDPSMS operation, shall be transmitted in the same message.

For all other operations sent from the gsmSSF/gprsSSF, the dialogue shall be maintained.

The dialogue shall no longer be maintained when the prearranged end condition is met in the gsmSSF/gprsSSF. When the gsmSSF/gprsSSF makes a state transition to the state Idle, the dialogue is locally ended by means of a TC-END request primitive with prearranged end.

When the gsmSSF/gprsSSF has sent the last EventReportSMS operation the dialogue may be ended from the gsmSCF by a TC-END request primitive with basic end. If the gsmSSF/gprsSSF decides to apply basic end, it shall send TC-END with zero components.

# 12.1.3 gsmSCF-to-gsmSSF/gprsSSF SMS related messages

All operations are sent after a dialogue was established from the gsmSSF/gprsSSF (the gsmSCF has previously received a TC-BEGIN indication primitive with an InitialSMSEvent operation).

The dialogue shall no longer be maintained when the prearranged end condition is met in the gsmSCF. When the gsmSCF does not expect any messages other than possibly REJECT or ERROR messages for the operations sent and when the last associated operation timer expires, the dialogue is locally ended by means of a TC-END request primitive with prearranged end.

Alternatively, the sending of operations, leading to the termination of the control relationship, by means of a TC-END request primitive (basic end) is possible.

## 12.1.3.1 Use of dialogue handling services

Dialogue handling services are used to trigger the sending of the APDUs associated with the operations involved in the CAP packages.

Component grouping is performed under the control of the application-process through an appropriate usage of the TC-BEGIN, TC-CONTINUE and TC-END service.

## 12.1.3.2 Abnormal procedures

The following procedures also apply to the gsmSCF-gsmSRF interfaces.

### 12.1.3.2.1 gsmSCF-to-gsmSSF/gsmSRF messages

Considering that gsmSSF and gsmSRF do not have the logic to recover from error cases detected on the gsmSCF-gsmSSF/gsmSRF interface, the following shall apply:

- Operation errors and rejection of TC components shall be transmitted to the gsmSSF and, respectively, the gsmSRF with a TC-END request primitive, basic end.

If, in violation of the above procedure, an ERROR or REJECT component is received with a TC-CONTINUE indication primitive, the gsmSSF and, respectively, the gsmSRF shall abort the dialogue with a TC-U-ABORT request primitive.

### 12.1.3.2.2 gsmSSF/gsmSRF/ -to-gsmSCF messages

Operation errors and rejection of TC components shall be transmitted to the gsmSCF according to the following rules:

- The dialogue shall be maintained when the preceding message, which contained the erroneous component, indicated that the dialogue shall be maintained. I.e. the error or reject shall be transmitted with a TC-CONTINUE request primitive if the erroneous component was received with a TC-CONTINUE indication primitive.
  - On receipt of an ERROR or REJECT component the gsmSCF decides on further processing. It may either continue, explicitly end or abort the dialogue.
- In all other situations the dialogue shall no longer be maintained. I.e. the error or reject shall be transmitted with a TC-END request primitive, basic end, if the erroneous component was received with a TC-BEGIN indication primitive.
- on expiration of application timer TSSF or TSRF, dialogue shall be terminated by means of by TC-U-ABORT primitive with an Abort reason, regardless of TC dialogue is established or not.

If the error processing in the gsmSSF/gsmSRF leads to the case where the gsmSSF/gsmSRF is not able to process further gsmSCF operations while the dialogue is to be maintained, the gsmSSF/gsmSRF aborts the dialogue with a

TC-END request primitive with basic end or a TC-U-ABORT request primitive, depending on whether any pending ERROR or REJECT component is to be sent or not.

The gsmSSF can end a dialogue with a TC-U-ABORT request primitive in case call release is initiated by any other entity then the gsmSCF and the gsmSSF has no pending call information requests (or pending requests which should be treated in the same way, i.e., ApplyCharging nor any armed EDP to notify the gsmSCF of the call release (for alternative way, see subclause 12.1.2.1.1).

# 12.1.4 gsmSCF-to-gsmSSF/gprsSSF SMS related messages

Considering that the gsmSSF/gprsSSF does not have the logic to recover from error cases detected on the gsmSCF-gsmSSF/gprsSSF interface, the following shall apply:

- operation errors and rejection of TC components shall be transmitted to the gsmSSF/gprsSSF with a TC-END request primitive, basic end.

If, in violation of the above procedure, an ERROR or REJECT component is received with a TC-CONTINUE indication primitive, the gsmSSF/gprsSSF shall abort the dialogue with a TC-U-ABORT request primitive.

# 12.1.5 gsmSSF/gprsSSF-to-gsmSCF SMS related messages

Operation errors and rejection of TC components shall be transmitted to the gsmSCF according to the following rules:

- the dialogue shall be maintained when the preceding message, which contained the erroneous component, indicated that the dialogue shall be maintained. I.e. the error or reject shall be transmitted with a TC-CONTINUE request primitive if the erroneous component was received with a TC-CONTINUE indication primitive;
- on receipt of an ERROR or REJECT component the gsmSCF decides on further processing. It may either continue, explicitly end or abort the dialogue;

If the error processing in the gsmSSF/gprsSSF leads to the case where the gsmSSF/gprsSSF is not able to process further gsmSCF operations while the dialogue is to be maintained, the gsmSSF/gprsSSF aborts the dialogue with a TC-U-ABORT request primitive.

The gsmSSF/gprsSSF aborts a dialogue with a TC-U-ABORT request primitive if release is initiated by any other entity than the gsmSCF and the gsmSSF/gprsSSF has no armed EDPs to notify the gsmSCF.

# 12.1.5.1 Use of dialogue handling services

On receipt of a TC-U-REJECT.ind in the FE, this primitive should be ignored. It is up to the application process to abort, continue or terminate the dialogue, if not already terminated by the sending application process according to the rules as stated in subclause 12.1.1.2. This is also applicable for invoke problems related to a class 4 linked operation.

A TC-U-REJECT.reg should be sent followed by a TC-CONTINUE.reg.

On receipt of a TC-R-REJECT.ind in the FE, this primitive should be ignored. It is up to the application process to abort, continue or terminate the dialogue, if not already terminated by the sending application process according to the rules as stated in subclause 12.1.1.2. This is also applicable for invoke problems related to a class 4 linked operation.

On receipt of a TC-L-REJECT indication primitive (i.e. when a protocol error has been detected by the local TC entity) which cannot be related to an active operation, it is up to the application process to continue or to terminate the dialogue and implicitly trigger the transmission of the reject component or to abort the dialogue.

On receipt of a TC-NOTICE indication the TC-USER is informed that a message cannot be delivered by the Network Layer. It occurs if the Return Option has been set (see subclause 12.1.1.3.7). It is for the application process to decide whether to terminate the dialogue or retry.

The application-process is the sole user of the TC-P-ABORT service and TC-NOTICE service.

The receipt of a TC-U-ABORT-Ind or TC-P-ABORT-Ind on a dialogue terminates all request processing.

# 12.1.5.2 Dialogue handling

### 12.1.5.2.1 Dialogue establishment

### 12.1.5.2.2 Dialogue continuation

## 12.1.5.2.3 Dialogue termination

12.1.5.2.4 User abort

#### 12.1.5.2.5 Provider abort

## 12.1.5.2.6 Mapping to TC dialogue primitives

The gsmSSF-gsmSCF IN services can be mapped onto TC services. This subclause defines the mapping of the gsmSSF-gsmSCF IN services onto the services of the TC dialogue handling services defined in ETS 300 287-1 [6].

- a) The TC-BEGIN service is used to invoke the operations of the gsmSCF-gsmSSF connection packages as defined in clause 6.
- b) The TC-CONTINUE service is used to report the success of the operations invoked in a TC-BEGIN service and to invoke or respond to any other operations.
- c) The TC-U-ABORT service is used to report the failure of operations of the connection packages as defined in clause 6.

The mapping of the parameters onto the TC-BEGIN primitive is defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.6 with the following qualifications:

- The AC Name parameter shall take the value of the application-context-name field of the cap3-sms-AC object if the initiating AE is a gsmSSF.

The mapping of the parameters onto the TC-CONTINUE primitive is defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.6.

The mapping of the parameters onto the TC-U-ABORT primitive is defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.6 with the following qualifications:

- The Application-Context-Name parameter shall be used as specified in ETS 300 287-1 [6]. When the responding AE refuses a dialogue because the application-context-name it receives is not supported, this parameter shall have the value of the application-context-name field of the cap3-sms-AC object if the responding AE is a gsmSCF.

The use of the parameters of the TC-END service is defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.6.

### 12.1.5.3 Component Handling

#### 12.1.5.3.1 Procedures for CAP operations

The CAP ASEs are users of the TC component handling services except for the TC-L-REJECT and TC-L-CANCEL services which are used by the application-process. Receipt of a TC-L-REJECT-Ind leads the application-process to abandon the dialogue (i.e. it issues a TC-U-ABORT-Request primitive).

The TC-U-CANCEL service is never used.

#### 12.1.5.3.2 Mapping to TC component parameters

The gsmSSF-gsmSCF IN ASE services are mapped onto the TC component handling services. The mapping of operations and errors onto TC services is defined in subclause 12.1.1.4.2 with the following qualifications:

The timeout parameter of the TC-INVOKE-Req primitives is set according to clause 6.

# 12.1.6 gsmSCF-gsmSRF interface

## 12.1.6.1 Normal procedures

### 12.1.6.1.1 SCF-to/from-gsmSRF messages

A dialogue is established when the gsmSRF sends an AssistRequestInstructions operation to the gsmSCF. For all other operations sent to/from the gsmSRF, the dialogue shall be maintained.

In the case that there is no pending operation and TC dialogue is established, TC dialogue can be terminated by TC-END primitive with zero component. When the SCSM makes a non-error case state transition to end user interaction and there is no operation to be sent, the dialogue is ended by means of a TC-END request primitive (basic) with zero components.

The dialogue shall no longer be maintained when sending the SpecialisedResourceReport operation for PlayAnnoucement with disconnection from the gsmSRF set to true or Return Result of the PromptAndCollectUserInformation with disconnection from the gsmSRF set to true with disconnection from the gsmSRF set to true. The dialogues is ended by means of a TC-END request primitive with basic end, and the one of above operations is transmitted with the same request.

Regardless of whether pending operation exists or not, when the SRSM-FSM is informed of the disconnection of bearer connection (in the case of gsmSCF initiated disconnection or call abandon from call party) and dialogue is established, the dialogue is ended by means of a TC-END request primitive (basic) with zero components or TC-END request primitive (prearranged end).

The dialogue shall no longer be maintained when the prearranged end condition is met in the gsmSRF. When the SRSM-FSM is informed the disconnection of bearer connection and TC dialogue is not established, TC dialogue is locally terminated by TC-END primitive with prearranged end.

When the gsmSCF does not expect any messages other than possibly REJECT or ERROR messages for the operations sent and when the last associated operation timer expires, the dialogue is locally ended by means of a TC-END request primitive with prearranged end. Alternatively, the sending of operations, leading to the termination of the relationship, by means of a TC-END request primitive (basic end) is possible.

In the relay case, the gsmSRF-gsmSCF relationship uses the gsmSSF-gsmSCF TC dialogue. This is possible, because begin and end of the gsmSRF-gsmSCF relationship are embedded in the gsmSSF-gsmSCF relationship. gsmSRF-gsmSCF information shall be exchanged with TC-CONTINUE request primitives.

### 12.1.6.1.2 Abnormal procedures

- 12.1.6.1.3 Dialogue handling
- 12.1.6.1.4 Dialogue establishment
- 12.1.6.1.5 Dialogue continuation
- 12.1.6.1.6 Dialogue termination
- 12.1.6.1.7 User abort
- 12.1.6.1.8 Provider abort

## 12.1.6.1.9 Mapping to TC dialogue primitives

The gsmSCF-gsmSRF IN services can be mapped onto TC services. This subclause defines the mapping of the gsmSCF-gsmSRF IN services onto the services of the TC dialogue handling services defined in ETS 300 287-1 [6].

a) The TC-BEGIN service is used to invoke the operations of the gsmSRF-gsmSCF connection packages as defined in clause 6.

- b) The TC-CONTINUE service is used to report the success of the operations invoked in a TC-BEGIN service and to invoke or respond to any other operations.
- c) The TC-U-ABORT service is used to report the failure of operation of the gsmSCF-gsmSRF operations packages as defined in clause 6.

The mapping of parameters onto the TC Dialogue services is as defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.6 with the following qualifications:

The mapping of the parameters onto the TC-BEGIN primitive is defined in subclause 12.1.1.3.6 with the following qualifications:

- The AC Name parameter shall take the value of the application-context-name field of the gsmSRF-gsmSCF-ac object.

# 12.1.6.2 Component handling

## 12.1.6.2.1 Procedures for CAP operations

## 12.1.6.2.2 Mapping to TC component parameters

The mapping of parameters for the TC component services is defined in subclause 12.1.1.4.2 with the following qualifications.

The Timeout Parameter of the TC-INVOKE service is set according to clauses 6.

# 12.1.7 gprsSSF-gsmSCF interface

## 12.1.7.1 Normal procedures

## 12.1.7.1.1 TC-dialogues and relationships

The GPRS dialogue can consist of multiple consecutive TC-dialogues. A GPRS dialogue is identified by a GPRS-ReferenceNumber consisting of the originationReference and the destinationReference. One GPRS-Reference is assigned by the SGSN and shall be unique within this SGSN. The other GPRS-Reference is assigned by the gsmSCF and shall be unique within this gsmSCF.

The *TC*-dialogues are closed and (re)opened whenever necessary.

## 12.1.7.1.2 Use of the GPRS Reference

For the use of CAP defined GPRS-ReferenceNumber, see also the ASN.1 notation in the subclause 8.1.

When the gprsSSF sends the first operation for a new GPRS dialogue (InitialDPGPRS), the gprsSSF shall include a GPRS-ReferenceNumber in the TC message. This GPRS-ReferenceNumber shall consist of the SGSN Process Id as originationReference, which is internally allocated by the gprsSSF. This number is used by the gprsSSF to associate an incoming TC message with an internal GPRS Process.

When the gsmSCF has received the InitialDPGPRS operation, it shall store the SGSN Process ID and allocate an SCF Process Id which is used by the gsmSCF to associate an incoming TC message with an internal SCF Process.

The SCP shall include the GPRS-ReferenceNumber in the first TC-CONTINUE message, SGSN Process Id in destinationReference and SCF Process Id in originationReference, returned to the gprsSSF.

When the gprsSSF receives the first TC message from the SCP for this GPRS dialogue, the gprsSSF shall store the SCP Process Id together with the SGSN Process Id.

From here onwards all the TC messages that open a new TC dialogue shall include the GPRS-ReferenceNumber consisting of the originationReference and the destinationReference to associate the internal process in the origination entity and the destination entity, respectively, until the end of the relationship between these processes.

For any TC-CONTINUE in the existing TC dialogue, transporting the GPRS-ReferenceNumber is not needed except for the first response after the InitialDPGPRS operation.

### 12.1.7.1.3 gprsSSF-to-gsmSCF messages

This subclause defines the normal procedures for TC messages from the gprsSSF to the gsmSCF.

gprsSSF-FSM related messages

A GPRS dialogue and a TC dialogue shall be established when the gprsSSF moves from the state Idle to the state Waiting for Instructions. The InitialDPGPRS operation shall be transmitted in the same TC message, i.e. TC-BEGIN. It shall contain the GPRS-Reference as assigned by the SGSN in the originationReference. The gprsSSF may intiate the subsequent TC dialogues for this GPRS dialogue with the following operations:

- ApplyChargingReportGPRS
- EntityReleasedGPRS
- EventReportGPRS

For the establishment of a new TC dialogue within the context of the current GPRS dialogue, the gprsSSF may apply one of the following mechanisms:

- (1) the gprsSSF shall memorise the gsmSCF address used in the first response message to the InitialDPGPRS and use it to open the new TC dialogue;
- (2) the gprsSSF shall use the gsmSCF address from GPRS-CSI to open the new TC dialogue.

The gsmSCF shall memorise the gprsSSF address received along with the InitialDPGPRS and use it for the opening of new TC dialogues within the context of the current GPRS dialogue.

The gsmSCF may open subsequent TC dialogues with the following CAP operations:

- ActivityTestGPRS;
- ApplyChargingGPRS;
- CancelGPRS;
- FurnishChargingInformationGPRS;
- ReleaseGPRS;
- RequestReportGPRSEvent;
- SendChargingInformationGPRS.

The CAP operation that opens a TC dialogue shall be sent with a TC-BEGIN request primitive. This message shall contain the GPRS-ReferenceNumber assigned by the sender of this message in the originationReference. If the operation opens a subsequent TC dialogue this message shall contain also the previously received destinationReference. If an operation opens a GPRS dialogue then the TC message reply shall contain the originationReference as assigned by the sender, i.e. the gsmSCF.

The TC dialogue shall be closed for the idle periods, i.e. when the gprsSSF moves from the Waiting for Instructions state to the Idle state, if the gprsSSF is in the Monitoring state and has received all replies or time-outs for the operations sent, after standalone operations of the SCF in Monitoring state if gprsSSF is not going to the Idle state (ActivityTestGPRS, ApplyChargingGPRS, CancelGPRS, FurnishChargingInformationGPRS, RequestReportGPRSEvent, SendChargingInformationGPRS), or at the end of a GPRS dialogue. Each TC dialogue shall be terminated by the gprsSSF using TC-END (basic end). The following operations can cause the end of the GPRS dialogue:

- ContinueGPRS;
- ConnectGPRS;
- ApplyChargingReportGPRS result;

- EntityReleasedGPRS rersult;
- EventReportGPRS (EDP-N) result;
- CancelGPRS;
- ReleaseGPRS;
- RequestReportGPRSEvent (disarming of DPs).

When the gprsSSF makes a non-error case state transition to the state Idle and there is one or more pending operation and TC dialogue is established, TC dialogue may be terminated by TC-END primitive with zero component(s) after all pending operations have been sent. When the gprsSSF sends the last EventReportGPRS, EntityReleasedGPRS or ApplyChargingReportGPRS, then after reception of the result or error, the GPRS dialogue may be ended from the gprsSSF by a TC-END request primitive with basic end.

In the case that there is no pending operation, result nor error, and TC dialogue is established, TC dialogue shall be terminated by a TC-END primitive with zero components.

In the case where a PDP context release or detach is initiated by any other entity than an gsmSCF, the gprsSSF shall end a GPRS dialogue with the EntityReleasedGPRS operation if the gprsSSF has no armed DP to report nor pending ApplyChargingReportGPRS which should reported.

In the case of overlapping dialogues for the same GPRS dialogue the gsmSCF opened TC dialogue is aborted by the gprsSSF with the abort reason overlapping-dialogue as specified in clause 5.7. This abort reason is used to indicate to the gsmSCF that a specific instance already has a TC dialogue open. It is typically obtained when both the gsmSCF and gprsSSF open a new dialogue at the same time. While the gprsSSF waits for a response to an operation sent in TC-BEGIN it may receive an operation from the gsmSCF in TC-BEGIN. In such cases the dialogue opened by the gprsSSF is maintained and the dialogue opened by the gsmSCF is aborted with this abort reason.

SSME-FSM related messages

The following procedures shall be followed:

- The TC dialogue shall be terminated by a TC-END primitive with zero components after the ActivityTestGPRS Return Result is sent.

## 12.1.7.1.4 gsmSCF-to-gprsSSF messages

This subclause defines the normal procedures for TC messages from the gsmSCF to the gprsSSF.

In the case of overlapping dialogues for the same relationship the gsmSCF opened dialogue is closed by the gprsSSF as specified in clause 5.7. The gsmSCF shall first respond normally to the operations sent by the gprsSSF, and then decide on the further actions.

SCME-FSM related messages

The operations sent from the SCME-FSM shall be issued according to the following procedures:

- A new subsequent TC dialogue is established when the ActivityTestGPRS operation is sent.

## 12.1.7.2 Abnormal procedures

#### 12.1.7.2.1 gsmSCF-to-gprsSSF messages

This subclause defines the abnormal procedures for TC messages from the gsmSCF to the gprsSSF.

Considering that gprsSSF do not have the logic to recover from error cases detected on the gsmSCF-gprsSSF interface, the following shall apply:

- Operation errors and rejection of TC components shall be transmitted to the gprsSSF with a TC-END request primitive, basic end.
- The GPRS dialogue shall be closed.

If, in violation of the above procedure, an ERROR or REJECT component is received with a TC-CONTINUE indication primitive, the gprsSSF shall abort the dialogue with a TC-U-ABORT request primitive.

### 12.1.7.2.2 gprsSSF-to-gsmSCF messages

This subclause defines the abnormal procedures for TC messages from the gprsSSF to the gsmSCF.

Operation errors and rejection of TC components shall be transmitted to the gsmSCF according to the following rules:

- The TC dialogue shall be maintained when the preceding message, which contained the erroneous component, indicated that the dialogue shall be maintained. I.e. the error or reject shall be transmitted with a TC-CONTINUE request primitive.
  - On receipt of an ERROR or REJECT component the gsmSCF decides on further processing. It may either continue, explicitly end or abort the TC dialogue. If the TC dialogue is closed due to such error, also GPRS dialogue shall be closed.
- On expiration of application timer T<sub>SSF</sub>, the TC dialogue shall be terminated by means of by TC-U-ABORT primitive with an Abort reason. The GPRS dialogue shall be closed.

If the error processing in the gprsSSF leads to the case where the gprsSSF is not able to process further gsmSCF operations while the TC dialogue is to be maintained, the gprsSSF aborts the TC dialogue with a TC-END request primitive with basic end or a TC-U-ABORT request primitive, depending on whether any pending ERROR or REJECT component is to be sent or not.

The gprsSSF can end a TC dialogue with a TC-U-ABORT request primitive in the following case:

- Any entity other than the gsmSCF initiates closure of the GPRS dialogue, and
- The gprsSSF has no pending reports, and
- The gprsSSF has no armed EDP to notify the gsmSCF that the GPRS dialogue has been closed.

For an alternative method, see subclause 12.1.7.1.1.

#### 12.1.7.2.3 Default GPRS Handling

If a TC dialogue is closed due to unrecoverable TC/protocol error (does not apply to the overlapping TC dialogues), or aborted by the gsmSCF, or at the Tssf expiry, then the gprsSSF shall check the applicable Default GPRS Handling parameter of the GPRS-CSI. In this context the applicable Default GPRS Handling is the one that corresponds the TDP that opened the GPRS dialogue. The same default handling shall apply to all state models that are controlled by the particular GPRS dialogue.

# 12.2 Services assumed from SCCP

This subclause describes the services required from the SCCP that may be used by the CAMELapplications for the CAMEL Application Part (CAP) used between the gsmSSF, assisting gsmSSF, gsmSRF,gprsSSF, and gsmSCF

The following SCCP revisions are supported by CAP version 3:

- Signalling Connection Control Part, Signalling System no. 7 CCITT ('Blue Book SCCP')
- Signalling Connection Control Part, Signalling System no. 7 ITU-T Recommendation Q.711 to Q.716 ('White Book SCCP')

NOTE: Support of White Book SCCP at the receiving side shall be mandated from 00:01hrs, 1st July 2002(UTC).

- ANSI T1.112-1996 [40]: "American National Standards for Telecommunications—Signalling System Number 7 (SS7) — Signalling Connection Control Part (SCCP)".

When CAP uses White Book SCCP to send a message, and SCCP segments the message into one or more XUDT messages, then the transmission of this message may fail.

Failure will occur when the destination SCCP, or any intermediate SCCP, does not support White Book SCCP.

Support of ANSI T1.112 SCCP applies only to PLMNs in North America. Interworking between a PLMN in North America and a PLMN outside North America will involve a STP to translate between ANSI SCCP and ITU-T/CCITT SCCP.

# 12.2.1 Normal procedures

The SCCP forms the link between the TC and the MTP and provides (in conjunction with the MTP) the network services for the CAMEL applications. The network services provided allow the signalling messages sent by the application to the lower layers to be successfully delivered to the peer application.

# 12.2.2 Service functions from SCCP

#### 12.2.2.1 SCCP connectionless services

The services described are those given in the SCCP ITU-T recommendations Q.711 to Q.716 should be consulted to identify possible interworking and compatibility issues between the different SCCP versions.

The following Connection-less services are expected from the SCCP:

- a) Network Addressing to enable signalling connections between SCCP users;
- b) Sequence Control to enable the SCCP users to invoke "sequence guaranteed" or "sequence not guaranteed" options for a given stream of messages to the same destination;
- c) Segmentation/reassembly of large user messages (only for 'White Book SCCP');
- d) Return Option to enable the SCCP users to invoke "discard message on error" or "return message on error" for a given message not able to be delivered by the SCCP to the destination SCCP user, due to routeing or segmentation/re-assembly failure;
- e) Congestion control.

The primitives used for the above services are given below.

The N-UNITDATA request and N-UNITDATA indication primitives are used to send and receive data. The parameters of these primitives include the Called and Calling Addresses, Sequence Control, Return Option and User Data with the addressing parameters always mandatory.

The N-NOTICE indication primitive is used to return undelivered data if return option is set and a routeing/segmentation error occurs.

# 12.2.2.1.1 Sub-System Number (SSN)

The use of SSN is a network operator option and values for intra-PLMN usage are network specific. A CAP SSN has been reserved for inter-PLMN use, as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [49].

# 12.2.2.1.2 Addressing

The addressing elements consist of information contained within the Calling and the Called Party Addresses which are sent by the application to the lower layers.

The application expects the SCCP to route messages by either (a) the use of the Destination Point Code (DPC) plus the Subsystem Number (SSN), or (b) the use of the GT plus optionally the SSN. The application also specifies to the lower layer whether to route the message on the DPC or the GT.

Method (a) above may be used when the application is aware of the destination point code and the destination SSN located at that point code to which the message is to be delivered. Within a national network different SSNs, according to ITU-T SCCP recommendation Q.713 [41], may be allocated for the different network specific applications, e.g. a SSN may be allocated for a gsmSCF functionality.

Method (b) above may be used when a message is to be delivered to a SCCP-user which can be identified by the combination of the elements within the GT. An example of the use of this method is when messages have to be

delivered between different networks. This method may be used since the originating network is unaware of the point code and SSN's allocations within the destination network. The network that determines the end-node to which the message is to be delivered has to perform a GT Translation to derive the destination Point Code and the SSN. If optionally the original address contained the SSN, then this may be used as the destination SSN, or the translation may, if required, provide an appropriate new SSN.

When GT is used for addressing, the CAMEL application expects that the SCCP supports the following elements as defined in ITU-T SCCP recommendation Q.713 [41]:

#### Address Indicator:

The application will set this indicator to indicate one or any combination of the elements "signalling point code, GT, subsystem number" in the address information octets.

#### GT Indicator:

This indicator specifies the method employed for the formatting of the address information. There are four values (1 to 4), for example, the value 4 indicates that the format includes the numbering plan, the nature of the address indicator and the translation type. The format with the indicator value 4 is always used for internetwork connections.

#### Translation Type:

The Translation Types are defined within ITU-T SCCP recommendation Q.713 [41].

#### Numbering Plan:

- 1) The *proposed* "generic numbering plan" is described within the ITU-T SCCP recommendation Q.713 [41]. This numbering plan identifies the SCCP nodes or SCCP subsystems unambiguously such that messages may be efficiently routed within one or more networks, and is particularly useful when used in the Calling Address for the sending of a response message back to the originating node. This is achieved by having an international and a national part in the generic numbering plan. For response messages the responding node analyses the international part of the generic numbering plan to determine the gateway node to which the response is to be routed. Having routed to the gateway node, the national part (which was populated within the originating network) is analysed to determine the originating node within the originating network.
- 2) A numbering plan which would define particular nodes based specifically on services is *outside the scope of CAMEL*.
- 3) The SCCP caters for a number of other numbering plans (e.g. ISDN, Mobile etc. numbering plans). The whole range catered for is shown in [2]. These may be used by CAMEL applications if deemed suitable.

#### Encoding Scheme:

This identifies the encoding scheme employed by the application and is generally BCD encoded with odd or even number of digits.

#### GT Address Information:

These are the actual address digits supplied by the application and may be BCD digits or encoded as indicated by the encoding scheme.

The network provider must ensure that any change of GT value during translation preserves any CAP specific information contained in the initial GT value.

This requirement applies to all interfaces, not just those used for internetworking.

If *route on SSN* is to be supported from the originating node then a ITU-T non-zero internationally standardized SSN is required for international internetworking.

In the absence of a ITU-T standardized non-zero SSN for CAP services, the use of *route on GT* is mandatory from the origin node to the network containing the destination node.

When the SCCP of CCITT Signalling System No. 7 is used, the format and coding of address parameters carried by the SCCP for that purpose shall comply with ITU-T Recommendation Q.713 [41] with the following restrictions:

#### 1) Intra-PLMN addressing

For communication between entities within the same PLMN, the use of SCCP addressing is network specific, and method (a) and (b) are both applicable.

#### 2) Inter-PLMN addressing

method (b) with the mandatory SSN is only applicable with the following format:

#### i) Called Party Address

- SSN indicator = a standardised SSN shall be used. The SSN used shall be that specified for CAP in 3GPP TS 23.003 [49];
- Point Code indicator = 0;
- Global title indicator = 0100 (Global title includes translation type, numbering plan, encoding scheme and nature of address indicator);
- Translation type = 0 (Not used);
- Routing indicator = 0 (Routing on global title);

The format is also described in the table 12-2 below (for NP=1, NAI=4):

**Table 12-2: Called Party Address format** 

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
0	RI = 0	GTI = 4 (010	00)			SSNI = 1	PCI = 0	Octet 1	
SSN	SSN = a value for CAP as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [49]								
Trans	slation type =	0						Octet 3	
Numl	bering plan =	1 (E.164)		Encoding so	cheme = 1 or	2		Octet 4	
0	Nature of a	ddress indicat	or = 4 (Interna	ational)		Octet 5			
Coun	try code digit	2 (if present)		Country cod	Octet 6				
Natio	nal Destination	on Code (NDC	) Digit 1	Country cod	Octet 7				
NDC	NDC digit 3 (if present)				NDC digit 2 (if present)				
NDC	NDC digit 5 (if present)				NDC digit 4 (if present)				
Equipment idntification digit 2				Equipment i	Octet 10				
	•		•						
filler :	= 0 (if needed	)		Equipment i	dntification di	git m		Octet n	

Note - Country code, National Destination Code, and SN (equipment id) are provided as example, so each digit may differ for each Inter-PLMN addressing case. (e.g., there is a case where only CC digit 1 shall be used). See ITU-T recommendation Q.713 [41] for translation rules.

#### ii) Calling Party Address

- SSN indicator = a standardised SSN shall be used. The SSN used shall be that specified for CAP in 3GPP TS 23.003[49];
- Point code indicator = 0;
- Global title indicator = 0100 (Global title includes translation type, numbering plan, encoding scheme and nature of address indicator);
- Translation type = 0 (Not used);
- Routing indicator = 0 (Routing on Global Title).

The format is also described in the table 12-3 below (for NP=1, NAI=4):

**Table 12-3: Calling Party Address format** 

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
0	RI = 0	GTI = 4				SSNI = 1	PCI = 0	Octet 1	
SSN	SSN = a value for CAP as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 [49]								
Trans	slation type =	0						Octet 3	
Numl	bering plan =	1 (E.164)		Encoding so	cheme = 1 or	2		Octet 4	
0	Nature of a	ddress indicat	or = 4 (Interna	ational)		Octet 5			
Coun	try code digit	2 (if present)		Country cod	Octet 6				
Natio	nal Destination	on Code (NDC	C) Digit 1	Country cod		Octet 7			
NDC	digit 3 (if pres	sent)		NDC digit 2		Octet 8			
NDC	NDC digit 5 (if present)				NDC digit 4 (if present)				
Equipment idntification digit 2				Equipment i	Octet 10				
filler :	= 0 (if needed	)		Equipment i	dntification di	git m		Octet n	

Note - Country code, National Destination Code, and SN (equipment id) are provided as example, so each digit may differ for each Inter-PLMN addressing case. (e.g., there is a case where only CC digit 1 shall be used). See ITU-T recommendation Q.713 [41] for translation rules.

When the SCCP of ANSI Signalling System No. 7 is used, the format and coding of address parameters carried by the SCCP for the purpose of signalling transfer shall comply with ANSI Recommendation T1.112 [40] with the following restrictions:

#### 1) Intra-PLMN addressing

For communication between entities within the same PLMN, the use of SCCP addressing is network specific.

#### 2) Inter-PLMN addressing

#### a) Called Party Address

- SSN indicator = a standardised SSN shall be used. The SSN used shall be that specified for CAP in 3GPP TS 23.003[49];
- Point Code indicator = 0;
- Global title indicator = 0010 (Global title includes translation type);
- the Translation Type (TT) field shall be coded according to the content of the address information as follows:

TT = 9 (decimal), if IMSI is included

TT = 14 (decimal), if MSISDN is included,

or TT = 10 (decimal), if a Network Element address is included. (If TT=10, then Number Portability is not applicable, if TT=14, then Number Portability is applicable)

- Routing indicator = 0 (Routing on global title);

# b) Calling Party Address

- SSN indicator = a standardised SSN shall be used. The SSN used shall be that specified for CAP in 3GPP TS 23.003[49];
- Point code indicator = 0;
- Global title indicator = 0010 (Global title includes translation type);
- the Translation Type (TT) field shall be coded according to the content of the address information as follows:

TT = 9 (decimal), if IMSI is included

TT = 14 (decimal), if MSISDN is included,

or TT = 10 (decimal), if a Network Element address is included. (If TT=10, then Number Portability is not applicable, if TT=14, then Number Portability is applicable)

- Routing indicator = 0 (Routing on Global Title).

#### 12.2.2.1.3 Sequence control

The application will specify whether SCCP protocol class 0 or 1 is required. Class 0 provides a basic connection-less service where the sequence of message delivery is not guaranteed. Class 1 connection-less service provides a guaranteed sequence delivery of messages (with the same called address) for a given stream of messages. Class 1 shall be requested by any application that can send more than 1 TC message to its peer (consecutive TR-CONTINUE) before receiving a response from its peer (TR-CONTINUE or TR-END).

On receipt of a TC-RESULT-NL indication, the TC-USER shall request the transfer of a reject component using TC-U-REJECT request primitive, with the appropriate problem code (mistyped parameter).

The return option may be used if requested by the application (Network Operator to determine).

#### 12.2.2.1.4 Return on error

Return on Error mechanism may be required by the CAMEL applications such that the application is aware of messages that have not been delivered to the destination by the SCCP. The return option allows the return of the message that was not delivered due to routeing or segmentation/re-assembly failure back to the issuing user. This return option may be required in all segments of a long message or only in the first segment by the CAMEL applications.

If the return option is invoked by the application and the message is not delivered then the SCCP specifies the "return reason" as specified in ITU-T SCCP recommendation Q.713 [41]. The N-NOTICE primitive is used to return the undelivered message to the originating user.

#### 12.2.2.1.5 Segmentation / reassembly

The application expects that since the SCCP can send up to 260 octets of user data (including the address information and TC-message) in a UDT message (248 octets in a XUDT message performing segmentation and congestion control), segmentation is available for long user messages.

Also the SCCP is expected to perform the reassembly function on received segmented messages and deliver the reassembled message to the user.

However, it should be noted that even though the theoretical maximum size of SCCP-user data and addresses that can be segmented by the SCCP is 3 968 octets, the SCCP-user would limit the length to about 2 560 octets to allow for the largest known addresses. Note that the application must also allow for the octets used for the TC-message in the 2 560 octets.

The CAMEL application does not expect the SCCP to segment the long message into more than 16 segments.

## 12.2.2.1.6 Congestion control

To help control of possible congestion that might occur in the lower layers the application may assign a value to indicate the importance of the message. The use of this parameter requires the use of SCCP (1997) ITU-T Recommendations.

Also there exist other congestion control mechanisms as indicated below in SCCP Management.

These congestion control methods are network operator option in case of intra-PLMN network signalling, and shall not be used in case of inter-PLMN network signalling.

#### 12.2.2.2 SCCP connection oriented services

The use by CAMEL applications for the Connection-oriented services is outside the scope of CAMEL.

# 12.2.2.3 SCCP management

The subsystems used within the CAMEL application expect the SCCP to provide management procedures to maintain network performance by re-routeing in the event of failure of a subsystem, and in case of network congestion by use of the congestion handling procedure. These procedures have appropriate interactions with the SCCP user as described in ITU-T SCCP recommendations Q.713 [41] and Q.714 [50].

To achieve the above the SCCP is expected to perform the following procedures:

- Signalling point status management (which include the signalling point prohibited, signalling point allowed, signalling point congested, and local MTP availability sub procedures).
- Subsystem status management (which include the subsystem prohibited, subsystem allowed, and subsystem status test sub procedures).
- Co-ordinated state change (a procedure which allows a duplicated subsystem to be withdrawn from service without affecting the performance of the network).

These SCCP management procedures are network operator option in case of intra-PLMN network signalling, and shall not be used in case of inter-PLMN network signalling.

# Annex A (normative): Mapping between CAP and ISUP

# A.1 InitialDP operation

Table A.1

ISUP message IAM (Note 1)	CAP operation InitialDP
Called party number	CalledPartyNumber
Calling party number	CallingPartyNumber
Calling party's category	CallingPartysCategory
Location number	LocationNumber
Original called number	OriginalCalledPartyID
User teleservice information (1 <sup>st</sup> priority)	HighLayerCompatibility
High layer compatibility IE contained in access transport (2 <sup>nd</sup> priority) (Note 2)  Generic number 'additional calling party number'  User service information prime (1 <sup>st</sup> priority)	AdditionalCallingPartyNumber BearerCapability
User service information (2 <sup>nd</sup> priority)	
Redirecting number	RedirectingPartyID
Redirection information	RedirectionInformation
Call diversion treatment indicators	ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo.Call diversion treatment indicators
Conference treatment indicators	ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo.Conference treatment indicators

NOTE 1: Optional parameters may be absent, i.e. they are only mapped, if these parameters are available at the DP.

NOTE 2: If two high layer compatibility information elements are contained in the access transport parameter, then the second information element, carrying the preferred HLC, is mapped to the CAP highLayerCompatibility parameter.

# A.2 ContinueWithArgument operation

Table A.2 illustrates the mapping of parameters received in the ContinueWithArgument operation to parameters sent in the ISUP IAM to the succeeding exchange. Parameters which were received in the IAM and are not replaced by parameters of the ContinueWithArgument operation are treated according to the normal procedures.

On sending of the IAM the awaiting address complete timer is started. If the timer expires the call is released in both directions and an appropriate indication is returned to the calling subscriber.

Table A.2

CAP operation ContinueWithArgument (Note 1)	ISUP message IAM
originalCalledPartyID	Original called number
callingPartysCategory	Calling party's category
redirectingPartyID	Redirecting number
redirectionInformation	Redirection information
genericNumbers	Generic number (Note 2)
serviceInteractionIndicatorTwo	See Table A.4
cug-Interlock	Closed user group interlock code
cug-OutgoingAccess	Optional forward call indicators (Note 3)

- NOTE 1: Optional parameters may be absent, i.e. they are only mapped, if received.
- NOTE 2: The set of generic numbers received in the generic Numbers parameter is mapped to the appropriate number of Generic Number parameters in the ISUP IAM. This shall be performed irrespective of the value of the screening indicator in the ISUP calling party number.
- NOTE 3: The cug-OutgoingAccess is mapped to the Closed User Group indicator which is carried in bits A & B of the Optional forward call indicators.

# A.3 Connect operation

On receipt of a Connect operation from the gsmSCF the called party number used for routing is derived from the destinationRoutingAddress (see Table A.3). If the triggering of the CAMEL service was made for a mobile terminating or forwarded call, an ISUP ACM shall be sent to the preceding exchange. The encoding of the backward call indicators in the ACM is specified in 3GPP TS 09.12 [51].

Table A.3 illustrates the mapping of parameters received in the Connect operation to parameters sent in the ISUP IAM to the succeeding exchange. Parameters which were received in the IAM and are not replaced by parameters of the Connect operation are treated according to the normal procedures.

On sending of the IAM the awaiting address complete timer is started. If the timer expires the call is released in both directions and an appropriate indication is returned to the calling subscriber.

ISUP message **CAP** operation Connect (Note 1) IAM destinationRoutingAddress Called party number originalCalledPartyID Original called number callingPartysCategory Calling party's category redirectingPartyID Redirecting number redirectionInformation Redirection information genericNumbers Generic number (Note 2) serviceInteractionIndicatorTwo See Table A.4 cug-Interlock Closed user group interlock code cug-OutgoingAccess Optional forward call indicators (Note 3)

Table A.3

- NOTE 1: Optional parameters may be absent, i.e. they are only mapped, if received.
- NOTE 2: The set of generic numbers received in the generic Numbers parameter is mapped to the appropriate number of Generic Number parameters in the ISUP IAM. This shall be performed irrespective of the value of the screening indicator in the ISUP calling party number.
- NOTE 3: The cug-Outgoing Access is mapped to the Closed User Group indicator which is carried in bits A & B of the Optional forward call indicators.
- Table A.4– Mapping of the CAP Connect and ContinueWithArgument operation serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo to ISUP

#### Table A.4

CAP	ISUP par	ameter in
ServiceInteractionIndicators	ACM/CPG/CON/ANM/REL	IAM
Call to be diverted indicator  - call diversion allowed  - call diversion not allowed		Call diversion treatment indicators parameter Call to be diverted indicator  – no indication  – call diversion allowed  – call diversion not allowed
Conference at DLE accept. ind.  - accept conference request  - reject conference request		Conference treatment indicators parameter Conference acceptance ind.  no indication accept conference request reject conference request
Calling party restriction indicator  - no IN impact - presentation restricted		Calling party number address presentation restricted indicator - no impact - presentation restricted
Conference at OLE accept. ind.  - accept conference request  - reject conference request	ACM/CPG/CON/ANM: Conference treatment indicators parameter Conference acceptance ind.  - no indication - accept conference request - reject conference request	
Call completion treatment indicator - accept CCBS service request - reject CCBS service request	REL, busy cause Diagnostig field - CCBS possible - CCBS not possible	
Connected number treatment indicator  - no IN impact  - presentation restricted  - present called IN number  - present called IN number restricted	Note 3	

#### NOTE 3:

If 'no IN impact' was received in the CAP serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo (connected number treatment indicator), then a connected number parameter and a generic number parameter 'additional connected number' are passed on unchanged.

If 'presentation restricted' was received in the CAP serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo, then

- a) If a connected number parameter has been received in the ANM or CON message, the address presentation restricted indicator is set to 'presentation restricted'.
- b) If a generic number parameter 'additional connected number' has been received in the ANM or CON message, the address presentation restricted indicator is set to 'presentation restricted'.
- c) If a redirection number parameter has been received, a redirection number restriction parameter is sent in the ANM message with bits AB set to 'presentation restricted'.

If 'present called IN number' was received in the CAP serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo, then

- a) If a connected number parameter has been received in the ANM or CON message, the connected number parameter is modified as follows:
  - nature of address indicator and numbering plan indicator are encoded as received in the called party number of the IAM message,

address presentation restricted indicator: 00 (presentation allowed),

address signals: as received in the called party number and possible subsequent number parameters, until the ACM message was sent.

- b) A generic number parameter 'additional connected number' is deleted from the message, if applicable,
- c) A redirection number parameter is deleted from the relevant messages, if applicable.

If 'present called IN number restricted' was received in the CAP serviceInteractionIndicatorsTwo, then

- a) If a connected number parameter has been received in the ANM or CON message, the connected number parameter is modified as follows:
  - nature of address indicator and numbering plan indicator are encoded as received in the called party number of the IAM message,
  - address presentation restricted indicator: 01 (presentation restricted),
  - address signals: as received in the called party number and possible subsequent number parameters, until the ACM message was sent.
- b) A generic number parameter 'additional connected number' is deleted from the message, if applicable,
- c) A redirection number parameter is deleted from the relevant messages, if applicable.

# A.4 AssistRequestInstructions operation

If an IAM is received at an assisting SSP containing a gsmSSF or an IP containing a gsmSRF then an AssistRequestInstructions operation is sent to the gsmSCF. The correlationID parameter in the AssistRequestInstructions operation can contain:

- a) the CorrelationID digits extracted from the IAM Called Party Number,
- b) the whole Called Party Number received in the ISUP IAM (CorrelationID digits extracted at gsmSCF),
- c) the contents of the ISUP IAM CorrelationID parameter

In the case where the gsmSCF and the assisting gsmSSF are both in the HPLMN and ISUP 97 is supported then any of these mechanisms may be used.

In the case where the gsmSCF and the assisting gsmSSF are both in the HPLMN and ISUP 97 is not supported then mechanisms a) and b) may be used.

In the case where the gsmSCF is in the HPLMN and the assisting gsmSSF is in the VPLMN then only mechanism b) may be used when an all-ISUP 97 signalling path cannot be guaranteed. Mechanism a) may be used if bilateral agreements on the format of the information transferred in the ISUP IAM Called Party Number are defined between the HPLMN and VPLMN.

In the case where the gsmSCF is in the HPLMN and the assisting gsmSSF is in the VPLMN then mechanism c) only may be used if an all-ISUP 97 signalling path can be guaranteed between the HPLMN and the VPLMN.

# A.5 ConnectToResource operation

On receipt of a ConnectToResource operation from the gsmSCF the the IP is connected to the incoming call, to facilitate User Interactive dialogue with the user.

If the User Interactive dialogue is to be performed at a forwarding MSC or GMSC then an ACM message shall be sent to the preceding exchange. The encoding of the backward call indicators in the ACM is specified in 3GPP TS 09.12 [51], with the Optional Backward Call Indicators indicating 'in-band information or an appropriate pattern is now available'.

If the User Interactive dialogue is to be performed at a forwarding MSC or GMSC then when the IP indicates through-connection and the ConnectToResource operation indicates that a bothway throughconnection is required an ANM message shall be sent to the preceding exchange if answer has not previously been sent. As a network operator/equipment vendor option a CPG message may be sent if ANM has already been sent.

# A.6 EstablishTemporaryConnection operation

On receipt of an EstablishTemporaryConnection operation from the gsmSCF then if the triggering of the CAMEL service was made for a mobile terminating or forwarded call an ACM message shall be sent to the preceding exchange. The encoding of the backward call indicators in the ACM is specified in 3GPP TS 09.12 [51]. In addition, an ISUP IAM shall be sent to the succeeding exchange.

Table A.5 illustrates the mapping of parameters received in the EstablishTemporaryConnection operation to parameters sent in the IAM message to the succeeding exchange. On sending of the IAM the awaiting address complete timer is started. If the timer expires the call is released in both directions and an appropriate indication is returned to the calling subscriber.

Table A.5

CAP operation	ISUP message
EstablishTemporaryConnection (Note 1)	IAM
assistingSSPIPRoutingAddress	Called party number
CorrelationID	Correlation id (note 1)
Scfld	GsmSCF id (note 1)

- NOTE 1: These optional parameters may be absent, i.e. they are only mapped, if received. If they are received and cannot be mapped then an error is sent to the gsmSCF as detailed in clause 11.
- NOTE 2: The AssistingSSPIPRoutingAddress parameter may also include a Hex B digit, in order to delineate the boundary between digits used for routing and digits forming part of the SCFiD and/or CorrelationID.

Except for the Called Party Number the remaining mandatory IAM parameters are set as follows:

a) Nature of connection indicators

Satellite indicator: set as in an Originating MSC,
Continuity check indicator: set as in Originating MSC,
Echo control device indicator: set as in Originating MSC

b) Forward Call Indicators

National/international call indicator: set as in Originating MSC,

End-to-end method indicator: 00 (no end-to-end method available), Interworking indicator: 0 (no interworking encountered),

End-to-end information indicator: 0 (no end-to-end information available),
ISDN User Part indicator: 1 (ISDN User Part used all the way),
ISDN User Part preference indicator: 00 (ISDN User Part preferred all the way),

ISDN access indicator: 0 (originating access non-ISDN),

15DIV access findicator. 0 (originating access non-

SCCP method indicator:
c) Calling Party's Category

00001010 (ordinary subscriber)d) Transmission Medium Requirement 00000011 (3.1 kHz audio)

The ISUP IAM optional parameter Propagation Delay Counter is set as in an Originating MSC

00 (no indication)

# A.7 ReleaseCall operation

Upon receipt of the ReleaseCall operation, the GMSC/gsmSSF (VMSC/gsmSSF) sends REL messages in both directions. The cause indicators parameter contains the releaseCallArg parameter of the ReleaseCall operation.

# Annex B (informative): Change history

	Change history						
TSG CN#	Version	CR	Tdoc CN	New Version	Subject/Comment		
Jun 1999	7.0.0	-			Transferred to 3GPP CN2		
CN#04			115 00 151	3.0.0			
CN#06	3.0.0	013	NP-99471	3.2.0	Approved at TSGN#06		
CN#07	3.2.0	015r5	NP-000161	3.3.0	Introduction of call gapping		
CN#07	3.2.0	018r3	NP-000161	3.3.0	GPRS TCAP dialogues		
CN#07 CN#07	3.2.0	034r3 038r2	NP-000161 NP-000161	3.3.0	CCBS & CLI presentat indicators		
CN#07	3.2.0 3.2.0	03612 042r1	NP-000161	3.3.0 3.3.0	Addition of Connected number treatment indicator  Editorial changes to clause 2-9		
CN#07	3.2.0	04211 043r1	NP-000161	3.3.0	Editorial changes to clause 2-9  Editorial changes to clause 10		
CN#07	3.2.0	044r1	NP-000161	3.3.0	Editorial changes to clause 10		
CN#07	3.2.0	045r1	NP-000161	3.3.0	Editorial changes to clause 12		
CN#07	3.2.0	048r2	NP-000161	3.3.0	Transfer of destination address to gsmSCF		
CN#07	3.2.0	052r1	NP-000161	3.3.0	Clarification on CUG handling and syntactical error correction on ASN.1		
CN#07	3.2.0	053	NP-000161	3.3.0	Correction of GPRS session description		
CN#07	3.2.0	056r1	NP-000161	3.3.0	Increasing the parameter constants		
CN#07	3.2.0	057r1	NP-000161	3.3.0	Clarification of CUG handling		
CN#08	3.3.0	062	NP-000251	3.4.0	Clarification of collectedDigits parameter		
CN#08	3.3.0	064	NP-000251	3.4.0	SII2 CCBS treatment indicator default		
CN#08	3.3.0	065	NP-000251	3.4.0	Remove of SII2 frw CCBS treatment ind		
CN#08	3.3.0	066	NP-000251	3.4.0	Correction to Normative References		
CN#08	3.3.0	067r1	NP-000251	3.4.0	Alignment of PDP address according to [29.060]		
CN#08	3.3.0	068	NP-000251	3.4.0	Detailed specification of the Control Relationship for the ApplyChargingGPRS procedure.		
CN#08	3.3.0	069r4	NP-000251	3.4.0	Various corrections and updates for 29.078		
CN#08	3.3.0	071	NP-000251	3.4.0	Maximum length of cause parameter		
CN#08	3.3.0	071	NP-000251	3.4.0	Maximum length of CAMEL call result		
CN#08	3.3.0	072	NP-000231	3.4.0	removal of the SII2 Connected Number TreatmentIndicatorDefault		
CN#08	3.3.0	076r1	NP-000249	3.4.0	Value  Correction of CAP Object Identifiers		
CN#08	3.3.0	077r1	NP-000249	3.4.0	Correction of GPRS operation Procedures		
CN#08	3.3.0	078	NP-000249	3.4.0	Correction on Quality of Service (GPRS)		
CN#08	3.3.0	079	NP-000249	3.4.0	Clean-up the Monitoring state User Interaction		
CN#08	3.3.0	080r1	NP-000249	3.4.0	GPRS Charging ID Type Definition		
CN#08	3.3.0	081r2	NP-000249	3.4.0	GPRS AC/ACR procedure description		
CN#08	3.3.0	083	NP-000249	3.4.0	Removal of ActivityTestSMS operation		
CN#08	3.3.0	084r1	NP-000249	3.4.0	PDPid in the EntityReleasedGPRS operation		
CN#08	3.3.0	085r1	NP-000249	3.4.0	Specification of segmented GPRS Dialogues		
CN#08	3.3.0	086	NP-000250	3.4.0	Reset Timer GPRS		
CN#08	3.3.0	087r3	NP-000280	3.4.0	Introduction of GPRS reference in TCAP dialogue portion		
CN#08	3.3.0	880	NP-000250	3.4.0	Corrections to MO-SMS		
CN#08	3.3.0	089	NP-000250	3.4.0	Corrections to Common CAP types		
CN#08	3.3.0	090	NP-000250	3.4.0	Corrections to CAP for circuit switched calls		
CN#08	3.3.0	091r1	NP-000250	3.4.0	Corrections to CAP for GPRS		
CN#08 CN#08	3.3.0	092r2 094r1	NP-000251 NP-000250	3.4.0	Module IMPORT references General enhancements of GPRS Event Specific Information		
CN#08	3.3.0 3.3.0	094r1 096r2	NP-000250 NP-000242	3.4.0	Clarification of encoding of CollectedDigits		
CN#08	3.3.0	09612 097r1	NP-000242 NP-000250	3.4.0	Two changes in the class		
CN#08	3.3.0	09711	NP-000250	3.4.0	Addition of Location Information to Initial DP GPRS		
-	3.4.0	-	-	3.4.1	Headers corrected by MCC to remove "(DRAFT)" and eliminate erroneous "History" Clause		
CN#09	3.4.1	099r3	NP-000459	3.5.0	Indication of Network requested PDP Context in Initial DP GPRS message		
CN#09	3.4.1	101	NP-000458	3.5.0	CAP-GPRS-ReferenceNumber ASN.1 correction		
CN#09	3.4.1	102	NP-000458	3.5.0	Removal of duplicate SGSN address/number from IDP-GPRS		
CN#09	3.4.1	103r2	NP-000458	3.5.0	Comments on 'Introduction of GPRS reference in TCAP dialogue portion'		
CN#09	3.4.1	104r1	NP-000458	3.5.0	Revised GPRS TCAP reference in TCAP dialogue portion		
CN#09	3.4.1	106r3	NP-000458	3.5.0	Alignment of 29.078 for location info GPRS		
CN#09	3.4.1	108	NP-000458	3.5.0	Move of processing rules for GPRS context.		
CN#09	3.4.1	109	NP-000458	3.5.0	Correction to GPRS CONTRACT		
CN#09	3.4.1	111r1	NP-000458	3.5.0	Replacing 'NetworkSpecificBoundSet' by CapSpecificBoundSet'		

				Ch	ange history
TSG CN#	Version	CR	Tdoc CN	New Version	Subject/Comment
CN#09	3.4.1	112r1	NP-000458	3.5.0	Renumbering of GPRS specific Error codes
CN#09	3.4.1	113	NP-000458	3.5.0	Correction of CAMEL-SCIBillingChargingCharacteristics
CN#09 CN#09	3.4.1 3.4.1	114r1 115r1	NP-000458 NP-000458	3.5.0 3.5.0	Clarification on GPRS dialogue handling in case of TC error/abort GPRS location information in GPRSEventSpecificInformation
CN#09 CN#09	3.4.1	116r1	NP-000458	3.5.0	Corrections on cause definitions
CN#10	3.5.0	118r3	NP-000715	3.6.0	Correction on CAMEL CF and OR
CN#10	3.5.0	119	NP-000715	3.6.0	Correction of Cause and GPRSCause
CN#10	3.5.0	121r1	NP-000715	3.6.0	Correction to CAP3 GPRS-cause
CN#10	3.5.0	122r2	NP-000715	3.6.0	CAMEL3 removal of duplicate RAI
CN#10 CN#10	3.5.0 3.5.0	124r2 125r1	NP-000741 NP-000715	3.6.0 3.6.0	Corrections to ASN.1 error Corrections of the stage 3 inconsistences
CN#10 CN#10	3.5.0	126	NP-000715 NP-000715	3.6.0	"ElapsedTime" ASN.1 Type Correction (in ACR-GPRS)
CN#10	3.5.0	127r1	NP-000715	3.6.0	CAMEL3 ASN.1 reserved word "ms" replacement by "mobile"
CN#10	3.5.0	128r3	NP-000715	3.6.0	Correction of Apply Charging Report parameter definition
CN#10	3.5.0	130r1	NP-000715	3.6.0	Addition of a parameter to indicate the SAI
CN#10	3.5.0	131	NP-000715	3.6.0	Correction of Apply Charging Report GPRS definition
CN#10	3.5.0	135r1	NP-000715	3.6.0	Introduction of GGSN Address
CN#10 CN#11	3.5.0 3.6.0	136r1 137r2	NP-000715 NP-010057	3.6.0 3.7.0	Introduction of ellipsis for GPRS CAPv3  Clarification on APN usage in the ConnectGPRS operation
CN#11	3.6.0	138r1	NP-010057	3.7.0	Inconsistency between InitialDPGPRS procedure and generic
	0.0.0		0.000.	0.1.10	GPRS procedure
CN#11	3.6.0	139r2	NP-010057	3.7.0	Hand-over indication for GPRS
CN#11	3.6.0	140r1	NP-010057	3.7.0	Description of Entity Released GPRS
CN#11	3.6.0	141r1	NP-010057	3.7.0	Correction to description of 'O-CSI Applicable' parameter
CN#11 CN#11	3.6.0 3.6.0	142r1 143r2	NP-010057 NP-010057	3.7.0 3.7.0	Correction to LocationInformationGPRS  No Volume charging on GPRS Session (clarifying text)
CN#11	3.6.0	145r1	NP-010057	3.7.0	Correction to MO-SMS
CN#11	3.6.0	147r1	NP-010057	3.7.0	Correction on GPRS related operation
CN#11	3.6.0	148r1	NP-010057	3.7.0	Correction to MSNetwork Capability parameter length
CN#11	3.6.0	149	NP-010057	3.7.0	Definition of the geographicalInformation parameter coding
CN#11	3.6.0	151	NP-010057	3.7.0	Removal of duplicate description in CWA
CN#12 CN#12	3.7.0 3.7.0	155r3 157r1	NP-010311 NP-010311	3.8.0 3.8.0	Contradiction and inconsistency among descriptions on SMS  Correction to ACR-GPRS procedure description
CN#12	3.7.0	159r1	NP-010311	3.8.0	Correction on the usage of SII2 parameter in CAP
CN#12	3.7.0	160r1	NP-010311	3.8.0	Correction to state transition for Assisting gsmSSF
CN#12	3.7.0	161r1	NP-010312	3.8.0	Correction to IMPORT statements
CN#12	3.7.0	162r3	NP-010312	3.8.0	ASN.1 syntax correction
CN#12	3.7.0	164r2	NP-010312	3.8.0	Correction of the MAXIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING value
CN#12 CN#12	3.7.0 3.7.0	166r1 168r1	NP-010312 NP-010313	3.8.0	Correction of the gprsSSF error handling Clarification of the TC dialogue termination
CN#12	3.7.0	170r1	NP-010313	3.8.0	The termination of the dialogue is not clear after ActivityTestGPRS
					Return Result.
CN#12	3.7.0	172r1	NP-010313	3.8.0	(rev 343) Alignement the 29.078 on the 23.078
CN#12	3.7.0	174r1	NP-010313	3.8.0	Setting of End User Address Spare Bits
CN#12	3.7.0	187r1	NP-010354	3.8.0	Correction for the CAMEL3 ACR-GPRS parameter range problem (roll-over)
CN#13	3.8.0	192r1	NP-010448	3.9.0	Corrections to ASN.1syntax
CN#13	3.8.0	198r1	NP-010448	3.9.0	Using gsmSCF address from GPRS-CSI for re-establishing TC
					dialogues
CN#14	3.9.0	202	NP-010584	3.10.0	Correction of the MAXIMUM-FOR-FCI-BILLING-CHARGING value
CN#14 CN#14	3.9.0 3.9.0	204r1 206r2	NP-010584 NP-010584	3.10.0 3.10.0	Correction of the MAXIMUM-FOR-SCI-BILLING-CHARGING value Precision about default values for ServiceInteractionIndicatorsTwo
CIN#14	3.3.0	20012	NF-010304	3.10.0	parameters
CN#14	3.9.0	207	NP-010584	3.10.0	Encoding of the InitialDPGPRS ChargingID parameter
CN#14	3.9.0	209r1	NP-010584	3.10.0	Introduction of SMS Reference Number
CN#14	3.9.0	212	NP-010589	3.10.0	ApplyCharging shall be allowed in a control relationship only
CN#14	3.9.0	213	NP-010589	3.10.0	Correction to IMPORT statements
CN#14 CN#14	3.9.0 3.9.0.	215r1 216r1	NP-010589 NP-010589	3.10.0 3.10.0	Correction to preconditions for ActivityTestGPRS  Correction to error handling description for Initial DP operations
CN#14	3.9.0	217r1	NP-010662	3.10.0	Correction to references for the encoding of APN
CN#14	3.9.0	218r1	NP-010662	3.10.0	The use of "White TCAP" shall be mandated for CAP
CN#14	3.9.0	227	NP-010662	3.10.0	Correction to precondition of ContinueWithArgument
CN#14	3.9.0	214	NP-010663	3.10.0	Correction to reference for the encoding of Called Party Number
CN#14	3.9.0	221	NP-010664	3.10.0	Correction to GPRS parameters encoding
CN#15	3.10.0	232r2	NP-020056	3.11.0	Clarification on national values of the Called Party Number's Nature of Address field
CN#15	3.10.0	233r1	NP-020056	3.11.0	Error handling for sequential TCAP Operation components
CN#15	3.10.0	234r3	NP-020056	3.11.0	Correction to GPRS operation error handling

	Change history							
TSG CN#	Version	CR	Tdoc CN	New Version	Subject/Comment			
CN#15	3.10.0	237r1	NP-020056	3.11.0	Mapping of CUG information from CAP to ISUP			

# History

	Document history						
V3.2.0	January 2000	Publication					
V3.3.0	March 2000	Publication					
V3.4.1	July 2000	Publication					
V3.5.0	September 2000	Publication					
V3.6.0	December 2000	Publication					
V3.7.0	March 2001	Publication					
V3.8.0	June 2001	Publication					
V3.9.0	September 2001	Publication					
V3.10.0	December 2001	Publication					
V3.11.0	March 2002	Publication					